

GETTYSBURG BOYS IN BAD ACCIDENT

Leo Diehl Unconscious for Many Hours after Motorcycle Struck Automobile.

HAPPENED ON OILED ROAD

Companion Has Arm Sewed up, Eight Stitches being Required. Diehl's Parents Summoned.

Leo A. Diehl and Gomer Sharpe, of Stratton street, met with an accident Sunday when they were riding along the Co. castle road, near Marion, on a motorcycle. Their motor side-wiped an automobile, driven by George Deardorff, and ran almost 100 feet after striking the car before the riders fell to the ground.

Diehl was the more seriously hurt and is now in the Chambersburg hospital, reported to be critically ill. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Diehl, were summoned this morning. Sharpe escaped with a few minor bruises and an arm cut so badly that eight stitches were required to close the wound. He was able to return to his home in Gettysburg Sunday evening. Diehl was badly hurt about the head and this afternoon was still unconscious. It is not believed that any bones are broken.

The accident occurred near the home of William Hege, north of Marion, about 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Deardorff, with his wife and son, were driving along about 15 miles an hour, going in the direction of Greencastle. He was closely watching the highway on account of the recent application of oil and did not see the motorcycle approach. He was driving with one side of his car on the dry portion of the highway but the men had sufficient room to pass, as the highway is unusually wide at this point.

Deardorff said that the men were riding very rapidly and did not strike the car fair, but side-wiped it and rode on until they toppled over, about 100 feet from the point of the accident. Deardorff stopped his car and went to the assistance of the young men. A passing autoist summoned Dr. T. H. Weagley, of Marion, who after examining the young men had them removed to the hospital for further treatment.

Deardorff is a well-known farmer, residing near Marion.

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The finding of the crutch and the cane recalled to a number of persons in town and nearby the presence of a tramp about two months ago. He was seen in Gettysburg by a number and was allowed by Mr. Keckler, who resides north of town, to sleep in his barn one night, likely the night before he took his life.

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Jerry Aldinger, of Wolf's church, who was in the third machine and about 400 yards behind, saw the danger and he threw on all his light, stopped his machine with a jolt and yelled at the top of his voice to warn the others. He was too late, however, for the train struck Stambaugh's machine, threw it up in the air as high as the engine, and it turned over twice before it landed upside down. Aldinger's machine stopped so suddenly that the jolt threw Mrs. Aldinger out through the windshield. She was not seriously injured, however. Aldinger busied himself looking for the men who he supposed had been killed.

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Deciding that this year's teachers' institute shall be held in Xavier Hall, that a field and play day to include all the schools of the county shall be held during the year, and that there shall be special activity in literary and debating contest lines, a committee of about twenty Adams County teachers held a most important meeting Saturday afternoon with County Superintendent Roth.

Institute week will be held from November 10-23. The teachers approved of the engagement of the following day speakers: Dr. C. C. Ellis, of Juniata College, Huntington, general subject, "Pedagogy"; Dr. Frank Green, of West Chester, subject, "English"; Dr. Byron W. King, of Pittsburg; Dr. Ezra Lehman, of Shippensburg. A representative of the Palmer penmanship system will be present and will give the teachers several drills during the week.

The evening entertainment course will consist of the following: lecture by Dr. King on Monday evening; entertainment by the Hawkeye Male Quartet on Tuesday; the John Thomas Singing Company in "The Village Doctor", Wednesday; and Pitt Park-er, chalk talker, on Thursday.

The field and play day promises to be one of the best events which the public schools of the county have staged. It will be held either the latter part of April or the beginning of May on the college athletic grounds and will consist of all sorts of races, and competitive games. Schools from many parts of the county are expected to send their contestants, and there will be plenty of opportunity for play for those who do not wish to compete in the more vigorous forms of fun.

It is planned to have a literary contest among the pupils of the county on the forenoon of the same day and the various buildings and rooms at the college have been offered for this purpose. The contest will include many studies and subjects. Teachers, parents, and pupils will bring their lunches and spend the day.

At Saturday's meeting it was decided to enter actively into the debating field this year. A series of contests will be held among teams from the county schools during the winter, and the best two will meet at Gettysburg in March to select a team to represent the county. This team will go to Harrisburg in April for the district contest, and the winner there will be entitled to compete at State College for the State championship in May. A number of coaches took up this idea last year with great success, and the teachers at Saturday's meeting determined to push forward the plans for this year with all diligence.

It was decided that the penmanship prizes of \$25, which had been offered to be awarded at Institute should be held until the end of the year in order to give more an opportunity to compete.

TEACHER RESIGNS

And Place is Filled by Young Woman from Maryland.

John A. Halter, teacher of the Pine Grove School in Union township, has resigned on account of ill health, and his place has been filled by the election of Miss Wolf, of Silver Run.

ONLY 20 dozen ladies' vests and pants at 50 cents. After this lot, if any can be had, they will be 75 cents. G. W. Weaver & Son.—advertisement

STILL about four hundred bushels apples, mostly good keeping winter apples for sale at Woodside Farm. Wm. B. McIlhenny. United phone.—advertisement

FARM for rent one mile from Gettysburg on Harrisburg Road. Inquire J. W. McIlhenny.—advertisement

LARGE SHIPMENT of latest and newest fiction has been received at People's Drug Store.—advertisement

TWO GAMES

Expect to See Fast Basket Ball in Xavier Hall.

Two very promising basket ball games will be held at Xavier Hall this evening. G Company, of the Fourth, will attempt a "come back" with G Company, of the Seventh, who defeated them by a narrow margin a few nights ago. The second game will be between the Officers of the Sixth and the Motor Ambulance Company. With the officers will appear R. M. McCurdy, who for two years was the sensation of the Chicago University five, and the famous "Chick" Evans. The Motor Ambulance team will be composed of college and professional stars.

The first game will start at 7:15. Clarence Manion, K. of C. war camp representative, will officiate at both contests.

ANOTHER DRIVE

Objectives Gained in this Joint Allied Assault.

(By Cable) London, Oct. 22.—Field Marshal Haig to-day announced a combined French and British offensive in the Ypres-Staden region.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The official statement declares that all objectives were gained over a front of 1000 yards in an advance of the British and French to-day.

ONE RAILROAD QUILTS

Coal too Scarce to Continue Carrying Passengers.

(By Telegraph) Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—The Iron-ton Railroad, operating a short line in Eastern Pennsylvania's state, belt, notified the Public Service Commission to-day that they would have to discontinue the carrying of passengers after November first on account of the scarcity of coal, and the increased wage demands. It is the first railroad in Pennsylvania to take such action.

IN GREAT DISTRESS

American Red Cross Mission on its Way Home.

(By Cable) Rome, Oct. 22.—Fifty thousand Serbians are dying and many thousands more are in a serious condition from insufficient rations in the Monastir District alone, the American Red Cross Mission reported here to-day on its way to America. Thirty five villages have been destroyed in the Monastir section alone.

MORE CASUALTIES

Antilles Official List Shows Sixty Seven Dead.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22.—The Committee on Public Information issued its second casualty list from the Antilles sinking, showing 67 lives lost. One of the non-commissioned officers named as missing is K. L. Faust, of Stonely Creek Mills, Pa. Another is H. A. Cummins, of Kansas.

MORE GERMAN PLANES

To Meet Great American Fleet Expected in Spring.

(By Cable) Paris, Oct. 22.—German prisoners here say that their country is exerting every effort to increase its air fleet to cope with the planes expected from America. The production in July was 2000 and they are sufficiently large to carry specially formidable weapons.

MANY DESERTING

Switzerland Provides Refuge for these Men.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22.—Twelve thousand German deserters have taken refuge in Switzerland according to the Swiss newspaper "Bund", an official dispatch from Rome stated to-day.

FITZSIMMONS DEAD

Pneumonia Causes Death of this Great Fighter.

(By Telegraph) Chicago, Oct. 22.—Bob Fitzsimmons took the count at 2:15 this morning when he yielded to pneumonia after a five days' losing fight.

FOR SALE: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement

NO TROUBLE TO ENFORCE CURFEW

Score or More Children Get Permits to be out after Nine O'Clock.

EMPLOYMENT THE REASON

General Satisfaction over Manner in which Law is Working out. Anticipate no Difficulty.

Not a single infraction of the curfew law's provisions has come to the notice of the town authorities since its enforcement was first announced last Tuesday. The police officers have stopped a number of children who appeared on the streets after nine o'clock at night but, in every instance, they were armed with the cards giving them permission, on account of employment, to be out after the whistles had been blown.

About twenty five such cards have been applied for and issued. They are dated and signed both by the employer and the Burgess, so that there is little possibility of a boy or girl being able to secure one by deception.

Burgess Eicholtz and the police are very much gratified over the ready response of children and parents in assisting in the enforcement of the law. All adults seem to be thoroughly willing to co-operate and the children are said to be alarmed over the possibility of being marched home in the firm grasp of a uniformed officer. Possibly not alone the humiliation of this proceeding alarms them but the possibility of some more "painful proceeding" once they are in their parents' care.

It is not believed that there will be any trouble at all until the days of skating and sledding appear, and then it is likely that they will get their fill of fun before nine o'clock. In the spring and summer will be the real rub, think the authorities, and the danger then will be in people forgetting about the law being on the borough books.

Likely those who were so anxious for its passage will keep this matter before the authorities, should the latter overlook it.

SMITH—BURKE

Marriage Performed in Catholic Church at Centralia.

Francis A. Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Smith, South Washington street, and Miss Violet M. Burke, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Burke, of Centralia, were married in St. Ignatius church, Centralia, last Tuesday morning at 8:09 o'clock by Rev. Fr. T. J. Crotty. The attendants were Miss Sarah Gaughan, of Centralia, and Joseph Smith, brother of the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will reside at 214 Baltimore street, this place. Mr. Smith is employed at the Eberhart garage.

WORKMAN—STAPE

Marriage at St. James Parsonage on Saturday Evening.

Miss Frieda Idelle Stape, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stape, of Railroad street, and Miner R. Workman, who is a sergeant in Company B, 39th Infantry, were married Saturday evening at 8:00 o'clock, at St. James parsonage by Rev. J. E. Baker. They will reside in Gettysburg for the present.

MORE FAIL

And Number of Boys at Camp Meade is Reduced.

Roy M. Shank, William H. Baker, Charles J. Hennig, John D. Wolford, Herman Laughman, Alfred L. Myrick, and Robert F. Brown have all been rejected by the Camp Meade physicians as physically unfit for service.

DEWARF—GALVIN

Another Soldier Wedding. Bride was from Carlisle.

Miss Estelle M. Galvin, of Carlisle, and Romeo A. Dewarf, a corporal in Company I, 39th Infantry, were married at St. James parsonage Saturday evening.

WANTED to rent house with stable. Apply Times office.—advertisement

FOR SALE: Overland roadster in first class condition. Apply Times.—advertisement

GIVE OPINION OF DR. KHARAS

Fulton County Makes Observations on Methods of this Promoter.

After telling about Doctor Kharas getting an eight-month jail sentence in Harrisburg, the Fulton County News says: "This is the gentleman, who as president and treasurer of The Industrial Securities Company, of Harrisburg, led citizens of Taylor township to believe that the only thing they needed to make them happy and prosperous was the establishment of a bank at Hustontown with a capital of \$25,000.00.

"This is some of the dope he handed out in the neighborhood to influence the taking of the stock. It is more than probable that stock in The Bank of Hustontown will be worth in a year double what it can be purchased for now by the original stockholders." A garment factory which will employ from 40 to 60 people has been promised to Hustontown, and it will have an annual pay roll of \$18,000.00 to \$20,000.00.

"For this magnificent stroke of public service to Hustontown and the community adjacent, Dr. Kharas, alias 'The Industrial Securities Company, Inc.' was magnanimous enough to put the bank on its feet for the sum of \$2,500.00 (ten per cent of the capital stock). To make sure of his commission, he collected the ten per cent from each subscriber as the stock was taken. Some of our local attorneys are now busy trying to recover the money."

FAST OR FEAST IS DIXON'S TALK

Take the Former if Choice is Presented to you, he Declares.

Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, State Commissioner of Health, declares that the ancient method of overloading the system in order to start a cleansing and restoring effect by reaction is out of date in this day and generation, and that same, regular exercise and habits will keep people so fit that they will be able to stand the strain of extra work.

Dr. Dixon's statement, which comes from his sick room in the University Hospital in Philadelphia, urges that a fast is better than a feast, and that restraint will help nature more than crowding. The commissioner says: "In civilized life men find it impossible to pay proper attention to their meals. They cannot eat regularly and have no time to eat slowly, and they apparently will not eat what they have learned by precept and experience is fitting for those who do work indoors that requires intense mental application. Failing to follow the laws of health over a period of time, they begin to feel inert mentally and physically; their work becomes a burden; eye-sight loses its acuteness, while the natural white of the eye is lost and it becomes congested, showing sometimes a yellow tinge; the appetite begins to fail; natural sleep is broken up and interrupted, and when awakening comes, the mind is puzzled by confused ideas.

"Such a man was a laboratory associate of mine years ago. Occasionally he would salute me in the morning and say, 'What do you prescribe, doctor, a feast or a fast?' He meant that he felt he had been neglecting all outdoor exercise for a long time and had not at all neglected taking heavy and frequent meals, until now his system was out of balance and some thing had to be done to restore balance. Query—should he fast himself back to health, or should he emulate the old Romans and start with a feast?"

"Most people are familiar with the ancient Roman feast, whose features we would describe nowadays more accurately with the name of orgy or debauch. These feasts always made them sick and the physical reaction would be such that no food was taken into the system for some time afterward. So that the same result of a fast was arrived at by a different route. My associate, being a man of humorous viewpoint, was just accepting this condition."

WANTED: lady clerk. Permanent position. Apply by letter only. Eckert's store.—advertisement

WANTED: girl to clerk in grocery store. Apply by letter "J", care Times office.—advertisement

WANTED: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement

WANTED: apply Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement

CONFUSION OVER BOOZE QUESTION

One York Authority to Hold Offenders, Another Refuses to Prosecute.

SOLDIERS' LIQUOR CASES

Determined to Wipe Out Supplying of Gettysburg Troopers. Mayor Faces Some Complications.

Adopting a new method of handling persons alleged to have furnished Gettysburg soldiers with liquor and similar cases, Mayor Hugentugler, of York, on Sunday committed Robert Pierce, aged 34, of Charleston, West Virginia, to jail for thirty days in default of payment of a fine of \$25 for disorderly conduct. What Pierce is really supposed to have done was to furnish a soldier with whiskey and the arrest was made by Detective Stoner. The disorderly conduct charge was brought so that it could be made a police case, pure and simple, for the mayor declared that it is a waste of paper to make out informations charging the booze feature, so long as the Middle District court handled the cases, in the mayor's opinion, too leniently.

This puts a new aspect on the situation and the outcome will be watched with great interest.

District Attorney Gross says he considers that the federal government is capable of handling such cases and that he does not propose to entertain them when returned by the mayor as committing magistrate. He adds that he was not consulted in the beginning and that he does not consider that any state statute has been violated by persons alleged to have furnished this liquor to soldiers.

The mayor became angry at this and declared that the district attorney is a "four-flusher" and that it was the district attorney who drew up the specimen informations for him as a guide to follow in making out informations in such cases in which he had proposed to prosecute for selling without a license. The district attorney, on the other hand, says he drew up the specimen informations just as he has often done for aldermen, without having any information of any particular cases which the mayor may have had. Nor was he notified of the recent hearings.

It all goes back to the York cases recently disposed of by the federal court of Scranton. The mayor thought that the York men who were charged with furnishing liquor to soldiers got off too easy and to prevent a reputation he conceived the plan of bringing suit under the Brooks high license law, charging the selling of liquor without license, and of having them tried in the local court.

To this United States Commissioner Meisenhelder objects and both he and United States Deputy Marshal Smith let it be known that they would bring informations in the same instances, charging furnishing liquor to soldiers and have them tried before the Middle District Court.

AT BIG CAMP

Now at Massachusetts Cantonment. Spends Day here.

First Sergeant S. C. Russell, formerly stationed at Gettysburg in the 39th Infantry, Co. I, visited his wife and friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Metz, over the weekend. Sergeant Russell is now in the Depot Brigade at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass. He tells interesting and delightful stories of how thirty-five thousand men are fed and clothed and cared for. The camp has just recently been built, but taking all things into consideration our boys there are comfortably situated.

CANDIDATE HURT

Former Legislator Shot in the Face while Hunting Birds.

Ex-Assemblyman Robert S. Frey, of York, who is Republican candidate for district attorney, while out running for birds with Speaker Richard Baldwin and William Ilgenfritz, in the vicinity of East Prospect, was accidentally shot in the face by Ilgenfritz. A stray shot hit the ex-assemblyman near the left eye and produced a flesh wound which the doctor says is not serious. The gunners bagged about a dozen birds.

MEN WANTED: apply Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement



THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.



SIXTEENTH YEAR

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Institute week will be held from November 19-23. The teachers approved of the engagement of the following day speakers: Dr. C. C. Ellis, of Juniata College, Huntingdon, general subject, "Pedagogy"; Dr. Frank Green, of West Chester, subject, "English"; Dr. Byron W. King, of Pittsburgh; Dr. Ezra Lehman, of Shippensburg. A representative of the Palmer penmanship system will be present and will give the teachers several drills during the week.

The evening entertainment course will consist of the following: lecture by Dr. King on Monday evening; entertainment by the Hawkeye Male Quartet on Tuesday; the John Thomas Singing Company in "The Village Doctor", Wednesday; and Pitt Parker, chalk talker, on Thursday.

The field and play day promises to be one of the best events which the public schools of the county have staged. It will be held either the latter part of April or the beginning of May on the college athletic grounds and will consist of all sorts of races, and competitive games. Schools from many parts of the county are expected to send their contestants, and there will be plenty of opportunity for play for those who do not wish to compete in the more vigorous forms of fun.

It is planned to have a literary contest among the pupils of the county on the forenoon of the same day and the various buildings and rooms at the college have been offered for this purpose. The contest will include many studies and subjects. Teachers, parents, and pupils will bring their lunches and spend the day.

At Saturday's meeting it was decided to enter actively into the debating field this year. A series of contests will be held among teams from the county schools during the winter, and the best two will meet at Gettysburg in March to select a team to represent the county. This team will go to Harrisburg in April for the district contest, and the winner there will be entitled to compete at State College for the State championship in May. A number of counties took up this idea last year with great success, and the teachers at Saturday's meeting determined to push forward the plans for this year with all diligence.

It was decided that the penmanship prizes of \$25, which had been offered to be awarded at Institute should be held until the end of the year in order to give more an opportunity to compete.

TEACHER RESIGNS

And Place is Filled by Young Woman from Maryland.

John A. Halter, teacher of the Pine Grove School in Union township, has resigned on account of ill health, and his place has been filled by the election of Miss Wolf, of Silver Run.

ONLY 20 dozen ladies' vests and pants at 50 cents. After this lot, if any can be had, they will be 75 cents. G. W. Weaver & Son.—advertisement 1

STILL about four hundred bushels apples, mostly good keeping winter apples for sale at Woodside Farm, Wm. B. McIlhenny. United 'phone.—advertisement 1

FARM for rent one mile from Gettysburg on Harrisburg Road. Inquire J. W. McIlhenny.—advertisement 1

LARGE SHIPMENT of latest and newest fiction has been received at People's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

CHICAGO, Oct. 22—Bob Fitzsimmons took the count at 2:45 this morning when he yielded to pneumonia after a five days' losing fight.

FOR SALE: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement 1

TWO GAMES

Expect to See Fast Basket Ball in Xavier Hall.

Two very promising basket ball games will be held at Xavier Hall this evening. G Company, of the Fourth, will attempt a "come back" with G Company, of the Seventh, who defeated them by a narrow margin a few nights ago. The second game will be between the Officers of the Sixtieth and the Motor Ambulance Company. With the officers will appear R. M. McCurdy, who for two years was the sensation of the Chicago University five, and the famous "Chick" Evans. The Motor Ambulance team will be composed of college and professional stars.

The first game will start at 7:15. Clarence Manion, K. of C. war camp representative, will officiate at both contests.

ANOTHER DRIVE

Objectives Gained in this Joint Allied Assault.

(By Cable) London, Oct. 22—Field Marshal Haig to-day announced a combined French and British offensive in the Ypres-Staden region.

Paris, Oct. 22—The official statement declares that all objectives were gained over a front of 1000 yards in an advance of the British and French to-day.

ONE RAILROAD QUILTS

Coal too Scarce to Continue Carrying Passengers.

(By Telegraph) Harrisburg, Oct. 22—The Ironton Railroad, operating a short line in Eastern Pennsylvania's slate belt, notified the Public Service Commission to-day that they would have to discontinue the carrying of passengers after November first on account of the scarcity of coal, and the increased wage demands. It is the first railroad in Pennsylvania to take such action.

IN GREAT DISTRESS

American Red Cross Mission on its Way Home.

(By Cable) Rome, Oct. 22—Fifty thousand Serbians are dying and many thousands more are in a serious condition from insufficient rations in the Monastir District alone, the American Red Cross Mission reported here to-day on its way to America. Thirty five villages have been destroyed in the Monastir section alone.

MORE CASUALTIES

Antilles Official List Shows Sixty Seven Dead.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22—The Committee on Public Information issued its second casualty list from the Antilles sinking, showing 67 lives lost. One of the non-commissioned officers named as missing is K. L. Faust, of Stoney Creek Mills, Pa. Another is H. A. Cummins, of Kansas.

MORE GERMAN PLANES

To Meet Great American Fleet Expected in Spring.

(By Cable) Paris, Oct. 22—German prisoners here say that their country is exerting every effort to increase its air fleet to cope with the planes expected from America. The production in July was 2000 and they are sufficiently large to carry specially formidable weapons.

MANY DESERTING

Switzerland Provides Refuge for these Men.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22—Twelve thousand German deserters have taken refuge in Switzerland according to the Swiss newspaper "Bund", an official dispatch from Rome stated to-day.

FITZSIMMONS DEAD

Pneumonia Causes Death of this Great Fighter.

(By Telegraph) Chicago, Oct. 22—Bob Fitzsimmons took the count at 2:45 this morning when he yielded to pneumonia after a five days' losing fight.

FOR SALE: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement 1

WANTED to rent house with stable. Apply Times office.—advertisement 1

FOR SALE: Overland roadster in first class condition. Apply Times.—advertisement 1

WANTED: lady clerk. Permanent position. Apply by letter only. Eckert's store.—advertisement 1

WANTED: girl to clerk in grocery store. Apply by letter "J", care Times office.—advertisement 1

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NO TROUBLE TO ENFORCE CURFEW

Score or More Children Get Permits to be out after Nine O'Clock.

EMPLOYMENT THE REASON

General Satisfaction over Manner in which Law is Working out. Anticipate no Difficulty.

Not a single infraction of the curfew law's provisions has come to the notice of the town authorities since its enforcement was first announced last Tuesday. The police officers have stopped a number of children who appeared on the streets after nine o'clock at night but, in every instance, they were armed with the cards giving them permission, on account of employment, to be out after the whistles had been blown.

About twenty five such cards have been applied for and issued. They are dated and signed both by the employer and the Burgess, so that there is little possibility of a boy or girl being able to secure one by deception.

Burgess Eicholtz and the police are very much gratified over the ready response of children and parents in assisting in the enforcement of the law. All adults seem to be thoroughly willing to co-operate and the children are said to be alarmed over the possibility of being marched home in the firm grasp of a uniformed officer. Possibly not alone the humiliation of this proceeding alarms them but the possibility of some more painful proceeding once they are in their parents' care.

It is not believed that there will be any trouble at all until the days of skating and sledding appear, and then it is likely that they will get their fill of fun before nine o'clock. In the spring and summer will be the real rub, think the authorities, and the danger then will be in people forgetting about the law being on the borough books.

Likely those who were so anxious for its passage will keep this matter before the authorities, should the latter overlook it.

SMITH—BURKE

Marriage Performed in Catholic Church at Centralia.

Francis A. Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Smith, South Washington street, and Miss Violet M. Burke, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Burke, of Centralia, were married in St. Ignatius church, Centralia, last Tuesday morning at 8:00 o'clock by Rev. Fr. T. J. Crotty. The attendants were Miss Sarah Gaughan, of Centralia, and Joseph Smith, brother of the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will reside at 244 Baltimore street, this place. Mr. Smith is employed at the Eberhart garage.

WORKMAN—STAPE

Marriage at St. James Parsonage on Saturday Evening.

Miss Frieda Idelle Stape, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stape, of Railroad street, and Miner R. Workman, who is a sergeant in Company B, 59th Infantry, were married Saturday evening at 8:00 o'clock, at St. James parsonage by Rev. J. B. Baker. They will reside in Gettysburg for the present.

MORE FAIL

And Number of Boys at Camp Meade is Reduced.

Roy M. Shank, William H. Baker, Charles J. Hennig, John D. Wolford, Herman Laughman, Alfred L. Myrick, and Robert F. Brown have all been rejected by the Camp Meade physicians as physically unfit for service.

DEWARF—GALVIN

Another Soldier Wedding. Bride was from Carlisle.

Miss Estelle M. Galvin, of Carlisle, and Romeo A. Dewarf, a corporal in Company I, 59th Infantry, were married at St. James parsonage Saturday evening.

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WANTED: girl to clerk in grocery store. Apply by letter "J", care Times office.—advertisement 1

GIVE OPINION OF DR. KHARAS

Fulton County Makes Observations on Methods of this Promoter.

After telling about Doctor Kharas getting an eight-month jail sentence in Harrisburg, the Fulton County News says:

"This is the gentleman, who as president and treasurer of The Industrial Securities Company, of Harrisburg, led citizens of Taylor township to believe that the only thing they needed to make them happy and prosperous was the establishment of a bank at Hustontown with a capital of \$25,000.00.

"This is some of the dope he handed out in the neighborhood to influence the taking of the stock: 'It is more than probable that stock in The Bank of Hustontown will be worth in a year double what it can be purchased for now by the original stockholders.' A garment factory which will employ from 40 to 60 people has been promised to Hustontown, and it will have an annual pay roll of \$18,000.00 to \$20,000.00.

"For this magnificent stroke of public service to Hustontown and the community adjacent, Dr. Kharas, alias 'The Industrial Securities Company, Inc.' was magnanimous enough to put the bank on its feet for the sum of \$2,500.00 (ten per cent of the capital stock). To make sure of his commission, he collected the ten per cent from each subscriber as the stock was taken. Some of our local attorneys are now busy trying to recover the money."

FAST OR FEAST IS DIXON'S TALK

Take the Former if Choice is Presented to you, he Declares.

Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, State Commissioner of Health, declares that the ancient method of overloading the system in order to start a cleansing and restoring effect by reaction is out of date in this day and generation, and that same, regular exercise and habits will keep people so fit that they will be able to stand the strain of extra work.

Dr. Dixon's statement, which comes from his sick room in the University Hospital in Philadelphia, urges that a fast is better than a feast, and that restraint will help nature more than crowding. The commissioner says: "In civilized life men find it impossible to pay proper attention to their meals. They cannot eat regularly and have no time to eat slowly, and they apparently will not eat what they have learned by precept and experience is fitting for those who do work indoors that requires intense mental application. Failing to follow the laws of health over a period of time, they begin to feel inert mentally and physically; their work becomes a burden; eye-sight loses its acuteness, while the natural white of the eye is lost and it becomes congested, showing sometimes a yellow tinge; the appetite begins to fail; natural sleep is broken up and interrupted, and when awakening comes, the mind is puzzled by confused ideas.

"Such a man was a laboratory associate of mine years ago. Occasionally he would salute me in the morning and say, 'What do you prescribe, doctor, a feast or a fast?' He meant that he felt he had been neglecting all outdoor exercise for a long time and had not at all neglected taking heavy and frequent meals, until now his system was out of balance and some thing had to be done to restore balance. Query—should he fast himself back to health, or should he emulate the old Romans and start with a feast?

"Most people are familiar with the ancient Roman feast, whose features we would describe nowadays more accurately with the name of orgy or debauch. These feasts always made them sick and the physical reaction would be such that no food was taken into the system for some time afterward. So that the same result of a fast was arrived at by a different route. My associate, being a man of humorous viewpoint, was just accentuating this condition."

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CONFUSION OVER BOOZE QUESTION

One York Authority to Hold Offenders, Another Refuses to Prosecute.

SOLDIERS' LIQUOR CASES

Determined to Wipe out Supplying of Gettysburg Troopers, Mayor Faces Some Complications.

Adopting a new method of handling persons alleged to have furnished Gettysburg soldiers with liquor and similar cases, Mayor Hugentugler, of York, on Sunday committed Robert Pierce, aged 34, of Charleston, West Virginia, to jail for thirty days in default of payment of a fine of \$25 for disorderly conduct. What Pierce is really supposed to have done was to furnish a soldier with whiskey and the arrest was made by Detective Stoner. The disorderly conduct charge was brought so that it could be made a police case, pure and simple, for the mayor declared that it is a waste of paper to make out informations charging the booze feature, so long as the Middle District court handled the cases, in the mayor's opinion, too leniently.

This puts a new aspect on the situation and the outcome will be watched with great interest.

District Attorney Gross says he considers that the federal government is capable of handling such cases and that he does not propose to entertain them when returned by the mayor as committing magistrate. He adds that he was not consulted in the beginning and that he does not consider that any state statute has been violated by persons alleged to have furnished this liquor to soldiers.

The mayor became angry at this and declared that the district attorney is a "four-flusher" and that it was the district attorney who drew up the specimen informations for him as a guide to follow in making out informations in such cases in which he had proposed to prosecute for selling without a license. The district attorney, on the other hand, says he drew up the specimen informations just as he has often done for aldermen, without having any information of any particular cases which the mayor may have had. Nor was he notified of the recent hearings.

It all goes back to the York cases recently disposed of by the federal court of Scranton. The mayor thought that the York men who were charged with furnishing liquor to soldiers got off too easy and to prevent a repetition he conceived the plan of bringing suit under the Brooks high license law, charging the selling of liquor without license, and of having them tried in the local court.

To this United States Commissioner Meisenhelder objects and both he and United States Deputy Marshal Smith let it be known that they would bring informations in the same instances, charging furnishing liquor to soldiers and have them tried before the Middle District Court.

AT BIG CAMP

Now at Massachusetts Cantonment. Spends Day here.

First Sergeant S. C. Russell, formerly stationed at Gettysburg in the 59th Infantry, Co. L, visited his wife and friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Metz, over the weekend. Sergeant Russell is now in the Depot Brigade at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass. He tells interesting and delightful stories of how thirty-five thousand men are fed and clothed and cared for. The camp has just recently been built, but taking all things into consideration our boys there are comfortably situated.

CANDIDATE HURT

Former Legislator Shot in the Face while Hunting Birds.

Ex-Assemblyman Robert S. Frey, of York, who is Republican candidate for district attorney, while out gunning for birds with Speaker Richard Baldwin and William Igenfritz, in the vicinity of East Prospect, was accidentally shot in the face by Igenfritz. A stray shot hit the ex-assemblyman near the left eye and produced a flesh wound which the doctor says is not serious. The gunners bagged about a dozen birds.

MEN WANTED: apply Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

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A COAT WITH AN UNUSUALLY CLEVER COLLAR EFFECT. NO. 2210. PRICE, \$35

It's peculiar what a little "know how" can mean in buying a fall coat or suit.

For instance—the woman who knows how wonderfully a Wooltex garment is tailored, and the greatness of its style authority will end the season happy with her purchase.

There are twenty-seven reasons why you get satisfaction in Wooltex Coats and Suits.

Will you find out?

Wooltex Coats, \$20 to \$50
Wooltex Suits, \$25 to \$60

G. W. WEAVER & SON
The Store That Sells Wooltex Coats and Suits

HOW IT FEELS TO BE BURIED ALIVE

British Officer Relates a Hair-Raising Experience.

THOUGHT HE WAS BLINDED

Volunteers to Carry Message From First-Line Trenches to Headquarters and Is Buried by Explosion of a Shell—Rescued by Chance and Wounded on Way to Hospital.

"Have you ever been buried alive? No? Well, it isn't a pleasant experience. It is only by the merest luck that I am able to tell you what it feels like."

Lieutenant —, the British aviator, was talking. The experience he related was one he had while he was still in the infantry.

"We were rather hard-pressed up in the first line, and it was decided that some one must carry a message through the communicating trenches to headquarters. All the officers volunteered for the service. Four of us were chosen by lot. The bodies were shelling the communicating trenches with a hellish fire, so it looked like dangerous business. The four of us were to take different routes through the trenches on the chance that one of us would get through; the others—well, good luck to them."

Take Different Routes.

"Two of us were to go to a certain point, where the communicating trenches divided in a 'Y'. There we were to separate, one taking the right-hand trench, and one the left. 'Kick' Dalrymple, a boy from Toronto, went with me. He waved to me as we separated."

"I started off, crouching low in the trench. Before I had gone very far there was a flash. Then I didn't know anything for a while. Dalrymple got to headquarters; so did one of the other men. They said that I was missing and thought probably I had got it on the way."

"Dalrymple was ordered to take a company of men up through the trench through which I had passed for the relief of the men holding the front line. All the way he kept a sharp eye out for me. Near the point where we had separated he came upon a great pile of dirt in the trench. It was a matter of taking his men over the top of it, which would have been as dangerous as taking them through an open field, or else having the mound removed."

"He set his men to work with shovels. At the bottom of the pile he came upon my left foot. I had been buried by a shell that had burst just alongside the trench as I was passing through it. I had been under there for nearly two hours. They say I couldn't have been, but I am ready to swear I was conscious most of the time."

"It was the trench mat at the bottom of the trench that saved my life. The trench mat is a kind of boardwalk laid along the bottom of the trench, with a few inches between the mat and the ground."

Thought He Was Blinded.

"I had fallen face down on the mat and had breathed the air between the boards and the water underneath. When I first regained consciousness I thought I was blind. I could faintly hear the explosion of shells, but couldn't see anything. Everything was dark. I thought my eyes must have been blown out."

"I lay there a few minutes thinking what I would do. My idea was to get up and wander about until I bumped into some one who could take me to the hospital or call a stretcher bearer. That was an excellent idea until I tried to put it into execution. I tried to rise, but found I was pinned down. Then I realized what had happened. I was buried alive! I began recalling the stories of other men who had been buried alive."

"There was no one within a mile, half as scared as I was at that moment. When they dug me out they found me unconscious. I had received three broken ribs, a broken breast bone and a broken nose. They fastened a couple of tubes across two ribs and were carrying me to the hospital on this improvised stretcher when I stopped a piece of shrapnel."

"That meant some time in the hospital. They took me back to England. When I had been repaired I went back into the flying service. Somehow it didn't seem half as dangerous."

FAMILY WEIGHS OVER TON

Mother Has Sent One to School for Each Year for a Long Time.

When Mrs. C. T. Lowe of Swanton, O., kissed her youngest, Richard, and started him toddling off to school the other morning just twenty-four years had elapsed since she started her first youngster for school, and not a year has passed since the time that she has not had one of her children attending school. She is the mother of fourteen children.

Both parents weigh over 200 pounds each and the grown children weigh from 175 to 200 pounds each, with one exception. The entire family tips the scales well above a ton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were married in Henry county when the mother was sixteen years old, and the children are all about two years apart. They moved here four years ago.

The First Garment.

Come to think of it, Eve must have

A Sin That Brought A Blessing

By OSCAR COX

As a youth I was diffident, over-sensitive, imaginative, romantic. My mother was very much troubled for fear I would marry some girl with nothing to recommend her but a pretty face. I used to think that she wished me to marry Margaret Deane, who knew how to sew and cook and do a lot of practical things in which I took no interest. I rather admired Gwendolin Germain, a tender flower, just such a girl as a man likes to take under his protection. Her cheek was not round and rosy, but there was a little pale red in its center like a rosebud painted on a china cup, with lips of the same hue.

The time came when I made up my mind that unless I could win Gwendolin my life would be a failure. I was but twenty, and that's very young for a man to feel that his happiness is bound up for life in one person. However, I proved my constancy by years of devotion to the image I had set up in my heart. Fearing that I could not express myself with sufficient delicacy to impress one so young, so modest, so tender, I wrote my proposal in a letter. I was several days composing it, and when finished I left it for another day on my desk in order to read it once more before posting it.

I was suddenly called away, and when I returned the letter was gone. I asked my mother what had become of it, and she said that it had been posted with a batch of letters that had been sent to the mail while I was away from home. With this I was content and confident that Gwendolin had received it and waited anxiously for a reply.

When I met my love again I was much embarrassed. My imagination made her seem to me cold, even of-fended, and as she made no reference to my letter it occurred to me that for some reason—I imagined a dozen—she was displeased with my proposal.

I did not call again, and within a year her family left the place where I lived, and she went with them. My heart went with her—I had on a bachelor. My mother frequently invited Margaret Deane to our house, and I could see that she was intentionally placing her in my way. Margaret accepted whatever attention I gave her, which was not much, but when I was un-mindful of her she did not seem to notice it. As the year passed I made a friend of her, but it did not occur to me to make love to her.

When I was thirty my mother died. Before her death she made me a confession.

"My dearest boy," she said, "before I die I wish your forgiveness. Ten years ago I saw that you were about to choose a companion for life who would not make you happy. I kept the letter you wrote to Gwendolin Germain, hoping to gain time to direct your attention to Margaret Deane. Ten years have passed, and every year I have intended to send your letter to Gwendolin. I have never done so till today. By tomorrow morning she will know for the first time of your proposal, but by that time I shall have left you free to choose for yourself."

And so my mother, to whom I was so devoted, had caused me ten years of misery. I forgave her and did not utter a word of complaint. Indeed, the pain I suffered at her loss neutralized any feeling of regret for my long suffering. The day after I laid her in the grave I took up a number of letters that had accumulated—mostly of condolence—and among them was one from Gwendolin. It brought the first of different sensations from what I had experienced since the beginning of my mother's illness. But with it came the remembrance of what my mother must have endured from her distaste for my choice. Margaret had been with her constantly in her last days and had comforted her as if she had been her own daughter.

I felt an inclination to complete the sacrifice my mother had brought about by acceding to her wishes and giving Margaret the option of being my wife. But I was bound in honor to Gwendolin as well as by love. In her letter she asked me to come and see her if I felt so inclined.

A few days later I went to see her. She still lived with her family, who were wealthy—more so than when I had parted from her—in a stately mansion. It was evening when I called, and I was ushered into a private parlor. In a few minutes a bony, scrawny woman came into the room, dressed in the height of fashion, bedecked with jewels, her hands covered with rings. I barely recognized Gwendolin and would not have done so had she not preserved the rosebud in her cheek by a touch of paint.

"So your poor mother has gone," she said. "What a silly thing to keep your letter from me! Just as if I were counting on you. You were lovely as a boy, I admit; but, you know, papa has always brought me up to understand that I must marry money, and of course that would not include you. But we can be friends, you know. Just now I'm without a cavalier—that is, one that I fancy—and you must come often, and you shall be my attendant. People will talk, you know; but you mustn't mind that."

There was a good deal more that I did not hear. In due time I escaped, and had no sooner got home than I set myself to work to win the heart of Margaret Deane. I found that it had been mine for years.

God bless my mother and her sin.

Ring Fingers.

The third finger of the left hand is "the" ring finger; that is the end of the line. When those and the

PUBLIC SALE

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1917

The undersigned intending to quit the dairy business will offer at his residence in Fairfield the following personal property:

FIFTEEN HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of twelve milk cows, all close springers, five Holsteins, balance Guernseys and short horns. Two fine Holstein heifers, and one Holstein bull, that will be two years old in February, weighing about 1100 pounds. These Holsteins are practically all eligible to registry.

THIRTY HEAD OF SHOATS

Weighing from 35 to 40 pounds each. One fine brood sow, with nine pigs, will be four weeks old by day of sale.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

One V. Bar McCormick mower, good as new; No. 501 Syracuse plow; two corn drags; double shovel plow; sprayer on truck; buggy; milk wagon in good condition, can be used for mail wagon; new corn sheller; iron pig trough; cutting box; 25 feet of hose, practically new; milk trough; cellar pump; ash sifter; three wagon umbrellas; gasoline tank; five-sixteen quart wooden buckets.

Radiator; stove pipe; four large milk cans, with spickets; milk buckets; eight-four quart buckets; two cream cans; crocks; jars; No. 12 De Laval separator, in good order; two mattresses; pillows; cushions;

curtains; piano scarf; curtain poles; window shades; window screens; hall rack; umbrella stand; ice box; two tabourettes; stove mats; two graphophone record cases; seventy five records, good as new; Regina music box, only used a short time, with twenty five records; awning canvas; high chair and rocker; hobby horse; towel racks; picture frames; stand; looking glass; ten foot extension table; three rocking chairs; two kitchen tables; wall brackets; organ stool; cupboard; trunk; flower stand; all wire; churn; lot of dishes and glass ware; lamps; large parlor lamp; lot of matting; twenty five yards ingrain carpet; jute carpet; five yards of velvet carpet; twenty four brass stair rods; pair No. 10 ice skates; roller skates; large palm, fourteen years old; ferns; potatoes by the bushel; other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1:00 o'clock sharp. Terms: a credit of five months will be given on sums of \$5.00, and over. Three per cent off for cash. Further terms on day of sale by J. QUINCY JACOBS.

James Caldwell, Auctioneer.

A. J. Spangler, Clerk.

FALL CLOTHES For MEN and YOUNG MEN

Young Men will find in our New Fall Suits; Over-Coats and Mackinaws complete satisfaction of their Clothes requirements.

Full lines of Fall Shoes for Men; Women and Children.

Underwear for Men and Boys in two piece and Union suits for Fall and Winter.

Sweaters for Men; Boys and Children.

O. H. LESTZ,

The Home of Good Clothes.

Corner Square and Carlisle Street.

The Winter Fashion Book

Is Another Pictorial Review Triumph!



Pictorial Review Patterns enable you to reproduce every one of the designs in The Winter Fashion Book and do not overlook the fact that every Pictorial Review Pattern saves from one-half to one whole yard of material on each dress.

NOVEMBER PATTERNS now on Sale

222 W. 39th St., New York, N. Y. or Stick's Hat Shop, Kade-l-Bldg., 6 Baltimore St., Gettysburg, Pa.

LET FUNKHOUSER'S Supply Your FALL OUTFIT

The man with the eye that discriminates between the good and the mediocre, the man who knows when he is getting his money's worth, the man who is up on late styles and is booked on what is THE thing, delights in dealing at our store, for he appreciates that here time is devoted to supplying his needs and that our stock is sure to have just the right thing for him.

Suits and Overcoats

We have never put more care in the selection of a stock of Fall and Winter goods, than this fall. As a result we have the popular trench overcoats—the very latest obtainable—and the belter suits which are up-to-the-minute in style. The weaves are the best, the shades the most approved and the makes those generally accepted as the top-notch in ready-to-wear clothing, Hart, Shaffner and Marx, Kuppenheimer, Alco, and Society brands.

Suits and Overcoats from \$10. to \$30.

FURNISHINGS

Now is the real chance to buy underwear below the market. We have Fall and Winter weight single garments at 75 cents and Union suits at \$1.50 that will be 25 per cent. higher as soon as our present stock is sold, for we can't go on the market to-day and buy them lower than we are now asking. Other furnishings are largely the same way.

Men's work shirts at 85 cents, in the accepted materials, will be \$1.00 when we have to re-stock. Lay in your supply now for the coming months.

FUNKHOUSER'S

"THE HOME OF FINE CLOTHES"

Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG.

NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1906.

Wilson A. Beamer, Menallen township.
H. W. Livelsberger, Sillick Farm, Butler township.
D. B. Wireman (Shank Farm) Seven Stars, Pa.
Curtis Herring, Highland township, R1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Edward Redding, (Formerly P. L. Houck Farm) Straban Twp. R9, Gbg.
C. F. Redding, (Formerly Springs Hotel Farm) R5, Gbg., Cumbld Twp.
John E. Plank, (John W. Meals Farm) Straban Twp., R10, Gettysburg
M. S. Kimmel, R1, Gettysburg, Pa., Straban Township.
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.
Chas. H. Essick and Sister, Butler Township, R5, Gettysburg.
S. F. Bushman, R1, McKnightstown, Franklin township.
W. M. Kint & Son, Franklin Township, R5, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. L. Bigham, R4, Gettysburg, Freedom township.
Mrs. John Hughes, Cumberland Township.
Mrs. Addie M. Sprenkle, Hamiltonban Township, R1, Iron Springs.
James Boyd, Franklin Township (J. L. Butt Farm).
E. Shindedecker, R4, Gettysburg, Cumberland Township.
Christian Guise, Butler Township, R6, Gettysburg, Pa.
Jacob F. Peters, Tyrone Township, Aspers, Pa.
Deardorff Brothers, Franklin Township, Cashtown.
Mark C. Pepple, Franklin Township, Orrtanna, Pa.
C. S. Rice, Arendesville, Pa.
John D. Eckert, R8, Gettysburg, Pa.
C. J. Rauscher, Butler township, R1, Aspers.
Emanuel Plank, Highland Township, R4, Gettysburg, Pa.
O. B. Sharett, Cumberland Twp., Gettysburg R2.
L. L. Deardorff, Franklin Twp., McKnightstown, Pa.
Mrs. C. E. Goldsboro, Straban Township, Hunterstown.
Simon F. Funt, Menallen Township, Biglerville, Pa.
Mrs. Sallie B. Ebersole, R6, Gettysburg, Pa., Butler Township.
Reuber Kepner, Copper Co's. Land, Hamiltonban Twp., R1 Iron Springs
A. S. Whisler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R9, Gettysburg, Pa.
Mrs. Geo. Stock (Max Vingling tenant) R4, Gettysburg, Pa.
A. A. Beamer, Menallen Township
Eicholtz Brothers, Merallen & Franklin Townships, Biglerville, Pa.
Dorsey W. Eckert, (Harry Froelche Farm) R8, Gettysburg.
G. M. W. Orchard Co. (Parker Koonitz tenant) Menallen Township.
W. S. Flood, Table Rock, Pa.
William Coshun, Straban Township, R8, Gettysburg, Pa.
Luther Rice, Arendesville.
Harley V. Wagner, Straban Township, R10, Gettysburg, Pa.
John H. Brown & Son, Cumberland Township.
E. C. Williams, Mt. Joy Township, R1 Gettysburg, Pa.
A. Walter Toot, R7, Gettysburg, Pa., Franklin Township.
Mervin Topper, (McHenry Farm), Straban Township, R7, Gettysburg.
J. J. Redding, R3 Gettysburg, Pa., Cumberland Township.
John Meese, Butler Township, Biglerville, Pa.
George W. Wirt, Butler Township, R7 Gettysburg.
William Beiter, Mount Joy Township.
Wm. J. Stover (Wiesler & Johnson Farm), Franklin Township.
Albert Hollinger, Cumberland Township.
J. C. Derr, R4, Gettysburg, Cumberland Township, (McPherson Farm).
Mrs. Matilda Codori (Frank Redding Tenant), Cumberland Township.
Samuel Vaughn, Cumberland Township, R3, Gettysburg, Pa.
Additional names 50 cents for the entire season.

Calamity Averted.

Barbara's father was dressing her one day during her mother's absence. Not being in the habit of dressing her, he was rather clumsy and soon found it. Finally Barbara heard a deep sigh and remarked, "My, daddy, it would be awful if you was the mother."

Welcome Punishment.

Rich, as very fond of going to her grandmother's. One day after she had been playing with her little baby sister, she was roughly and her mother had spanked her for it. She said: "Why don't you send me to grandma's, so I won't hurt her?"

From Lemons.

Process invented by an Italian chemist for extracting essential oils from citrus-fruits is said not to affect the chemical properties of the oils in

It is best for the old guy to dream of the cool, clear swimming hole of way back-yonder, for it will seem to be as big and cool and clear as of

LIBERTY LOAN IS ON FINAL DRIVE

Almost Two Billion Subscribed and More is yet to be Done this Week.

USE STRENUOUS EFFORTS

People Believe More Bonds are Subscribed than Announced. Treasury Department Makes Denial.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The Liberty Loan campaign swings into the home stretch to-day with subscriptions of only \$1,973,000,000, or slightly under 40 per cent of the hoped-for maximum. In the final spurt to the finish next Saturday, officials said it carries a handicap, regarded as unnecessary, in the form of widespread reports that the totals announced by the Treasury Department are actually far below the totals really subscribed.

This handicap, it is said, is imposed unwittingly by the loan's best friends, who have come to believe, in many instances, that the Treasury Department has deliberately made the total subscriptions appear less "by several hundred million dollars" than the returns. No such practice, it was emphatically asserted, has prevailed. The totals, official and estimated, as announced each night, it was asserted, represent the sum of official and estimated returns sent daily by wire to the Treasury, and are not altered, juggled or reduced.

"Ever since the latter part of the first week of the drive," reads the Treasury Department's statement, "almost three weeks ago, exaggerated reports of the total amount of subscriptions have been published daily in connection with stories that Treasury Department figures were bearish to the extent of several hundred million dollars."

"The policy of the department throughout the campaign has been to publish the latest official figures at hand exactly as returned by the Federal Reserve banks and to make public without change estimates forwarded to Washington by heads of the various district committees."

LOST FIGHTERS WELL INSURED

New Law Applies to those Killed on Transport Last Week. Care for Families.

Washington, Oct. 22.—All hands in the military and naval service who perished with the lost American transport Antilles torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine October 17, came within the scope of the new war insurance law, the Treasury Department announced, and thereby automatically carried insurance to the amount of \$5,000 each.

This sum will be paid the families of the dead soldiers and sailors in monthly installments of \$25 each over a period of 20 years. It is in addition to compensations which will be paid to widows, children and dependent mothers of the men. A widow, for example, will be paid \$25 insurance and \$25 compensation, a total of \$50. While the \$25 insurance is a fixed maximum, in cases where no application for insurance was made, the additional compensation varies from \$20 for a motherless dependent child to a maximum of \$75 for all dependents.

GERMANS HOLD A PATRIOTIC RALLY

Franz Sigel Addresses Remarkable Meeting at Schurz Monument.

New York, Oct. 22.—Two thousand men, women and children of German birth or descent, grouped around the Carl Schurz monument in Central Park Sunday, reaffirmed their allegiance to the United States and pledged themselves to aid to the end in waging war against "the enemies of liberty and freedom." The meeting which began as a Liberty Loan rally, ended as an impressive patriotic ceremonial when the throng joined in singing "The Star Spangled Banner."

The singing of the national anthem, a number not on the program, was begun without prompting from their elders by children assembled at the base of the statue of the American patriot of German birth. The childish treble rose to a triumphant chant as men and women took up the strain.

"Give and give to the limit of your means" and "Let us carry on the war to victory" were some of the pleas of the German-American speakers which moved their auditors to cheers.

QUEEN OF SPAIN AND SON



Queen Victoria of Spain has been spending a great deal of time at the summer resort of Sardinero with her children, who, like all youngsters of their age, heartily enjoyed the opportunity to romp on the sands, wade and swim in the water. The photo shows her with one of her sons, little Prince Gonzalo, on the sands. The young prince is dressed ready for a dip. This photo is the most recent taken of the queen and has just arrived in this country. The king of Spain is often mentioned as a possible peace maker.

RUSSIAN NAVAL FORCES ESCAPE

No Longer Bottled up when they Manage to Get Away from Germans.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Russian naval forces, which retired behind Moon Sound after an engagement last week with a German squadron in the Gulf of Riga, have left Moon Sound and are sailing in a northerly direction, it was officially announced Sunday by the German War Office.

German forces have occupied the Island of Schildau, between Moon Island and the Esthonia Mainland. The Teutons who landed on the Island of Dago have reached the east coast and have captured several hundred Russians. The text of the statement follows:

"Eastern theater: On the Island of Dago the east coast has been reached by our troops. Raiding detachments are penetrating into the interior. Up to the present we have taken several hundreds of prisoners."

"The Island of Schildau, which is situated between Moon Island and the Mainland, has been occupied by us."

"The Russian naval forces have left Moon Island and are sailing in a northerly direction. They have abandoned the wreck of the Battleship Slava and also four vessels which had run ashore."

STRONG LIBERTY CAMPAIGN THERE

Nearby Counties Organize in Concerted Drive for the Big Loan.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—Almost five hundred experienced salesmen, including the best bankers and bond salesmen in Harrisburg, went "over the top" to-day as the Harrisburg district campaign for the second Liberty Loan opened.

The district includes Dauphin, Cumberland, Perry and Juniata counties. So far nothing has been done in the sales line; it has all been preparation. Harrisburg is one of the few districts in the state which has adopted this method. The district quota is \$7,500,000. Confidence of raising it is everywhere. Last spring the district oversubscribed its quota by almost 100 per cent.

The first meeting of the drive will be to-night when Dr. Guy Carleton Lee, well-known lyceum lecturer and president of the Carlisle Chamber of Commerce, will speak here. Wednesday night a lecture will be given by the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, of New York.

The Harrisburg campaign, like its spring drive, is modelled upon the familiar campaigns which have been used all over the country to raise funds for local charities. All that's lacking is a big clock hung on a prominent corner. Instead of that a campaign banner has been swung across Market Square. When last used it bore portraits of Taft and Sherman; instead of pictures the slogan "Buy a Bond" appears.

Throws Away Mangled Arm.

Martin Ferry, O.—His arm almost severed by a train, H. Armstrong of Butler, Pa., remarked that it was of no use to him, and, tearing loose the sliver of flesh that was holding it, threw the arm into the weeds beside the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad tracks at Bridgeport the other day. The accident occurred in Kirkwood. Armstrong was struck by a train and when found by pedestrians was covered with blood. He was taken to the Martin Ferry hospital.

TO LIST ALL FOR SERVICE IN ARMY

Will Simplify Matter of Future Calls from List of Registrants.

TO MAKE FIVE CLASSES

Every Man can know just where he Stands and what his Chances are of being Sent to Camp.

Washington, Oct. 22.—A sweeping change in the machinery of the selective draft, based on division of the 9,000,000 remaining registrants into five classes in order of their eligibility for military service, is announced by Provost Marshal General Crowder. The plan has been approved by President Wilson. It is calculated to do away with virtually all the complicated machinery of the first draft and to make the operations of the local boards hereafter little more than rubber stamp proceedings.

As worked out the plan will divide registrants into five classes their eligibility to be determined as follows:—

Class 1.—Bachelors without dependents; men with self-supporting wives; any others with no claims of dependency or valid excuse for not serving.

Class 2.—Highly skilled farm laborers; men with wives who could work; and others of only slight dependency.

Class 3.—Men with aged mothers; highly skilled operators in war industries.

Class 4.—Men with large families dependent upon them—say with a wife and three or four children.

Class 5.—Those unfit for military duty because of physical disability.

Class one would be called first; class two next if needed and so on.

In each class, then, men would be subject to call in the turn which the original drawing gave them.

It is provided that appeals from the classifications can be taken.

The plan was worked out at conference with local and district board officials and approved by the various State authorities. Its chief features are that every registered man will know his exact position and be able to arrange his affairs accordingly and that no man deemed necessary in any important industry or needed at home to support his family, will be called to the colors unless the military situation is desperate.

Detailed regulations to govern the new system are now being made ready for distribution to local and district board members. General Crowder in a formal statement assures them that they will be given ample opportunity to familiarize themselves with these regulations before the machinery provided is called into use. As the next call to the colors is to be made under the new plan, this assurance is taken to indicate that the second call is not to be expected before the first of the year.

SENATOR KILLED

Received Load from Brother's Shotgun while Hunting.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 22.—United States Senator Paul O. Husting, of Wisconsin, died at a farmhouse, near Rush Lake, Wis., late Sunday night as the result of wounds accidentally inflicted upon him with a shotgun by his brother, Gustave, while hunting ducks in the morning.

According to reports here Senator Husting had sighted a flock of ducks and called his brother to shoot. He was in front, and as his brother fired he rose, receiving the full charge of the shotgun in his back. He was at once rushed to a farmhouse nearby, as his condition was such that it was considered inadvisable to move him to a hospital at either Oshkosh or Fond du Lac, the nearest cities with hospital facilities.

THEIR HONOR ROLL

This Sunday School Has Six Men in Service.

In connection with the Rally Day service in Zion Reformed Sunday School, at Arendtsville, on Sunday, an honor roll for the enlisted men from the Sunday School was presented to the school. Six men are in the service, one of whom is in France. Two were students for the ministry.

ATTACK SUB BASE

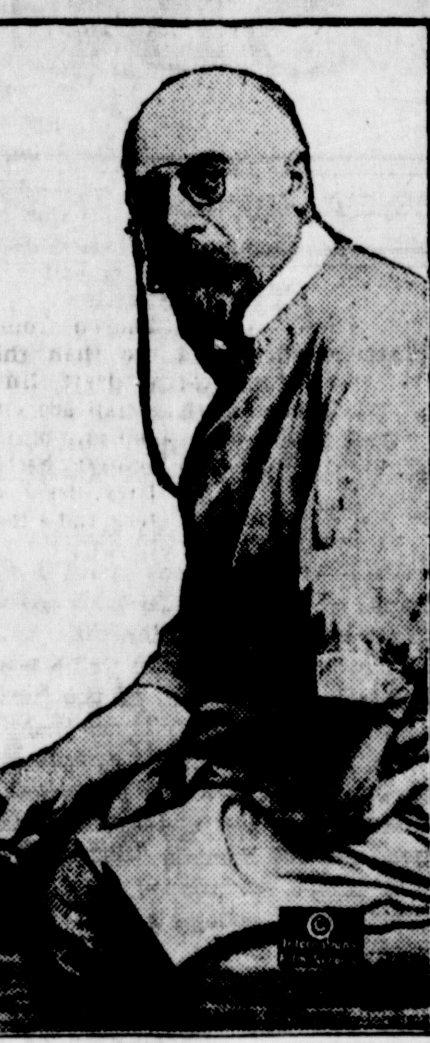
Belgian Ports of Ostend and Bruges under Fire.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The Belgian port of Ostend, which is a submarine base of the Germans on the North Sea, has been bombed from the sea, it was announced by the German War Office, houses in the town being damaged.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Noah Fleck wishes to thank her neighbors and friends for their kind assistance during the illness and death of her husband.—advertisement

HE MAKES WAR POSTERS



Within a few days we may expect to see on all the fences and bill posting spaces in the cities of the country, one of the most powerful appeals for recruits in the navy that has so far been put forth. It is a poster called "Over There," made by the famous artist Albert Sterner for the navy department.

ZEPPELINS HAD LOST BEARINGS

This Explains why Four Raiders Met Disaster in France, Airplane Superior.

Paris, Oct. 22.—Although at first it was believed that the visit of the Zeppelin fleet to France Saturday was an independent raid and the first step toward carrying out the threat made in a German wireless message which said it had been decided to destroy Paris in reprisal for French air raids on German towns, it now is generally believed that these eight Zeppelins, four of which were destroyed or captured, were returning from England and had lost their bearings owing to fog and probably had lost touch with their wireless communications.

The log book of the Zeppelin which landed intact, shows that she had been to England and prisoners from three other airships confirm this. One of the men captured said it was the lack of gasoline that forced the Zeppelin to descend. The raid is widely proclaimed by French observers as being definite proof of the superiority of the airplane over the Zeppelin. The day of the Zeppelin for bombardment, one expert says, is over. The sudden resumption of the use of the German dirigible is explained by the theory that the raiding Zeppelins belonged to a new type which lately had been reported to be in the course of construction at Lake Constance. No reports have yet been received that any damage was done by the Zeppelins or that bombs were dropped anywhere in France.

London, Oct. 22.—British naval planes dropped a large quantity of bombs on the Engel airdrome and the docks at Bruges, in Belgium, on Friday night, causing a fire in the German establishments. The text of a British Admiralty statement says: "On the night of the 19th of October and the morning of the 20th bombing raids by naval aircraft were carried out on the Bruges docks and the Engel airdrome. A fire is reported to have broken out. Large quantities of explosives were dropped. All our machines returned."

BUFFALO WAGES GAME FIGHT

Wounded Animal Gives Battle Royal to Huntsmen When He Is Poked in the Eye.

An exciting story is told of a party who went buffalo shooting in Zuzaland recently. During the course of the holiday a buffalo was shot early one morning. The party saw the animal drop, and as it did not move, decided to deal with it later in the day. Returning in the afternoon they saw the buffalo from a distance, apparently in the same position as they left it. One of the hunters went out to the buffalo and on reaching it poked a stick in its eye. This had the effect of restoring animation in the animal, which was only badly wounded, and a warm time thereupon ensued for the gentlemen in question.

The buffalo jumped up and tackled the hunter, who hung round the neck of the buffalo in the hope of tiring it out. When the other members of the party arrived the buffalo and his foe were whirling round at such a rate, that it was impossible to get a shot in without endangering the life of the latter. The buffalo tried to stamp the man to the ground with his forefeet, and at last lifted him with a terrible toss of his horns into a thorn-tree nearby. This gave the other men the chance of a shot, and the buffalo's career finally terminated.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Interest. Guests in Many Gettysburg Homes.

MANY VISIT ELSEWHERE

Mention of People on Short Journeys to Nearby Towns and those Spending the Day with Friends here.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter H. O'Neal have returned to their home on Baltimore street after a visit in St. Davids.

Those who spent Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Musselman, McKnightstown, were Rev. and Mrs. V. G. Hartman and children, of Fairfield; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Keller, of McKnightstown; and Mr. and Mrs. Curtin McGlaughlin, of McKnightstown Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Cassidy have returned to their home in Baltimore, after a visit of several days with Mrs. Anna McSherry, West Middle street.

Mrs. Katharine Wassen has returned to Baltimore, after spending several months with her sister, Mrs. Anna McSherry, West Middle street.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Eckenrode, of South Washington street, spent Saturday, with their daughter in Baltimore.

Miss Amy J. Kurtz has returned to her home in Harrisburg after a visit with friends in town.

Mrs. Charles North and son, John, of Johnstown, spent Sunday with the former's brother, John E. Sharretts, of Co. B, 58th regt., and with Wm. H. Sharretts and family, of Stevens street.

Miss Katie Raffensperger, of East Middle street, is spending a month at the home of her sister, Mrs. P. B. Krout, Narbeth.

Mrs. Clinton Brown and children, of Hanover, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Buoh, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. Motter has returned to her home in Washington, D. C., after a visit at the home of Mrs. M. Valentine, Springs avenue.

Roy Stallsmith, of York, spent Sunday at his home on Liberty street.

Miss Ada Williams, of West Middle street, is spending the day in York.

Mrs. J. A. Stallsmith, of York street, is spending several days at Gules.

Col. E. B. Cope, of Baltimore street, has gone to Philadelphia to attend a meeting of the Loyal Legion this week.

Charles Hummelbaugh has returned to Harrisburg after spending some time at his home on Buford street.

Miss Lucille Bream, who has been visiting friends and relatives in this place, has returned to her home in Carlisle.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Oyler, York street, and Miss Maude Brenisholtz, who has been visiting here, have gone to Millfin.

Mrs. Charles B. Dyson, of California, who is visiting friends here, is spending several days in Philadelphia.

Miss Jennie Galt, of Taneytown, is visiting at the home of Miss Agnes Barr, Baltimore street.

Mrs. A. D. Chidsey, of Easton, is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. George D. Stahley.

C. W. Baker has returned to Gettysburg after spending the past few days in York.

Miss Lucy Tawney and Miss Menchey have returned to Gettysburg after spending the past few days in Hanover.

Colors of the Rainbow.

The colors of the rainbow vary according to their size, and the size differs according to the bigness of the raindrops. Large drops produce narrow rainbows and bright, clearly defined colors. The colors are generally as follows: When the raindrops are in the average one millimeter in diameter we see a violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow, orange, pale red and deep red rainbow; when the drops average three-tenths millimeter, the rainbow is violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow and orange. Drops of one-tenth millimeter produce the succession of a very pale violet, violet, whitish blue, whitish green, bluish yellow and pale yellow. Drops of one-twentieth millimeter (fog) give white tinted with violet, a very vivid white, a white tinted with yellow and a very pale yellow.

Origin of Order of Odd Fellows.

Details of the origin of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows are obscure and probably will always remain so. From incidents attending the extension of Freemasonry in England, America and elsewhere in the period between its arrival, in 1717, and year 1740, and from similarity of emblems and to some extent mechanical arrangement of ceremonials some investigators believe that the order of Odd Fellows was an offshoot of Freemasonry. First recorded lodge was in England in 1745. Its membership consisted of mechanics and laborers. Provisions were made for comfort and recreation of members and practices of contributing to relief of needy and unfortunate brethren began early.—Exchange.

Eckert's Store, "On The Square"

SO FOR THE SOLDIER

We have the very things that he needs in his camp life. The list includes, Pocket Flashlights, Compasses, Knives of all sorts, Watches, Heavy Blankets. Leather goods, Trunks, Suit cases, and other receptacles for clothing, and many other things which we have found will answer the soldiers' desires.

Adams County Hardware Co. Baltimore street, Gettysburg.

MOST FARMERS

Don't object to the gentlemanly hunter going through his fields and in his woodlands in search of game, but it's the other kind of sportsman the land owner has to guard against—the one who tears down fences, shoots around buildings, tramples newly seeded ground and so on.

Guard against these things by posting your land with our trespass signs. Cardboard signs, six for 25 cents, muslin signs 10 cents each or three for 25 cents. Add three cents for postage if you want them mailed.

And another good way to keep the hunter from starting for your place is to put your name in our trespass list. 50 cents for the entire season.

The Gettysburg Times

ANNOUNCEMENT

With the addition of an Automobile Funeral Car we are now equipped to attend promptly to calls from distant parts of the county.

H. B. BENDER,

Both Phones Funeral Director Gettysburg. Cashtown Branch. In Charge of M. E. FREED.

WRITTEN BEFORE THE WAR

Impressive Fact in Nature is Stillness and Quiet on Earth, Says Observatory Director E. L. Larkin.

One of the most impressive facts in nature is the stillness and quiet here on earth, writes Edgar Lucien Larkin, director of Mount Lowe observatory. Ancient roarings, thunderings of pent-up potential of electricity, the terrific energy of heat, the exploding surfaces of millions of suns so many times larger and energetic than our sun, itself 1,310,000 times larger than the earth, had to be hushed down into a stillness, quietude and silence to make ready for that amazing event, the creation of life on worlds, revolving around genial suns, giving out life-sustaining light and tempered heat.

None can imagine this perfect balance of titanic forces, for, with slight increase or decrease of the sun's radiant energy, all life on earth would vanish. How accurate the adjustment of mighty powers, that living things, where imminent death always lurks, could even appear and then survive. The mere item of the careful adjustment of the heat energy output of the sun for reception and use of the most delicate organisms on land and in the sea, this even balance is beyond imagination, and one of the marvels of the careers of the earth and man.

With the creation of life on earth, Mind Supreme appears, so far as man is able to see, rested and retired. There is no trace of the action of the Original Mind now on earth. The 603 laws of nature, their force, is all that can be detected in action now.

She Overheard Him.

"I didn't know golf was a gambling game." "It isn't." "It must be. I heard you saying that you broke 100 yesterday."

Typical American Eloquence.

Following is the peroration of a speech delivered in an intercollegiate oratorical contest in central Kentucky, 1896:

"Standing upon the last decade of the grandest century ever measured by the flight of worlds, I dip into the future as far as human eye could see; saw the vision of the world and the wonder that would be; saw the American continent formed; saw it the great sun of the solar system of nations around which all revolved, giving life and liberty to each and prosperity and happiness to all; saw its ports filled with the argosies of commerce; its brow blooming with the wreath of science; the breath of heaven blessing its flag; yet, in the vigor and buoyancy of youth, scorning pessimism and decay, marching ever onward to the accomplishment of its grand and glorious destiny."—Exchange.

HORSE MEAT IN WISCONSIN

Health Commissioner of Milwaukee Rules It May Be Sold Under Proper Restrictions.

Milwaukee.—"Hortense, pass your plate for a drumstick of old Dobbin, or, would you prefer white meat?" Horse meat will soon be on sale in Milwaukee. Health Commissioner George C. Ruhland has received inquiry from a number of butchers, who, under proper restrictions, will be permitted to market horse meat.

All such meat, the commissioner said, must be conspicuously designated as such and must bear the stamp of the health department.

An Unexpected Thrust.

He—It seems we have to economize on our wool, my dear. She—Then you had better begin with the lot of it that people are always pulling over your eyes.

GETTYSBURG BOYS IN BAD ACCIDENT

Leo Diehl Unconscious for Many Hours after Motorcycle Struck Automobile.

HAPPENED ON OILED ROAD

Companion Has Arm Sewed up. Eight Stitches being Required. Diehl's Parents Summoned.

Leo A. Diehl and Gomer Sharpe, of Stratton street, met with an accident Sunday when they were riding along the Gettysburg road, near Marion, on a motorcycle. Their motor sidwiped an automobile, driven by George Deardorff, and ran almost 100 feet after striking the car before the riders fell to the ground.

Diehl was the more seriously hurt and is now in the Chambersburg hospital, reported to be critically ill. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Diehl, were summoned this morning. Sharpe escaped with a few minor bruises and an arm cut so badly that eight stitches were required to close the wound. He was able to return to his home in Gettysburg Sunday evening. Diehl was badly hurt about the head and this afternoon was still unconscious. It is not believed that any bones are broken.

The accident occurred near the home of William Hege, north of Marion, about 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Deardorff, with his wife and son, were driving along about 15 miles an hour, going in the direction of Greencastle. He was closely watching the highway on account of the recent application of oil and did not see the motorcycle approach. He was driving with one side of his car on the dry portion of the highway but the men had sufficient room to pass, as the highway is unusually wide at this point.

Deardorff said that the men were riding very rapidly and did not strike the car fair, but sidwiped it and rode on until they toppled over, about 100 feet from the point of the accident. Deardorff stopped his car and went to the assistance of the young men. A passing autoist summoned Dr. T. H. Weagley, of Marion, who after examining the young men had them removed to the hospital for further treatment.

Deardorff is a well-known farmer, residing near Marion.

GETTYSBURG LOST TO SWARTHMORE

Quaker Players too Much for the Locals and they Fail to Make First Down.

Swarthmore tumbled Gettysburg in Saturday's game 17-0, despite the most stubborn sort of resistance put up by the Orange and Blue.

For the second time this year Coach Leathers' charges faced a team which prevented them from making a single first down. Roth and Moyer could not get away as the Quaker collegians smashed into their interference, and Gettysburg had to play entirely on the defense throughout the game.

This they did well, and prevented a number of scores when Swarthmore was within the shadow of the goal posts. It was not until the opening play of the second quarter that the heavy warriors were able to crash through the line for a score, and the remainder of the first half they were always prevented from crossing though their runners got away several times for big gains.

Gettysburg kept up this sterling defense through the second half also and broke up three forward passes on the ten yard line only to compel the Swarthmore kicker to try a drop which he succeeded in doing. The second touchdown came after a long run.

Gettysburg's offensive work was discouraging but some hope is taken from the fact that, although the local boys could not gain, they held their strong opponents to only two touchdowns.

WE are in the market for American walnut lumber, 1, 1 1/2 and 2 inches thick. Gettysburg Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

MUNSING underwear for men, boys, women, and girls in every size at G. W. Weaver & Son's.—advertisement 1

BOY wanted at Bigham's Hardware Store, Biglerville.—advertisement 1

INQUEST HELD OVER SUICIDE

No Evidence of Foul Play about Remains of Dead Tramp Found by Hunters.

An inquest was held Saturday afternoon over the body of the dead tramp which had been found earlier in the day by two hunters. The jury, specially empaneled by Squire Meigs, of Cumberland township, rendered a verdict that the man had come to his death by a self-inflicted wound.

Any theory of foul play which might have been held was dispelled by the way in which the revolver was held in the dead man's hand, by the condition of the weapon, and by other evidences about the place. The crutch and cane which the unfortunate fellow used had been placed against a nearby tree before he walked to the lonely spot which he selected for ending his life.

The finding of the crutch and the cane recalled to a number of persons in town and nearby the presence of a tramp about two months ago. He was seen in Gettysburg by a number and was allowed by Mr. Keckler, who resides north of town, to sleep in his barn one night, likely the night before he took his life.

The body was taken in charge by an undertaker after the inquest was completed and was interred in the cemetery at the County Home.

FIVE HURT WHEN TRAIN HIT AUTO

Occupants of Machine Run Down and All Injured. Four in Hospital.

An automobile containing five men was struck by a Western Maryland passenger train at a grade crossing near Hampstead Sunday, demolishing the machine and more or less seriously injuring all five of the occupants. Four of them were taken to a Baltimore hospital. The injured:

Samuel Stambaugh, aged 47, Thomasville, owner and driver of the machine, was pinned beneath it and received cuts about the face. Is in the Baltimore hospital.

Luther Gross, aged 19, Wolf's church, right leg broken. Is in the Baltimore hospital.

George Thomas, aged 18, La Bort, cuts on head and side of face. Is in the Baltimore hospital.

John Rauby, aged 20, of Wolf's church, cut on forehead and side of face. Is in the Baltimore hospital.

Clayton Rauby, aged 28, Wolf's church, ankle sprained, was taken to his home.

Three automobiles containing residents of York County were returning from Camp Meade when the accident occurred. It was about 7:15 when the first machine, containing the five men who were injured, reached the railroad track. There is a deceptive crossing at that point. The road runs diagonally around a curve and there is a descent so that Stambaugh, who was driving his machine, did not see the train, which was coming from Baltimore, until it was too late. Some people who were in other machines saw they heard the engine blow the whistle and that they also heard the bell ring.

Jerry Aldinger, of Wolf's church, who was in the third machine, and about 400 yards behind, saw the danger and he threw on all his light, stopped his machine with a jolt and yelled at the top of his voice to warn the others. He was too late, however, for the train struck Stambaugh's machine, threw it up in the air as high as the engine, and it turned over twice before it landed upside down. Aldinger's machine stopped so suddenly that the jolt threw Mrs. Aldinger out through the windshield. She was not seriously injured, however. Aldinger busied himself looking for the men who he supposed had been killed.

HAVE you seen those beautiful striped satins for skirts. If not, call at G. W. Weaver & Son's.—advertisement 1

FOR RENT: two rooms for lodging, with board if desired. Inquire Times office.—advertisement 1

LOST: leather case containing three keys. Finder return to Times office.—advertisement 1

STERLING silver enameled top knitting needles, the kind in demand. C. T. Ziegler.—advertisement 1

INSTITUTE TO BE IN XAVIER HALL

Back to High Street Auditorium Once More. Program Approved by Teachers.

PLAN TO HOLD FIELD DAY

Also to Enter State Debating System and to Send Team to District Contest at Harrisburg.

Deciding that this year's teachers' institute shall be held in Xavier Hall, that a field and play day to include all the schools of the county shall be held during the year, and that there shall be special activity in literary and debating contest lines, a committee of about twenty Adams County teachers held a most important meeting Saturday afternoon with County Superintendent Roth.

Institute week will be held from November 12-23. The teachers approved of the engagement of the following day speakers: Dr. C. C. Ellis, of Juniata College, Huntingdon, general subject, "Pedagogy"; Dr. Frank Green, of West Chester, subject, "English"; Dr. Byron W. King, of Pittsburgh; Dr. Ezra Lehman, of Shippensburg. A representative of the Palmer penmanship system will be present and will give the teachers several drills during the week.

The evening entertainment course will consist of the following: lecture by Dr. King on Monday evening; entertainment by the Hawkeye Male Quartet on Tuesday; the John Thomas Singing Company in "The Village Doctor", Wednesday; and Pitt Parker, chalk talker, on Thursday.

The field and play day promises to be one of the best events which the public schools of the county have staged. It will be held either the latter part of April or the beginning of May on the college athletic grounds and will consist of all sorts of races, and competitive games. Schools from many parts of the county are expected to send their contestants, and there will be plenty of opportunity for play for those who do not wish to compete in the more vigorous forms of fun.

It is planned to have a literary contest among the pupils of the county on the forenoon of the same day and the various buildings and rooms at the college have been offered for this purpose. The contest will include many studies and subjects. Teachers, parents, and pupils will bring their lunches and spend the day.

At Saturday's meeting it was decided to enter actively into the debating held this year. A series of contests will be held among teams from the county schools during the winter, and the best two will meet at Gettysburg in March to select a team to represent the county. This team will go to Harrisburg in April for the district contest, and the winner there will be entitled to compete at State College for the State championship in May. A number of counties took up this idea last year with great success, and the teachers at Saturday's meeting determined to push forward the plans for this year with all diligence.

It was decided that the penmanship prizes of \$25, which had been offered to be awarded at Institute should be held until the end of the year in order to give more an opportunity to compete.

TEACHER RESIGNS

And Place is Filled by Young Woman from Maryland.

John A. Halter, teacher of the Pine Grove School in Union township, has resigned on account of ill health, and his place has been filled by the election of Miss Wolf, of Silver Run.

ONLY 20 dozen ladies' vests and pants at 50 cents. After this lot, if any can be had, they will be 75 cents. G. W. Weaver & Son.—advertisement 1

STILL about four hundred bushels apples, mostly good keeping winter apples for sale at Woodside Farm. Wm. B. McIlhenny. United phone.—advertisement 1

FARM for rent one mile from Gettysburg on Harrisburg Road. Inquire J. W. McIlhenny.—advertisement 1

LARGE SHIPMENT of latest and newest fiction has been received at People's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

TWO GAMES

Expect to See Fast Basket Ball in Xavier Hall.

Two very promising basket ball games will be held at Xavier Hall this evening.

G Company, of the Fourth, will attempt a "come back" with G Company, of the Seventh, who defeated them by a narrow margin a few nights ago. The second game will be between the Officers of the Sixtieth and the Motor Ambulance Company. With the officers will appear R. M. McCurdy, who for two years was the sensation of the Chicago University five, and the famous "Chick" Evans. The Motor Ambulance team will be composed of college and professional stars.

The first game will start at 7:15. Clarence Manion, K. of C. war camp representative, will officiate at both contests.

ANOTHER DRIVE

Objectives Gained in this Joint Allied Assault.

(By Cable) London, Oct. 22.—Field Marshal Haig to-day announced a combined French and British offensive in the Ypres-Studen region.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The official statement declares that all objectives were gained over a front of 1000 yards in an advance of the British and French to-day.

ONE RAILROAD QUILTS

Coal too Scarce to Continue Carrying Passengers.

(By Telegraph) Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—The Ironton Railroad, operating a short line in Eastern Pennsylvania's state belt, notified the Public Service Commission to-day that they would have to discontinue the carrying of passengers after November first on account of the scarcity of coal, and the increased wage demands. It is the first railroad in Pennsylvania to take such action.

IN GREAT DISTRESS

American Red Cross Mission on its Way Home.

(By Cable) Rome, Oct. 22.—Fifty thousand Serbians are dying and many thousands more are in a serious condition from insufficient rations in the Monastir District alone, the American Red Cross Mission reported here to-day on its way to America. Thirty five villages have been destroyed in the Monastir section alone.

MORE CASUALTIES

Antilles Official List Shows Sixty Seven Dead.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22.—The Committee on Public Information issued its second casualty list from the Antilles sinking, showing 67 lives lost. One of the non-commissioned officers named as missing is K. I. Faust, of Stony Creek Mills, Pa. Another is H. A. Cummins, of Kansas.

MORE GERMAN PLANES

To Meet Great American Fleet Expected in Spring.

(By Cable) Paris, Oct. 22.—German prisoners here say that their country is exerting every effort to increase its air fleet to cope with the planes expected from America. The production in July was 2000 and they are sufficiently large to carry specially formidable weapons.

MANY DESERTING

Switzerland Provides Refuge for these Men.

(By Telegraph) Washington, Oct. 22.—Twelve thousand German deserters have taken refuge in Switzerland according to the Swiss newspaper "Dund", an official dispatch from Rome stated to-day.

FITZSIMMONS DEAD

Pneumonia Causes Death of this Great Fighter.

(By Telegraph) Chicago, Oct. 22.—Bob Fitzsimmons took the count at 2:45 this morning when he yielded to pneumonia after a five days' losing fight.

FOR SALE: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement 1

NO TROUBLE TO ENFORCE CURFEW

Score or More Children Get Permits to be out after Nine O'Clock.

EMPLOYMENT THE REASON

General Satisfaction over Manner in which Law is Working out. Anticipate no Difficulty.

Not a single infraction of the curfew law's provisions has come to the notice of the town authorities since its enforcement was first announced last Tuesday. The police officers have stopped a number of children who appeared on the streets after nine o'clock at night but, in every instance, they were armed with the cards giving them permission, on account of employment, to be out after the whistles had been blown.

About twenty five such cards have been applied for and issued. They are dated and signed both by the employer and the Burgess, so that there is little possibility of a boy or girl being able to secure one by deception.

Burgess Eicholtz and the police are very much gratified over the ready response of children and parents in assisting in the enforcement of the law. All adults seem to be thoroughly willing to co-operate and the children are said to be alarmed over the possibility of being marched home in the firm grasp of a uniformed officer. Possibly not alone the humiliation of this proceeding alarms them but the possibility of some more painful proceeding once they are in their parents' care.

It is not believed that there will be any trouble at all until the days of skating and sledding appear, and then it is likely that they will get their fill of fun before nine o'clock. In the spring and summer will be the real rub, think the authorities, and the danger then will be in people forgetting about the law being on the borough books.

Likely those who were so anxious for its passage will keep this matter before the authorities, should the latter overlook it.

SMITH—BURKE

Marriage Performed in Catholic Church at Centralia.

Francis A. Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Smith, South Washington street, and Miss Violet M. Burke, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Burke, of Centralia, were married in St. Ignatius church, Centralia, last Tuesday morning at 8:09 o'clock by Rev. Fr. T. J. Crotty. The attendants were Miss Sarah Gaughan, of Centralia, and Joseph Smith, brother of the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will reside at 214 Baltimore street, this place. Mr. Smith is employed at the Eberhart garage.

WORKMAN—STAPE

Marriage at St. James Parsonage on Saturday Evening.

Miss Frieda Idelle Stape, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stape, of Railroad street, and Miner L. Workman, who is a sergeant in Company B, 59th Infantry, were married Saturday evening at 8:00 o'clock, at St. James parsonage by Rev. J. B. Baker. They will reside in Gettysburg for the present.

MORE FAIL

And Number of Boys at Camp Meade is Reduced.

Roy M. Shank, William H. Baker, Charles J. Hennig, John D. Wolford, Herman Laughman, Alfred L. Myrick, and Robert F. Brown have all been rejected by the Camp Meade physicians as physically unfit for service.

DEWARF—GALVIN

Another Soldier Wedding. Bride was from Carlisle.

Miss Estelle M. Galvin, of Carlisle, and Romeo A. Dewarf, a corporal in Company I, 59th Infantry, were married at St. James parsonage Saturday evening.

WANTED to rent house with stable. Apply Times office.—advertisement 1

FOR SALE: Overland roadster in 40 first class condition. Apply Times.—advertisement 1

GIVE OPINION OF DR. KHARAS

Fulton County Makes Observations on Methods of this Promoter.

After telling about Doctor Kharas getting an eight-month jail sentence in Harrisburg, the Fulton County News says:

"This is the gentleman, who as president and treasurer of The Industrial Securities Company, of Harrisburg, led citizens of Taylor township to believe that the only thing they needed to make them happy and prosperous was the establishment of a bank at Hustontown with a capital of \$25,000.00.

"This is some of the dope he handed out in the neighborhood to influence the taking of the stock: 'It is more than probable that stock in The Bank of Hustontown will be worth in a year double what it can be purchased for now by the original stockholders.' A garment factory which will employ from 40 to 60 people has been promised to Hustontown, and it will have an annual pay roll of \$18,000.00 to \$20,000.00.

"For this magnificent stroke of public service to Hustontown and the community adjacent, Dr. Kharas, alias 'The Industrial Securities Company, Inc.' was magnanimous enough to put the bank on its feet for the sum of \$2,500.00 (ten per cent of the capital stock). To make sure of his commission, he collected the ten per cent from each subscriber as the stock was taken. Some of our local attorneys are now busy trying to recover the money."

FAST OR FEAST IS DIXON'S TALK

Take the Former if Choice is Presented to you, he Declares.

Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, State Commissioner of Health, declares that the ancient method of overloading the system in order to start a cleansing and restoring effect by reaction is out of date in this day and generation, and that same, regular exercise and habits will keep people so fit that they will be able to stand the strain of extra work.

Dr. Dixon's statement, which comes from his sick room in the University Hospital in Philadelphia, urges that a fast is better than a feast, and that restraint will help nature more than crowding. The commissioner says: "In civilized life men find it impossible to pay proper attention to their meals. They cannot eat regularly and have no time to eat slowly, and they apparently will not eat what they have learned by precept and experience is fitting for those who do work indoors that requires intense mental application. Failing to follow the laws of health over a period of time, they begin to feel inert mentally and physically; their work becomes a burden; eyesight loses its acuteness, while the natural white of the eye is lost and it becomes congested, showing sometimes a yellow tinge; the appetite begins to fail; natural sleep is broken up and interrupted, and when awakened, the mind is puzzled by confused ideas.

"Such a man was a laboratory associate of mine years ago. Occasionally he would salute me in the morning and say, 'What do you prescribe, doctor, a fast or a fast?' He meant that he felt he had been neglecting all outdoor exercise for a long time and had not at all neglected taking heavy and frequent meals, until now his system was out of balance and some thing had to be done to restore balance. Query—should he fast himself back to health, or should he emulate the old Romans and start with a feast?"

"Most people are familiar with the ancient Roman feast, whose features we would describe nowadays more accurately with the name of orgy or debauch. These feasts always made them sick, and the physical reaction would be such that no food was taken into the system for some time afterward. So that the same result of a fast was arrived at by a different route. My associate, being a man of humorous viewpoint, was just accentuating this condition."

WANTED: lady clerk. Permanent position. Apply by letter only. Eckert's store.—advertisement 1

WANTED: girl to clerk in grocery store. Apply by letter "J", care Times office.—advertisement 1

WANTED: good square piano. 40 Hanover street.—advertisement 1

WANTED: apply Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

CONFUSION OVER BOOZE QUESTION

One York Authority to Hold Offenders. Another Refuses to Prosecute.

SOLDIERS' LIQUOR CASES

Determined to Wipe Out Supplying of Gettysburg Troopers. Mayor Faces Some Complications.

Adopting a new method of handling persons alleged to have furnished Gettysburg soldiers with liquor and similar cases, Mayor Hugentugler, of York, on Sunday committed Robert Pierce, aged 34, of Charleston, West Virginia, to jail for thirty days in default of payment of a fine of \$25 for disorderly conduct. What Pierce is really supposed to have done was to furnish a soldier with whiskey and the arrest was made by Detective Stoner. The disorderly conduct charge was brought so that it could be made a police case, pure and simple, for the mayor declared that it is a waste of paper to make out informations charging the booze feature, so long as the Middle District court handled the cases, in the mayor's opinion, too leniently.

This puts a new aspect on the situation and the outcome will be watched with great interest.

District Attorney Gross says he considers that the federal government is capable of handling such cases and that he does not propose to entertain them when returned by the mayor as committing magistrate. He adds that he was not consulted in the beginning and that he does not consider that any state statute has been violated by persons alleged to have furnished this liquor to soldiers.

The mayor became angry at this and declared that the district attorney is a "four-flusher" and that it was the district attorney who drew up the specimen informations for him as a guide to follow in making out informations in such cases in which he had proposed to prosecute for selling without a license. The district attorney, on the other hand, says he drew up the specimen informations just as he has often done for aldermen, without having any information of any particular cases which the mayor may have had. Nor was he notified of the recent hearings.

It all goes back to the York cases recently disposed of by the federal court of Scranton. The mayor thought that the York men who were charged with furnishing liquor to soldiers got off too easy and to prevent a repetition he conceived the plan of bringing suit under the Brooks high license law, charging the selling of liquor without license, and of having them tried in the local court.

To this United States Commissioner Meisenhelder objects and both he and United States Deputy Marshal Smith let it be known that they would bring informations in the same instances, charging furnishing liquor to soldiers and have them tried before the Middle District Court.

AT BIG CAMP

Now at Massachusetts Cantonment. Spends Day here.

First Sergeant S. C. Russell, formerly stationed at Gettysburg in the 59th Infantry, Co. L, visited his wife and friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Metz, over the weekend. Sergeant Russell is now in the Depot Brigade at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass. He tells interesting and delightful stories of how thirty-five thousand men are fed and clothed and cared for. The camp has just recently been built, but taking all things into consideration our boys there are comfortably situated.

CANDIDATE HURT

Former Legislator Shot in the Face while Hunting Birds.

Ex-Assemblyman Robert S. Frey, of York, who is Republican candidate for district attorney, while out gunning for birds with Speaker Richard Baldwin and William H. Prosser, in the vicinity of East Prospect, was accidentally shot in the face by Hagenfritz. A stray shot hit the ex-assemblyman near the left eye and produced a flesh wound which the doctor says is not serious. The gunners bagged about a dozen birds.

MEN WANTED: apply Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

NEWS FROM THE COUNTIES NEARBY

Franklin, Cumberland, and York
Contribute Share of Happenings.

OF MUCH INTEREST HERE

Paragraphs of News Items from the
Sections Immediately Adjoining
Adams County.

YORK COUNTY

WOMEN WORK IN FIELDS

Those travelling through the rural districts about Spring Grove are impressed by the large number of women seen working in the fields. Although they are in large part employed in the light work of corn husking, the scene recalls to older residents those of the days of the Civil War, when it was a common sight for women to be seen ploughing and assisting in all farm work. Owing to the scarcity of farm labor, tillers of the soil are unable to secure help to assist in the fall corn husking, regardless of the price offered for their service. As a result women are engaging in the work, and everywhere the work of corn husking is in progress the women in the fields outnumber the men. It has been many years since farm labor has been as scarce as is the case this year, farmers claim.

BOY LOSES EYE

Charles, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Keech, York, lost his left eye in an accident shortly before noon Thursday while he was shooting with an air rifle. Two companions, Owen Neall and Francis Spicer, were also injured. The boy placed an army cartridge between two boards nailed to the fence in the back yard at which he had been shooting and his first shot hit the cartridge, discharging it in his direction, the bullet penetrating his head wiping the eye nearly out of the socket. A passing automobile conveyed Keech to the York hospital where an operation was performed. A piece of the brass shell hit the Neall boy, eight years old, on the middle finger of the left hand and the bullet from the air rifle rebounded and entered the left arm of the Spicer boy. The boys had just returned from school and it was while young Keech was showing how he had improved his aim that he fired at the cartridge.

MOTORS ON SEWING MACHINES

A pleasant surprise awaited the members of the Spring Grove unit of the Red Cross when they appeared at the sewing headquarters Friday evening to find each of the six sewing machines rigged up to as many electric motors. These attachments will not only make the work of the operators easy, but will greatly facilitate the work and increase the output. The motors are the gift of the residents of the borough and vicinity. A vote of thanks was extended by the Red Cross to the donors. The members of the auxiliary meet each Monday and Friday evening for the purpose of sewing and at the present time another class has been assembling at the rooms Tuesday evenings, which will also be added hereafter as another regular night. Next Friday evening there will be a meeting of the unit for the purpose of reorganizing and laying plans for another year's activities.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

KILLED BY TRAIN

His skull fractured and both legs broken Jerry Rowe was picked up unconscious and bleeding by his fellow-workmen two minutes after he had left his work Saturday at noon, in Waynesboro. Rowe was an employee of the Frick company and was employed in the boiler room. Saturday when the whistle blew for the noon hour Rowe picked up his coat and with other employees stepped out of the boiler room door and started for his home. His path from work lay along the Western Maryland tracks and near King street he turned and presumably saw a train approaching. He walked for a short distance and stepped on the ties. The engine struck him in the middle of the back and hurled him thirty feet along the tracks. His companions rushed to his aid and carried him into the Frick company hospital. Dr. W. C. Shultz was summoned and found that the man had sustained a fractured skull and had both legs broken. He was removed to the undertaking establishment of F. E. Grove where he died a short time after.

HIT IN FACE BY CHAIN

Lloyd Stoops, near Blue Rock, sustained several painful injuries to his face and head while he was working on the farm of John Harbaugh, near Blue Rock. A threshing machine was

being hauled out of the barn by a traction engine, a heavy iron chain connecting the two machines. The chain broke under the heavy strain and hit Mr. Stoops, who was standing nearby, inflicting several fractures of the bones of his face, lacerating one eye and probably injuring his skull. A Waynesboro physician was immediately summoned and relieved the man's suffering to some extent. He is resting more comfortably.

GETS \$500 BY WILL

John F. Rider, of Waynesboro, is named sole legatee and executor of the estate in the will of Isabella Rider. The will was dated August 31, 1916. A later will was also offered for probate but it had not been legally executed. The second will was made one year later than the former one. The will of Annie A. Harbaugh, of Waynesboro, was probated Friday. Besides a number of personal bequests, she gave \$500 to the Evangelical Lutheran church of Waynesboro, to be used in educating young men for the ministry, one hundred dollars to the Lutheran church at Quincy and a smaller amount to the Loysville Orphans' Home. Henry B. Baker was named executor. The will was dated August 15, 1917.

KILLED IN WRECK

Charles C. Matthews was almost instantly killed Friday evening when the train on which he was riding side-wiped a freight train near the fair grounds at Winchester, Va. Matthews, whose home is in Cedar Creek, Va., was fireman on passenger train number 47, due at Winchester at 7:30 Friday evening. His train hit a shifting freight. His arm was torn out at the socket and he was rushed to the Winchester hospital where he died a short time after from hemorrhage and shock. Harry Myers, of Chambersburg, was engineman on the train and W. H. Kuhn conductor of the train on which Matthews met his death. Charles Bower, Chambersburg, was engineman on the freight, but he escaped all injury by jumping. Nobody on the passenger train was hurt.

REPORT BOND THREATS QUICKLY

Instructions Given to All Bankers to Tell of Any Indications of Plots.

Secretary McAdoo has issued a statement requesting bankers to report to him the names of persons attempting to intimidate them in connection with making subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan and promising to see that the guilty persons are prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The Secretary's statement was prompted by reports from different parts of the country that depositors have threatened banks with withdrawals if they subscribe to the loan.

Text of Secretary's Statement

The Secretary's statement follows: "From several sections of the country bankers have reported to me that some of their customers have threatened to withdraw deposits if their banks subscribed to the Liberty Loan. Such attempts at intimidation are made by disloyal and traitorous persons and are serious offenses against the law, for which stern punishment should be inflicted.

"I earnestly request any banks, State or national, against which such threats have been made to report immediately by telegram or letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, the names and addresses of the person or persons guilty of such disloyal and traitorous actions and I shall see to it that they are dealt with to the limit of the law.

Asks for Names of Persons

"I also request such banks to inform me immediately if any deposits are withdrawn because they subscribe to the Liberty Loan, giving me the names of the person or persons who have made such withdrawals. Every bank in the United States subscribing to the bonds of the United States Government will be protected with all the power and resources of the Government to prosecute the war to a swift and victorious conclusion."

The Secretary telegraphed the statement to the Treasury Department from Salt Lake City, where he spoke on Thursday.

IRON SPRINGS

Iron Springs—The educational meeting of the teachers' association of Hamiltonban township, which was to have been held at the Furnace school house on last Friday evening will be held this Friday evening. If the weather should be unfavorable the meeting will be held on Monday evening, the 29th. The teachers are urged to be present. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. Gladys Russel, teacher of Mt. Hope school, Hamiltonban township, is ill at this writing.

WASHING wanted. Restaurant or boarding house preferred. Inquire Times—advertisement.

SELL POTATOES WHILE YOU CAN

That is Public Safety Committee's Advice to Farmers and Truckers.

MAY BE GLUT LATER ON

Transportation Facilities will not improve during the Winter, Says Statement. Don't Hoard.

The following is issued by the committee of Public Safety for this state: Farmers who are in touch with market conditions are taking advantage of the present desire on the part of the consumer to lay in the winter supply of potatoes. These observing producers are marketing at least half of their crop.

For the past thirty days householders have been purchasing enough potatoes to carry them through the winter. The fact that this movement has begun about a month earlier than usual would seem to indicate that the storage demand may be met by the first of December and possibly by the middle of November.

The Food Supply Department of the Pennsylvania Committee of Public Safety advises that the time to sell potatoes is when the movement into storage is taking place. For instance if the demand in a certain community is 100 bushels a day and that supply is not forthcoming and the people consume other foods the demand for that 100 bushels is lost forever. If this continues for any length of time there would be a glut in the spring. This would mean low prices and also a large number of potatoes wasted by spoiling.

This is the logical time therefore, regardless of price, for farmers to dispose of half or all of their crop. While an unusual food condition may result in a higher market in the spring yet the reverse may happen. The farmer who meets the demand when the householder is willing to stock up not only saves cost of storage and handling but escapes losses through sweating, shrinkage in weight and decay. He also gets his cash in hand early.

If at least fifty per cent of the potatoes raised this season in Pennsylvania were transferred from the farm to the cellars of consumers the producers would be very apt to benefit through increased consumption and there would remain fifty per cent to be disposed of later in the season. In other words, by selling just now when all conditions are favorable the big potato crop of Pennsylvania would be wisely distributed and there would be little or no waste due to poor storage, lack of storage or freezing.

Transportation facilities are not going to improve during the winter. Already there is a shortage of cars and with a growing demand for rolling stock for government uses there is a possibility that the farmer will find it difficult to move potatoes during the midwinter.

The thing that the food administrators of the various states want to avoid is food hoarding. If there is a long delay in getting the potato crop to the market the public will consume provisions that need to be conserved and next spring may find the farmers with a large supply of potatoes on hand to be disposed of at low prices.

Potato prices in various sections are the result of supply and demand. Market prices are made in the large cities. In nearby sections the cost of freight is added. In the producing centers the farmer is entitled to the price that he would receive from the commission man plus their commission and an extra charge for delivering five or ten bushels lots.

There should be good feeling between producers and consumers and in all cases it should be remembered that the price is fixed by the cities. Producers may keep in touch with the market and the prices that obtain by applying to the Bureau of Markets, Washington, D. C. for daily quotations.

The Fine Art of Smiling.

Why do we not always smile when we meet a fellow being? That is the true recognition which ought to pass from soul to soul. Little children do this involuntarily. The honest-hearted peasant does it. It is the magical sunlight all through that simple land, the perpetual greeting on the right hand or the left between strangers as they pass each other, never without a smile. This, then, is the "fine art of smiling"—like all fine art, true art, perfection of art, the simplest following of nature.

The Cleanly Eel.

Fresh water eels are very clean feeders; they are sometimes seen cropping the leaves of watercresses and other aquatic plants as they float about in the water; but they are immense devourers of spawn of all kinds of fish. There are certain well-known spawning grounds in the Norfolk Broads where the coach and bream collect in vast numbers to spawn in the spring. To those grounds the eels follow in hundreds.

THEIRS IS WORK OF LOVE

Red Cross Men in Charge of Supplies at Base Hospitals Serve Without Pay.

Chicago.—The American Red Cross is placing men with United States army commissions in charge of Red Cross supplies at every base hospital, and at every training camp, cantonment, mobilization camp and other place where soldiers or sailors are assembled.

These men are chosen from volunteers who are more than thirty-one years of age—the draft limit—and much more mature men are given the preference so that no one may be put at civilian work who might better serve with the army. They draw no pay, but are given quarters and subsistence in accord with their rank.

At each such station there will be at least two Red Cross representatives, one of whom will be commissioned captain, and the others lieutenants. They will have charge of all shipments of Red Cross supplies to such military station, and will be the connecting link between the people and their fighting men. Some, if not all these officers will be given the opportunity to follow the soldiers to Europe, though no one in the volunteering is required to pledge himself to go abroad.

In calling for volunteers to serve in this capacity without pay, Col. J. R. Kean, U. S. A. Medical corps, said:

"The Red Cross realizes that men of the desired caliber cannot be hired but must be attracted to the service by entirely unselfish motives, and a desire to help their country in this time of national emergency."

SOUTH RALLIES AND RAISES BIG CROPS

Jackson, Miss.—The campaign conducted in the South last spring for food and feed crops has been successful. The corn yield of Mississippi will be the greatest ever known. In some sections, 100 bushels will be gathered to the acre. Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee will also produce big yields. More acres were planted to corn than ever in the history of the South, according to unofficial reports.

Speaking of Metallic Rings.

"I might have known that you would have refused me," said the poor but otherwise honest young man, who had failed to make an impression on the maiden's heart. "I noticed a metallic ring in your voice when I entered the parlor tonight, that bode me no good."

"And had you been a little more observant," she replied, "you would also have observed a metallic ring on my third finger, which Charlie Gotrox placed there last night."

Thirty seconds later his feet were following each other along the household trail.

What Women Did in Civil War.

Women all over the United States formed societies and made bandages and comforts of various kinds for the soldiers, but their work, too, lacked the direction and uniformity which are necessary for prompt and effective assistance. In the Civil war, country women were especially generous in contributing time and labor to the cause of helping the sick and wounded. In many instances the men were not given enough green food, and farmers contributed potatoes and fresh vegetables in large quantities, which frequently saved a camp from scurvy and other diseases.—Farm and Fireside.

How They Do It.

You have doubtless been thrilled by a jungle scene in the movies where a lion closely pursues the fleeing heroine. It is a real lion, too, and anybody can see that they are really running. It is all done by means of a treadmill upon which the lion is safely chained, though his bonds are not conspicuous. He is induced to run, the heroine marks time with all her might and a painted background of tropical scenery is moved past them at high speed on rollers.

SURGEONS GIVEN MANY POINTERS

School for their Special Benefit is Opened and Many are Attending.

EXPERTS GIVE LECTURES

Wounded Soldiers will Have Men Thoroughly Trained to Care for them. Mayo Brothers to Speak.

(By United Press)

Chicago, Oct. 22.—American surgery went to school to-day to the most skillful men of its profession, so that wounded Sammies may benefit from three years of research and experimental work, developed through the casualties of the world war.

The school is the eighth Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America. More than 2,500 medical men from all parts of the country are attending the Congress which will continue through Saturday. They will receive instructions from the most noted surgeons of Europe and the United States, including Colonel Goddwin, of the British Commission, Colonel Derle of the French Medical Service surgeons of the Italian army and navy, and American military and civil medical men.

At the opening session of the congress to-day, discussions and demonstrations of successful methods of organic surgery were given by Surgeon-General Gorgas, U. S. A., Surgeon-General Braisted, U. S. N., and Surgeon-General Blue of the U. S. Public Health Service. The entire congress visited hospital this afternoon to witness actual operations.

William J. Mayo and Charles H. Mayo, Rochester, Minn., will be the principal speakers to-morrow when anesthetics will be demonstrated. "Nikalgin" said to be a miraculous local anesthetic, will not be taken up by the congress, it was declared to-day. Many of the surgeons attending discredit the claims of Gordon Edwards, the discoverer, and will not adopt it until its worth has been proven.

BIGLERVILLE

Biglerville—Mrs. G. E. Deardorff spent Saturday in Gettysburg.

Miss Hazel Deatrick, of Irving College, is spending a few days at her home on East York street.

Mrs. George Merz was a Gettysburg visitor on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Fohl and son, Dale, visited Mrs. Fohl's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Spangler, at Centre Mills, on Sunday.

Miss Bertha Heiges, who is employed in Gettysburg, spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss Mellon spent Sunday at her home in Shippensburg.

"The Dependables" of the Reformed church will render a special program next Sunday evening.

Miss Margaret Spangler, of Centre Mills, visited friends here on Sunday.

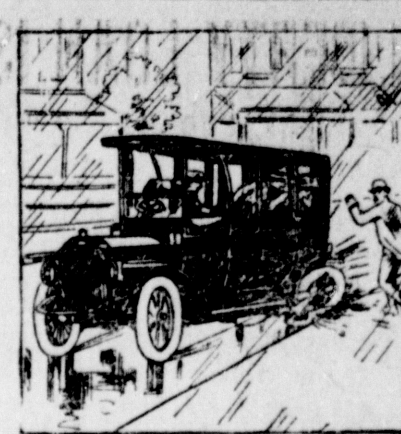
Calvin Linah and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Linah's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Zephaniah Tipton.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shank and two children moved to Harrisburg last week.

First Women Voters.

The first experiment in woman suffrage was in New Jersey, which organized as an independent state two days before the Declaration of Independence, with a constitution that allowed universal suffrage, male and female, without regard to color. This constitution was not changed until 1844, when suffrage was restricted to males on the alleged ground that women, as a class, did not care for it or exercise it.

Reason for Self-Confidence.
Self-confidence is really based primarily upon one's consciousness of his own powers or of his deficiencies. A clear understanding of this fact will help to simplify the problem. It is perfectly clear, for instance, that the man who is poorly educated, who has neglected his opportunities, who is undisciplined, who lacks self-restraint, who is truly incompetent in practically all directions, and who is at the same time conscious of his deficiencies, cannot expect to enjoy any degree of self-confidence.—Physical Culture.



Don't risk your life and car—the lives of others in your care and of bystanders—by driving without SKID CHAINS—for your car WILL skid in wet weather without them.

We have a stock comprising almost all sizes in the best of makes—let us supply you.

A full line of other automobile supplies, accessories, etc., always on hand.

At

STONERS TIRE SHOP,

Opposite Post office

Nine Safe Rules.

Drink less, breathe more; eat less, chew more; ride less, walk more; clothe less, bathe more; worry less, sleep more; talk less, think more; waste less, give more; scold less, read more; preach less, practice more.

WANTED

1000 Cords of Pulp wood delivered along W. M. and P. & R. Railways. Gum, Poplar, Sycamore, and Linn.

CHAS. J. DEARDORFF

PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE

The property of the late Joanna M. S. Miller, situated at 33 East Middle street, consisting of a large two story brick dwelling, containing 12 rooms and all improvements. Garage, smoke house, chicken house on the premises. This property fronts 60 ft. on East Middle street and is 180 ft. deep. This will make an ideal home as it is situated one half square from Balto. street.

Apply

P. A. MILLER

AUTUMN AUTO RIDING

Is one of the greatest pleasures of the motor car owner. Never before have the trees presented a sight of more dazzling beauty than this year when every limb and branch bears the brightly hued leaves of many shades. But the pleasure is not worth while unless you are well equipped with comfortable

Motor Car Robes

And we have an especially fine stock to show you. Beautiful plush robes, double faced, and with a lining calculated to keep you warm as toast. Robes of other material, attractive, durable and warm. The moderate as well as the high-priced robes.

Other Blankets

The horse must be looked after these cool fall mornings and evenings. Nothing is more satisfactory to the man who drives than one of the 5A blankets, long recognized as a standard article in its line. And we have a good assortment from which to take your pick.

HUNTING TIME IS UPON US

And those who have not yet bought their equipment can do no better than to look over our stock of shot guns, rifles, ammunition of all sorts, and a specially nice line of outfitings for the sportsman who revels in the Autumn days in the woods.

Gettysburg Department Store,

Baltimore Street.

Gettysburg.

YOU CAN HAVE NO EXCUSE

All the carrier boys at the Stallsmith News-Stand have bought Liberty Bonds. If they can, why can't you? If these little fellows are willing to devote a large portion of their earnings to their country's cause, what possible excuse can you have for not doing your share also?

Every one must recognize the country's immediate need for money. The security is the best in the world. America's entire resources are behind these bonds—every forest, every mine, every crop, every herd of cattle, every industry, every store, every homestead, every bank.

If we lose this war, every penny you earn will be shared by the War Lord's tax collectors, and the enemy's bayonets will still your protests.

Would you rather LEND to the United States or GIVE to Germany? Subscribe through any bank or trust company in Adams County.

This space donated by the Stallsmith News-Stand Drug Store.

LIBERTY LOAN IS ON FINAL DRIVE

Almost Two Billion Subscribed and More is yet to be Done this Week.

USE STRENUOUS EFFORTS

People Believe More Bonds are Subscribed than Announced. Treasury Department Makes Denial.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The Liberty Loan campaign swings into the home stretch to-day with subscriptions of only \$1,973,000,000, or slightly under 40 per cent of the hoped-for maximum. In the final spurt to the finish next Saturday, officials said it carries a handicap, regarded as unnecessary, in the form of widespread reports that the totals announced by the Treasury Department are actually far below the totals really subscribed.

This handicap, it is said, is imposed unwittingly by the loan's best friends, who have come to believe, in many instances, that the Treasury Department has deliberately made the total subscriptions appear less "by several hundred million dollars" than the returns. No such practice, it was emphatically asserted, has prevailed. The totals, official and estimated, as announced each night, it was asserted, represent the sum of official and estimated returns sent daily by wire to the Treasury, and are not altered, juggled or reduced.

"Ever since the latter part of the first week of the drive," reads the Treasury Department's statement, "almost three weeks ago, exaggerated reports of the total amount of subscriptions have been published daily in connection with stories that Treasury Department figures were bearish to the extent of several hundred million dollars."

"The policy of the department throughout the campaign has been to publish the latest official figures at hand exactly as returned by the Federal Reserve banks and to make public without change estimates forwarded to Washington by heads of the various district committees."

LOST FIGHTERS WELL INSURED

New Law Applies to those Killed on Transport Last Week. Care for Families.

Washington, Oct. 22.—All hands in the military and naval service who perished with the lost American transport Antilles torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine October 17, came within the scope of the new war insurance law, the Treasury Department announced, and thereby automatically carried insurance to the amount of \$5,000 each.

This sum will be paid the families of the dead soldiers and sailors in monthly installments of \$25 each over a period of 20 years. It is in addition to compensations which will be paid to widows, children and dependent mothers of the men. A widow, for example, will be paid \$25 insurance and \$25 compensation, a total of \$50. While the \$25 insurance is a fixed maximum, in cases where no application for insurance was made, the additional compensation varies from \$20 for a motherless dependent child to a maximum of \$75 for all dependents.

GERMANS HOLD A PATRIOTIC RALLY

Franz Sixel Addresses Remarkable Meeting at Schurz Monument.

New York, Oct. 22.—Two thousand men, women and children of German birth or descent, crowded around the Carl Schurz monument in Central Park Sunday, reaffirmed their allegiance to the United States and pledged themselves to aid to the end in waging war against "the enemies of liberty and freedom." The meeting which began as a Liberty Loan rally, ended as an impressive patriotic demonstration when the throng joined in singing "The Star Spangled Banner."

The singing of the national anthem, a number not on the program, was begun without prompting from their elders by children assembled at the base of the statue of the American patriot of German birth. The childish treble rose to a triumphant chant as men and women took up the strain.

"Give and give to the limit of your means" and "Let us carry on the war to victory" were some of the pleas of the German-American speakers which moved their auditors to cheers.

FOR SALE: bay mare, 10 years old. Good family horse. Apply Lester Bowers, at Geiselman's store.—advertisement

QUEEN OF SPAIN AND SON



Queen Victoria of Spain has been spending a great deal of time at the summer resort of Sardinero with her children, who, like all youngsters of their age, heartily enjoyed the opportunity to romp on the sands, wade and swim in the water. The photo shows her with one of her sons, little Prince Gonzalo, on the sands. The young prince is dressed ready for a dip. This photo is the most recent taken of the queen and has just arrived in this country. The king of Spain is often mentioned as a possible peace maker.

RUSSIAN NAVAL FORCES ESCAPE

No Longer Bottled up when they Manage to Get Away from Germans.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Russian naval forces, which retired behind Moon Sound after an engagement last week with a German squadron in the Gulf of Riga, have left Moon Sound and are sailing in a northerly direction. It was officially announced Sunday by the German War Office.

German forces have occupied the Island of Schildau, between Moon Island and the Estonian Mainland. The Teutons who landed on the Island of Dago have reached the east coast and have captured several hundred Russians. The text of the statement follows:

"Eastern theater: On the Island of Dago the east coast has been reached by our troops. Raiding detachments are penetrating into the interior. Up to the present we have taken several hundreds of prisoners. The Island of Schildau, which is situated between Moon Island and the Mainland, has been occupied by us."

"The Russian naval forces have left Moon Island and are sailing in a northerly direction. They have abandoned the wreck of the Battleship Slava and also four vessels which had run ashore."

STRONG LIBERTY CAMPAIGN THERE

Nearby Counties Organize in Concerted Drive for the Big Loan.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—Almost five hundred experienced salesmen, including the best bankers and bond salesmen in Harrisburg, went "over the top" to-day as the Harrisburg district campaign for the second Liberty Loan opened.

The district includes Dauphin, Cumberland, Perry and Juniata counties. So far nothing has been done in the sales line; it has all been preparation. Harrisburg is one of the few districts in the state which has adopted this method. The district quota is \$7,500,000. Conference of raising it is everywhere. Last spring the district oversubscribed its quota by almost 100 per cent.

The first meeting of the drive will be to-night when Dr. Guy Carleton Lee, well-known local lecturer and president of the Carlisle Chamber of Commerce, will speak here. Wednesday night a lecture will be given by the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, of New York.

The Harrisburg campaign, like its spring drive, is modeled upon the famous campaign which have been used all over the country to raise funds for local charities. All that's lacking is a big clock hung on a prominent corner. Instead of that a campaign banner has been swung across Market Square. When last used it bore portraits of Taft and Sherman; instead of pictures the slogan "Buy a Bond" appears.

Throws Away Mangled Arm. Martins Ferry, O.—His arm almost severed by a train, H. Armstrong of Butler, Pa., remarked that it was of no use to him, and, tearing loose the silver of flesh that was holding it, threw the arm into the weeds beside the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad tracks at Bridgeport the other day. The accident occurred in Kirkwood. Armstrong was struck by a train and when found by pedestrians was covered with blood. He was taken to the Martins Ferry hospital.

TO LIST ALL FOR SERVICE IN ARMY

Will Simplify Matter of Future Calls from List of Registrants.

TO MAKE FIVE CLASSES

Every Man can know just where he Stands and what his Chances are of being Sent to Camp.

Washington, Oct. 22.—A sweeping change in the machinery of the selective draft, based on division of the 9,000,000 remaining registrants into five classes in order of their eligibility for military service, is announced by Provost Marshal General Crowder. The plan has been approved by President Wilson. It is calculated to do away with virtually all the complicated machinery of the first draft and to make the operations of the local boards hereafter little more than rubber stamp proceedings.

As worked out the plan will divide registrants into five classes their eligibility to be determined as follows:

Class 1.—Bachelors without dependents; men with self-supporting wives; any others with no claims of dependency or valid excuse for not serving.

Class 2.—Highly skilled farm laborers; men with wives who could work; and others of only slight dependency.

Class 3.—Men with aged mothers; highly skilled operators in war industries.

Class 4.—Men with large families dependent upon them—say with a wife and three or four children.

Class 5.—Those unfit for military duty because of physical disability.

Class one would be called first; class two next if needed and so on.

In each class, then, men would be subject to call in the turn which the original drawing gave them.

It is provided that appeals from the classifications can be taken. The plan was worked out at conference with local and district board officials and approved by the various State authorities. Its chief features are that every registered man will know his exact position and be able to arrange his affairs accordingly and that no man deemed necessary in any important industry or needed at home to support his family, will be called to the colors unless the military situation is desperate.

Detailed regulations to govern the new system are now being made ready for distribution to local and district board members. General Crowder in a formal statement assures them that they will be given ample opportunity to familiarize themselves with these regulations before the machinery provided is called into use. As the next call to the colors is to be made under the new plan, this assurance is taken to indicate that the second call is not to be expected before the first of the year.

SENATOR KILLED Received Load from Brother's Shotgun while Hunting.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 22.—United States Senator Paul O. Husting, of Wisconsin, died at a farmhouse, near Rush Lake, Wis., late Sunday night as the result of wounds accidentally inflicted upon him with a shotgun by his brother, Gustave, while hunting ducks in the morning.

According to reports here Senator Husting had sighted a flock of ducks and called his brother to shoot. He was in front, and as his brother fired he rose, receiving the full charge of the shotgun in his back. He was at once rushed to a farmhouse nearby, as his condition was such that it was considered inadvisable to move him to a hospital at either Oshkosh or Fond du Lac, the nearest cities with hospital facilities.

London, Oct. 22.—British naval planes dropped a large quantity of bombs on the Engel airbase and the docks at Bruges, in Belgium, on Friday night, causing a fire in the German establishments. The text of a British Admiralty statement says: "On the night of the 19th of October and the morning of the 20th bombing raids by naval aircraft were carried out on the Bruges docks and the Engel airbase. A fire is reported to have broken out. Large quantities of explosives were dropped. All our machines returned."

BUFFALO WAGES GAME FIGHT Wounded Animal Gives Battle Royal to Huntsmen When He Is Poked in the Eye.

An exciting story is told of a party who went buffalo shooting in Zuzaland recently. During the course of the holiday a buffalo was shot early one morning. The party saw the animal drop, and as it did not move, decided to deal with it later in the day. Returning in the afternoon they saw the buffalo from a distance, apparently in the same position as they left it. One of the hunters went out to the buffalo and on reaching it poked a stick in its eye. This had the effect of restoring animation in the animal, which was only badly wounded, and a warm time thereupon ensued for the gentleman in question.

THEIR HONOR ROLL This Sunday School Has Six Men in Service.

In connection with the Rally Day service in Zion Reformed Sunday School, at Ardenstville, on Sunday, an honor roll for the enlisted men from the Sunday School was presented to the school. Six men are in the service, one of whom is in France. Two were students for the ministry.

ATTACK SUB BASE Belgian Ports of Ostend and Bruges under Fire.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The Belgian port of Ostend, which is a submarine base of the Germans on the North Sea, has been bombarded from the sea, it was announced by the German War Office, houses in the town being damaged.

CARD OF THANKS Mrs. Noah Fleck wishes to thank her neighbors and friends for their kind assistance during the illness and death of her husband.—advertisement

HE MAKES WAR POSTERS



Within a few days we may expect to see on all the fences and bill posting spaces in the cities of the country, one of the most powerful appeals for recruits in the navy that has so far been put forth. It is a poster called "Over There," made by the famous artist Albert Sterner for the navy department.

ZEPPELINS HAD LOST BEARINGS

This Explains why Four Raiders Met Disaster in France. Airplane Superior.

Paris, Oct. 22.—Although at first it was believed that the visit of the Zeppelin fleet to France Saturday was an independent raid and the first step toward carrying out the threat made in a German wireless message which said it had been decided to destroy Paris in reprisal for French air raids on German towns, it now is generally believed that these eight Zeppelins, four of which were destroyed or captured, were returning from England and had lost their bearings owing to fog and probably had lost touch with their wireless communications.

The log book of the Zeppelin which landed intact, shows that she had been to England and prisoners from three other airships confirm this. One of the men captured said it was the lack of gasoline that forced his Zeppelin to descend. The raid is widely proclaimed by French observers as being definite proof of the superiority of the airplane over the Zeppelin. The day of the Zeppelin for bombardment, one expert says, is over. The sudden resumption of the use of the German dirigible is explained by the theory that the raiding Zeppelins belonged to a new type which lately had been reported to be in the course of construction at Lake Constance. No reports have yet been received that any damage was done by the Zeppelins or that bombs were dropped anywhere in France.

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Colors of the Rainbow. The colors of the rainbow vary according to their size, and the size differs according to the bigness of the raindrops. Large drops produce narrow rainbows and bright, clearly defined colors. The colors are generally as follows: When the raindrops are in the average one millimeter in diameter we see a violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow, orange, pale red and deep red rainbow; when the drops average three-tenths millimeter, the rainbow is violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow and orange. Drops of one-tenth millimeter produce the succession of a very pale violet, violet, whitish blue, whitish green, bluish yellow and pale yellow. Drops of one-twentieth millimeter (fog) give white tinted with violet, a very vivid white, a white tinted with yellow and a very pale yellow.

Origin of Order of Odd Fellows. Details of the origin of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows are obscure and probably will always remain so. From incidents attending the extension of Freemasonry in England, America and elsewhere in the period between its arrival in 1717, and year 1740, and from similarity of emblems and to some extent mechanical arrangement of ceremonials some investigators believe that the order of Odd Fellows was an offshoot of Freemasonry. First recorded lodge was in England in 1745. Its membership consisted of mechanics and laborers. Provisions were made for comfort and recreation of members and practices of contributing to relief of needy and unfortunate brethren began early.—Exchange.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Interest. Guests in Many Gettysburg Homes.

MANY VISIT ELSEWHERE

Mention of People on Short Journeys, to Nearby Towns and those Spending the Day with Friends here.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter H. O'Neal have returned to their home on Baltimore street after a visit in St. David's.

Those who spent Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Musselman, McKnightstown, were Rev. and Mrs. V. G. Hartman and children, of Fairfield; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Keller, of McKnightstown; and Mr. and Mrs. Curtin McGlaughlin, of McKnightstown Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Cassidy have returned to their home in Baltimore, after a visit of several days with Mrs. Anna McSherry, West Middle street.

Mrs. Katharine Wassem has returned to Baltimore, after spending several months with her sister, Mrs. Anna McSherry, West Middle street.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Eckenrode, of South Washington street, spent Saturday, with their daughter in Baltimore.

Miss Amy J. Kurtz has returned to her home in Harrisburg after a visit with friends in town.

Mrs. Charles North and son, John, of Johnstown, spent Sunday with the former's brother, John E. Sharretts, of Co. B, 58th regt., and with Wm. H. Sharretts and family, of Stevens street.

Miss Katie Raffensperger, of East Middle street, is spending a month at the home of her sister, Mrs. P. B. Crout, Narbeth.

Mrs. Clinton Brown and children, of Hanover, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Buohl, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. Motter has returned to her home in Washington, D. C., after a visit at the home of Mrs. M. Valentine, Springs avenue.

Roy Stallsmith, of York, spent Sunday at his home on Liberty street.

Miss Ada Williams, of West Middle street, is spending the day in York. Mrs. J. A. Stallsmith, of York street, is spending several days at Guilfens.

Col. E. B. Cope, of Baltimore street, has gone to Philadelphia to attend a meeting of the Loyal Legion this week.

Charles Hummelbaugh has returned to Harrisburg after spending some time at his home on Buford street.

Miss Lucile Bream, who has been visiting friends and relatives in this place, has returned to her home in Carlisle.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Oyler, York street, and Miss Maude Brenisholtz, who has been visiting here, have gone to Millin.

Mrs. Charles B. Dyson, of California, who is visiting friends here, is spending several days in Philadelphia.

Miss Jennie Galt, of Taneytown, is visiting at the home of Miss Agnes Barr, Baltimore street.

Mrs. A. D. Cudsey, of Easton, is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. George D. Stanley.

C. W. Baker has returned to Gettysburg after spending the past few days in York.

Miss Lucy Tawney and Miss Menchey have returned to Gettysburg after spending the past few days in Hanover.

Colors of the Rainbow. The colors of the rainbow vary according to their size, and the size differs according to the bigness of the raindrops. Large drops produce narrow rainbows and bright, clearly defined colors. The colors are generally as follows: When the raindrops are in the average one millimeter in diameter we see a violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow, orange, pale red and deep red rainbow; when the drops average three-tenths millimeter, the rainbow is violet, pale blue, bluish green, green, yellow and orange. Drops of one-tenth millimeter produce the succession of a very pale violet, violet, whitish blue, whitish green, bluish yellow and pale yellow. Drops of one-twentieth millimeter (fog) give white tinted with violet, a very vivid white, a white tinted with yellow and a very pale yellow.

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She Overheard Him. "I didn't know golf was a gambling game."

"It isn't."

"It must be. I heard you saying that you broke 100 yesterday."

Eckert's Store, "On The Square"

SOLDIER

We have the very things that he needs in his camp life. The list includes, Pocket Flashlights, Compasses, Knives of all sorts, Watches, Heavy Blankets. Leather goods, Trunks, Suit cases, and other receptacles for clothing, and many other things which we have found will answer the soldiers' desires.

Adams County Hardware Co.

Baltimore street,

Gettysburg.

MOST FARMERS

Don't object to the gentlemanly hunter going through his fields and in his woodlands in search of game, but it's the other kind of sportsman the land owner has to guard against—the one who tears down fences, shoots around buildings, tramples newly seeded ground and so on.

Guard against these things by posting your land with our trap signs. Cardboard signs, six for 25 cents, muslin signs 10 cents each or three for 25 cents. Add three cents for postage if you want them mailed.

And another good way to keep the hunter from starting for your place is to put your name in our trespass list. 50 cents for the entire season.

The Gettysburg Times

ANNOUNCEMENT

With the addition of an Automobile Funeral Car we are now equipped to attend promptly to calls from distant parts of the county.

H. B. BENDER,

Both Phones Funeral Director Gettysburg. Cashtown Branch.

In Charge of M. E. FREED.

WRITTEN BEFORE THE WAR

Impressive Fact in Nature is Stillness and Quiet on Earth, Says Observatory Director E. L. Larkin.

One of the most impressive facts in nature is the stillness and quiet here on earth, writes Edgar Lucien Larkin, director of Mount Lowe observatory. Ancient roarings, thunderings of pent-up potential of electricity, the terrific energy of heat, the exploding surfaces of millions of suns so many times larger and energetic than our sun, itself 1,310,000 times larger than the earth, had to be hushed down into a stillness, quietude and silence to make ready for that amazing event, the creation of life on worlds, revolving around genial suns, giving out life-sustaining light and tempered heat.

None can imagine this perfect balance of titanic forces, for, with slight increase or decrease of the sun's radiant energy, all life on earth would vanish. How accurate the adjustment of mighty powers, that living things, where imminent death always lurks, could even appear and then survive. The mere item of the careful adjustment of the heat energy output of the sun for reception and use of the most delicate organisms on land and in the sea, this even balance is beyond imagination, and one of the marvels of the careers of the earth and man.

With the creation of life on earth, Mind Supreme appears, so far as man is able to see, rested and retired. There is no trace of the action of the Original Mind now on earth. The 603 laws of nature, their force, is all that can be detected in action now.

Health Commissioner of Milwaukee Rules It May Be Sold Under Proper Restrictions.

Milwaukee.—"Hortense, pass your plate for a drumstick of old Dobbin, or, would you prefer white meat?"

Horse meat will soon be on sale in Milwaukee. Health Commissioner George C. Ruhland has received inquiry from a number of butchers, who, under proper restrictions, will be permitted to market horse meat.

All such meat, the commissioner said, must be conspicuously designated as such and must bear the stamp of the health department.

An Unexpected Thrust. He—It seems we have to economize on our wool, my dear.

She—Then you had better begin with the lot of it that people are always pulling over your eyes.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor

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TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate of the Late
MARK R. SNIDER
ON

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917

The undersigned will sell at public sale the following valuable real estate:

At twelve o'clock, farm No. 1—containing 103 acres of land, more or less, situated in Frederick county, along the public road from Emmitsburg to Harney, and about one and one half mile from the latter place, adjoining the land of William A. Snider, R. S. Hill, Walter Shoemaker and R. Grier Shoemaker. The improvements on this farm consist of a two story log weatherboarded house of eight rooms; summer house; bank barn 44x66 feet; large double wagon shed with corn crib; hog pen 42 feet long; smoke house; wood shed, and all other outbuildings found on a first class farm. About nine acres of good white oak timber on this farm. The land on this farm is in a high state of cultivation having all been limed twice within the past twelve years and is now producing fine crops.

At 2:30 p. m. on the same date—Farm and wood lot No. 2—containing 120 acres of land, more or less, situated in Adams County, Pa., and Carroll County, Md., lying between the Littlestown and Gettysburg roads, about one half mile from Harney, adjoining lands of William Fox, Earlington Shriver, Jacob Stambaugh and others. The improvements on this farm consist of a two story eight room stone house; bank barn 42x66 feet; summer house; wagon shed; hog pen; 42 feet long, concrete floors throughout with corn crib attached; good well of water at the house and barn. The land has recently been limed and is in a high state of cultivation and produces fine crops.

Auctioneer, William Smith.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1917

No. 3. Wood lot containing 6 acres of fine timber, of oak and pine, situated near Barlow. October 25th, 1917 at 1:00 o'clock, p. m. Farm No. 3—containing 165 acres, more or less, situated in Adams County, along the Mummaburg Pike, adjoining lands of C. E. Stahle, Esq., Mr. Weaver and others, about four miles from Gettysburg. The improvements consist of a large bank barn 50x95, with slate roof; stone house with ten rooms; large shed; hog pen; hen house; corn crib; and other outbuildings. A never failing spring of water from which the water is pumped into an elevated reservoir cistern by wind pump. The land is in good state of cultivation of which there is an extra fine pasture meadow which is watered by a never failing stream of water. There is also about twelve acres of good white oak timber land.

Terms: a deposit of \$500.00 on day of sale. Further settlement arranged to suit purchaser.

MRS. MARGARET E. SNIDER

G. R. Thompson, Auctioneer.

Farm for sale or rent

Containing 80 Acres

situated in Straban township, between Huntersville and Table Rock. Good Apple orchard, some Peach and Cherry trees. Plenty of water at house and barn. Convenient to store, mill and railroad. School adjoining the property.

ISAAC HOWE,
RIC, GETTYSBURG, PA.

I will be in Gettysburg, Tuesday, October 23rd and 24th at Penrose Myers to examine eyes and fit glasses.

W. H. DINKLE,
Graduate of Optics.

RECORD OF LAFAYETTE ESCADRILLE ONE FOR AMERICANS TO REMEMBER

Famous Group of Airmen, Recently Transferred From Service Under the French Flag to the Stars and Stripes, Renders Invaluable Aid to the Allies on the Western Front—Deeds Will Live Long.

New York.—The transfer of the Lafayette Escadrille from service under the French flag to the Stars and Stripes recalls the record of the famous group of American airmen on the western front.

From a humble beginning the Escadrille has fought its way up to a point where it is recognized as rendering invaluable assistance to the efforts of the allies to defeat Germany. It started, to all purposes, shortly after the outbreak of war, when William Thaw II of Pittsburgh was in France for aviation purposes.

Thaw immediately volunteered his services to the French government and as a private in the infantry wallowed in the mud of the trenches for six months until the French authorities, realizing the importance of aviation as a war move, called for volunteers.

Thaw applied. He had already had considerable experience in aviation, having amazed society at Palm Beach and Newport with his mastery over airplanes, and his services were therefor accepted.

His lead was followed by others, until quite a number of American men of courage were enrolled in the French aviation section. The formation of the Lafayette Escadrille followed shortly after.

Young Thaw, for he had but reached his majority when the war broke out, was commissioned a lieutenant, and with his comrades quickly made the Escadrille a thing to be feared by the Hun airmen.

Gets Baptism of Fire.

On May 17, 1916, the American flotilla of the air took part in an expedition over the German lines for the first time as a unit. Bullets were spattered at them by the thousand from the German anti-aircraft guns, striking the tail plane and propeller of Lieutenant Thaw's machine. Corporal Victor Chapman's plane was also hit, but both managed to return behind the French lines in safety.

The second expedition took place two weeks later and while the American squadron was reconnoitering five of the American machines attacked 14 German aircraft, hoping to drive them behind the German lines. The Germans opened fire with machine guns and the Americans responded. The explosive bullets used by the Germans did great damage and soon two American machines were forced to the ground, one with a ripped gasoline tank and the other with a broken gun. Then two German machines were forced down by the fire of remaining American pilots. Corporal McConnell, who had two machine guns on his swift machine, did great execution with them, but finally after nine bullets had struck his machine he was forced to descend.

Such was the baptism of fire encountered by those Americans who risked expatriation because of their desire to fight. "Expatriation" is correct, inasmuch as when Thaw desired to visit his folks after a year at the front he traveled home on a French passport. The status of these men is as yet undecided, incidentally.

Exploits Attract Attention.

It was not long after the formation of the Escadrille that its members started to battle their way to a niche of recognition. One after another, they lived up to the ideals of America and "winged" Boche airmen and conducted successful expeditions back of the German trenches.

Nor was it long before the exploits of the American airmen attracted such attention that readers of American papers became accustomed to know what the name meant in the headlines and began to realize that, whatever the home authorities might be doing, some Americans were fighting alongside the French and British in a manner that brought naught but credit to the United States.

Thaw was the first to gain widespread attention. During the first of the raids of the Escadrille he was wounded in the arm, while attacking three German planes near Verdun. He had been out with the squadron for several hours and was waiting to learn by telephone that Germans had been signaled as coming toward France when the telephone operator got a report that three machines of the enemy were in sight.

Immediately four American airmen hurried to their machines with Thaw the first off. His plane quickly outdistanced the others and soon after he sighted a Fokker headed his way and not very far behind it two German machines. He was over German territory when he climbed up to attack, thinking it impossible for the enemy to aim at him without going into a steep dive. This advantage worked out to such purpose that he was able to get close to the German.

"I was so close," said Thaw at the time, "that I felt like calling to him to get out of the way before I pulled the trigger of the quick-firer. The fact that the gun jammed after a few shots did not prevent enough bullets from hitting him to send him below. I was so much interested in my combat that I forgot my comrades, but

when I was sure the Fokker was done for I looked around for them."

Thaw is Wounded.
Thaw's fellow-airmen weren't there, but two airplanes of the enemy were. "My quick-firer had stuck and as I had no other arms I got a little out of the enemy's way preparing to arranging the gun. Unfortunately, I did not get far enough and when I was reaching for the quick-firer I got a bullet through my arm. I turned toward our lines and the bullets hit my little Nieuport in several places. When one of the missiles struck my gasoline tank, tearing the bottom open, I shut off the motor and dove for the French trenches."

Thaw's first "big league" experience, so to speak, is cited simply as an indication of what the Americans forced themselves to do from the very first. They shirked no responsibility nor danger and battled their way to the thickest of the clashes between the German and French air forces, which became more and more frequent as the importance of aerial warfare increased.

Side by side with Thaw was Raoul Lufbery, who was the first American mentioned for bringing down five hostile planes. His case was rather unique, in that his parents died when very young and he was brought up by a family at Bourges. At thirteen he ran away from home, his tours finally bringing him in contact with the aviator, Maro Pourpe, who trained him to be his assistant.

Lufbery was of French nationality, but when he desired to enlist in the French army at the start of the war he was turned down because it was discovered he was an American. After many appeals he was allowed to go with Pourpe as his mechanic.

Lufbery Swears Vengeance.
Pourpe was killed soon afterward and Lufbery swore to avenge him. He imported his superiors to allow him to train as a pilot, and his request was finally granted and shortly after he received his pilot's certificate he was transferred to the American flying corps.

The fact that he was not talking idly when he swore to avenge his friend's death is shown by the fact that he is the premier "ace" of the Lafayette Escadrille. Now "winging" a machine behind the German lines means nothing, or rather not as much as bringing them down behind the French lines, because the latter is a much more difficult feat. To bring down five German planes in back of the French lines is the necessary requisite to be termed an "ace." Lufbery, who comes from New Haven, was the first American aviator to turn the trick.

So month by month as the Escadrille grew, with more and more Americans attracted to it by its exploits, the number of German planes destroyed by the American airmen grew in number. Very few weeks passed but what the Lafayette Escadrille was mentioned in the official French communiqués, and there are so many ordinary feats of bravery performed every day on the firing line that it requires something above the ordinary to break into official reports.

Thaw and then Lufbery were given medals of honor and several times cited for bravery. Others followed, the last being Sergeant Andrew Campbell, to whom official recognition came but last week, and who could safely be called a superman from his deeds of the past month or two.

Death Toll Heavy.

Naturally, the death toll was comparatively heavy. Among those who were rated as good fighters, and who gave their life for France were Victor, Chapman, Norman Prince, James McConnell, Renald Hesler, Kenneth Rockwell and Edward Genet. Others, however, took their places, it being only a month or so ago that eight young Americans of prominent families left for the front for service. They were selected from one hundred applicants for the service.

Such is the brief record of the Lafayette Escadrille, an organization that has fought as Americans should. Its record will not be sunk in its transfer to General Pershing's forces, for sentiment on the part of both American and French army chiefs favor the retention of the distinctive name.

At present plans call for the commissioning of Lieutenant Thaw as a major, with present members of the squadron being named as captains and lieutenants, to take charge of American aviators who will shortly join Pershing's troops in France.

78 DRAFTED OUT OF 120

Wisconsin Village Furnishes Largest Quota in Accordance With Its Population.

Cumberland, Wis.—In accordance to population this village probably will furnish the largest quota for the new national army of any single community in the state, if not the nation. Out of a total population of 2,000, 120 were registered, of which 78 were among the first to be drawn in the great human lottery.

Much Troubled.
Mrs. A.—"Are you troubled much in your neighborhood with borrowing?" Mrs. B.—"Yes, a good deal. My neighbors never seem to have anything I want."

SPENDS ALL TO EASE SUFFERING

Red Cross Uses No Part of War Fund for Administration Expenses.

COST IS MET BY MEMBERS

Tenfold Increase in Staff Since Year Ago—Total War Fund Subscription Paid in Is More Than \$30,000,000.

Washington.—Although the American Red Cross has more than 700 salaried employees in its headquarters in Washington, and the cost of conducting its affairs reaches a very high figure each month, absolutely no money contributed to the war fund is used for administrative expenses, according to a statement issued by Henry P. Davidson, chairman of the war council.

Mr. Davidson announced that \$6,175,752 have been appropriated for actual war work by the war council up to July 31, 1917. The total war fund subscription paid in on August 1 amounted to \$30,037,116.13. Actual disbursements up to that date were \$2,872,598.64.

The cost of maintaining the office in Washington, it is explained, is met by members of the Red Cross. On July 27 there were 2,517,412 members, each of whom has contributed to the organization, thus making it possible for officials to carry on their work in an up-to-date business way. The statement issued says:

Marvelous Growth in Year.

"To handle the business of the Red Cross a year ago there were 75 employees at the Washington headquarters; today there are 700 paid employees and 61 full-time volunteers. Over 3,000 pieces of mail come into Red Cross headquarters every day, and each must receive attention.

"The full-time volunteer workers who are aiding in administering the affairs of the Red Cross during the war include the head of the largest copper company in the world, a bank president, a railroad vice president and numerous men of influence and prominence from all parts of the United States. The ability and enthusiasm which has been placed freely at the disposal of the Red Cross in this situation is one of the most remarkable features of this enterprise.

"Members of the war council and their staff assistants, together with many heads of departments created specially for war service, are serving without salary.

"In addition to the 61 volunteer officers or employees at headquarters giving their full time to the Red Cross without salary, the organization on July 15 had on its pay roll 43 officers or employees receiving salaries of \$2,000 or more a year. Of the 43, 14 have been added since the appointment of the war council on May 10. One with a salary of \$6,000, one at \$4,500, one at \$4,000, two at \$3,000, one at \$2,700, one at \$2,500, three between \$2,000 and \$2,400, and four at \$2,000.

Many Give Their Services.
"Aside from the officers and employees

ees receiving salaries of \$2,000 or above, all other paid employees at headquarters are clerks or messengers. Of the clerks 24 receive salaries in excess of \$100 a month, 88 are paid \$100 a month, and 607 are paid less than \$100 a month. Many employees receive only nominal salaries, whereas they are accustomed to earn much more. This service is their contribution to the Red Cross. All administration and overhead expenses at headquarters are much more than met by dues from members of the Red Cross. Thus the war fund is and will continue to be available for actual relief work in Europe as well as in this country."

The statement says it is the earnest desire of the Red Cross that the American people, "to whom the Red Cross belongs, should know all about its acts and its affairs." Praise is given for the manner in which offerings have been made and it is noted that the task undertaken by the Red Cross to relieve suffering and distress is the most stupendous effort of the kind in the history of mankind.

"The accounts of the Red Cross," it is stated, "are regularly audited by the war department and an annual report is made to congress. But it is the purpose of the war council to take the people, day by day, as fully as possible into its confidence. Information as to Red Cross matters will accordingly be made public in great detail."

It is stated that the campaign for \$100,000,000 resulted in subscriptions of about that sum. Final returns are not yet available, it is said.

HAS BUNGALOW ON WHEELS

Wisconsin Couple Travel 4,750 Miles in House Mounted on Motor Car Chassis.

Marysville, Ore.—Traveling in a "home on wheels," Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Basel of Milton Junction, Wis., arrived here recently on their way home.

Mr. and Mrs. Basel are comfortably quartered in a neat little house built on a motor car chassis. The house is 6 by 6 by 13 feet, contains a cooking gallery, lavatory, table, chairs and bed. There are three windows on each side of the house and one in the rear. The house is built of basswood and covered with canvas. The floor is covered with rugs and the windows curtained. They have traveled 4,750 miles in their nomadic home.

BOY SURVIVES SNAKE BITE

California Lad Walks Fourteen Miles to His Home After Rattler Struck Him.

Oroville, Cal.—Willie Kirkpatrick, young son of Henry Kirkpatrick of Mountain House, was brought to the Oroville hospital the other day suffering from a rattlesnake bite. The boy was bitten on the index finger by a big rattler as he was scrambling over some rocks in the French creek canyon while on a fishing trip.

After being bitten by the rattler the boy had to walk 14 miles to his home, where a doctor was summoned, so that it was about fourteen hours after the accident before medical aid was given. Recently the lad was reported as doing well as could be expected, but that all danger from the poisoning was not past.

BUY a Liberty Bond.—advertisement

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL ESTATE
AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

ON
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917
The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises the following real estate better known as the residence of the late Aaron Sheely, consisting of

A lot of ground situate on the south-eastern corner of West Middle and Washington Streets in the Borough of Gettysburg, having a frontage on West Middle Street, of sixty (60) feet, more or less, and a depth of ninety (90) feet, more or less, improved with a large two and one-half (2½) story brick dwelling house and barn.

At the same time, there will be sold, a large portion of the household goods of the late Aaron Sheely, including

1 Grandfather's clock; 1 small old fashioned clock; parlor and bed room furniture, several heaters; kitchen stove and utensils; dishes; carpets; bed-room furniture and other articles too numerous to mention.

The sale will be held at ten o'clock, sharp, when terms will be made known by

SARAH M. SHEELY, Executrix of the last will of Lucy A. Sheely, deceased.

James M. Caldwell, Auctioneer.

Public Sale

OF REAL ESTATE

The undersigned will offer at public sale on

OCTOBER 26, 1917,

at 1:00

o'clock p. m. A double

house numbers 302-304

West Middle street, with

bath and conveniences.

These houses have seven

room each. This property

location affords a pleasant

view.

DR. E. P. WARREN.

Foulds' Funster—No. 16



What is the difference between the New York Subway and Foulds' Spaghetti?

One is "some hole" and the other is wholesome.

\$100 in gold will be paid for the 20 best advertising conundrums (\$5 each) received before December 15, 1917. Send to Foulds' Spaghetti Co., P. O. Box 100, Madison Square Station, New York City.

For variety of dishes, use Foulds' Curry-Q (Elbow) Macaroni and Foulds' Egg Noodles. They are flavorful, firm, tender and appetizingly clean, just like Foulds' Spaghetti.

Free Cook Book on postcard request.

STILL MOUNTING

When The Times circulation passed the 3500 mark several weeks ago it felt that pretty nearly the outside limit of possibilities had been reached. But more than another hundred subscribers have been added since then, the 3600 mark has been passed, and daily the list is going upward toward another century figure.

Would you buy, would sell, would you employ help, would you find a lost article,—would you wish to put any special matter before the people of this community, The Times will furnish you the medium with which to carry out your plans.

Try to find some one who doesn't read The Times every day and you will then see how completely Gettysburg and almost every section of Adams County is covered by this paper. Ask your friends if they read The Times and nineteen out of every twenty will promptly say "Yes, indeed".

You can tell all what you have to offer, or what you want, through its columns at a trifling cost—be it as a little local or a display advertisement. Our columns are at your service, and, if you want to use them, you can quickly do it knowing that

THE TIMES GETS RESULTS

NEWS FROM THE COUNTIES NEARBY

Franklin, Cumberland, and York.
Contribute Share of Happenings.

OF MUCH INTEREST HERE

Paragraphs of News Items from the Sections Immediately Adjoining Adams County.

YORK COUNTY

WOMEN WORK IN FIELDS

Those travelling through the rural districts about Spring Grove are impressed by the large number of women seen working in the fields. Although they are in large part employed in the light work of corn husking, the scene recalls to older residents those of the days of the Civil War, when it was a common sight for women to be seen ploughing and assisting in all farm work. Owing to the scarcity of farm labor, tillers of the soil are unable to secure help to assist in the fall corn husking, regardless of the price offered for their service. As a result, women are engaging in the work, and everywhere the work of corn husking is in progress the women in the fields outnumber the men. It has been many years since farm labor has been as scarce as is the case this year, farmers claim.

BOY LOSES EYE

Charles, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Keech, York, lost his left eye in an accident shortly before noon Thursday while he was shooting with an air rifle. Two companions, Owen Neall and Francis Spicer, were also injured. The boy placed an army cartridge between two boards nailed to the fence in the back yard at which he had been shooting, and his first shot hit the cartridge, discharging it in his direction, the bullet penetrating his head wiping the eye nearly out of the socket. A passing automobile conveyed Keech to the York hospital where an operation was performed. A piece of the brass shell hit the Neall boy, eight years old, on the middle finger of the left hand and the bullet from the air rifle rebounded and entered the left arm of the Spicer boy. The boys had just returned from school and it was while young Keech was showing how he had improved his aim that he fired at the cartridge.

MOTORS ON SEWING MACHINES

A pleasant surprise awaited the members of the Spring Grove unit of the Red Cross when they appeared at the sewing headquarters Friday evening to find each of the six sewing machines rigged up to as many electric motors. These attachments will not only make the work of the operators easy, but will greatly facilitate the work and increase the output. The motors are the gift of the residents of the borough and vicinity. A vote of thanks was extended by the Red Cross to the donors. The members of the auxiliary meet each Monday and Friday evening for the purpose of sewing and at the present time another class has been assembling at the rooms Tuesday evenings, which will also be added hereafter as another regular right. Next Friday evening there will be a meeting of the unit for the purpose of reorganizing and laying plans for another year's activities.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

KILLED BY TRAIN

His skull fractured and both legs broken Jerry Rowe was picked up unconscious and bleeding by his fellow-workmen two minutes after he had left his work Saturday at noon, in Waynesboro. Rowe was an employee of the Frick company and was employed in the boiler room. Saturday when the whistle blew for the noon hour Rowe picked up his coat and with other employees stepped out of the boiler room door and started for his home. His path from work lay along the Western Maryland tracks and near King street he turned and presumably saw a train approaching. He walked for a short distance and stepped on the ties. The engine struck him in the middle of the back and hurled him thirty feet along the tracks. His companions rushed to his aid and carried him into the Frick company hospital. Dr. W. C. Shultz was summoned and found that the man had sustained a fractured skull and had both legs broken. He was removed to the undertaking establishment of F. E. Grove where he died a short time after.

HIT IN FACE BY CHAIN

Lloyd Stoops, near Blue Rock, sustained several painful injuries to his face and head while he was working on the farm of John Harbaugh, near

being hauled out of the barn by a traction engine, a heavy iron chain connecting the two machines. The chain broke under the heavy strain and hit Mr. Stoops, who was standing nearby, inflicting several fractures of the bones of his face, lacerating one eye and probably injuring his skull. A Waynesboro physician was immediately summoned and relieved the man's suffering to some extent. He is resting more comfortably.

GETS \$500 BY WILL

John F. Rider, of Waynesboro, is named sole legatee and executor of the estate in the will of Isabella Rider. The will was dated August 31, 1916. A later will was also offered for probate but it had not been legally executed. The second will was made one year later than the former one. The will of Annie A. Harbaugh, of Waynesboro, was probated Friday. Besides a number of personal bequests, she gave \$500 to the Evangelical Lutheran church of Waynesboro, to be used in educating young men for the ministry, one hundred dollars to the Lutheran church at Quincey and a smaller amount to the Quincey Orphans' Home. Henry B. Baker was named executor. The will was dated August 15, 1917.

KILLED IN WRECK

Charles C. Matthews was almost instantly killed Friday evening when the train on which he was riding side-wiped a freight train near the fair grounds at Winchester, Va. Matthews, whose home is in Cedar Creek, Va., was fireman on passenger train number 47, due at Winchester at 7:30 Friday evening. His train hit a shifting freight. His arm was torn out at the socket and he was rushed to the Winchester hospital where he died a short time after from hemorrhage and shock. Harry Myers, of Chambersburg, was engineer on the train and W. H. Kuhn conductor of the train on which Matthews met his death. Charles Bower, Chambersburg, was engineer on the freight, but he escaped all injury by jumping. Nobody on the passenger train was hurt.

REPORT BOND THREATS QUICKLY

Instructions Given to All Bankers to Tell of Any Indications of Plots.

Secretary McAdoo has issued a statement requesting bankers to report to him the names of persons attempting to intimidate them in connection with making subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan and promising to see that the guilty persons are prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The Secretary's statement was prompted by reports from different parts of the country that depositors have threatened banks with withdrawal if they subscribe to the loan.

Text of Secretary's Statement: "From several sections of the country bankers have reported to me that some of their customers have threatened to withdraw deposits if their banks subscribed to the Liberty Loan. Such attempts at intimidation are made by disloyal and traitorous persons and are serious offenses against the law, for which stern punishment should be inflicted.

"I earnestly request any banks, State or national, against which such threats have been made to report immediately by telegram or letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, the names and addresses of the person or persons guilty of such disloyal and traitorous actions and I shall see to it that they are dealt with to the limit of the law.

Asks for Names of Persons "I also request such banks to inform me immediately if any deposits are withdrawn because they subscribe to the Liberty Loan, giving me the names of the person or persons who have made such withdrawals. Every bank in the United States subscribing to the bonds of the United States Government will be protected with all the power and resources of the Government to prosecute the war to a swift and victorious conclusion."

The Secretary telegraphed the statement to the Treasury Department from Salt Lake City, where he spoke on Thursday.

IRON SPRINGS

Iron Springs—The educational meeting of the teachers' association of Hamilton township, which was to have been held at the Furnace school house on last Friday evening will be held this Friday evening. If the weather should be unfavorable the meeting will be held on Monday evening, the 29th. The teachers are urged to be present. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. Gladys Russel, teacher of Mt. Hope school, Hamilton township, is ill at this writing.

WASHING wanted. Restaurant or boarding house preferred. Inquire

SELL POTATOES WHILE YOU CAN

That is Public Safety Committee's Advice to Farmers and Truckers.

MAY BE GLUT LATER ON

Transportation Facilities will not Improve during the Winter. Says Statement. Don't Hoard.

The following is issued by the committee of Public Safety for this state: Farmers who are in touch with market conditions are taking advantage of the present desire on the part of the consumer to lay in the winter supply of potatoes. These observing producers are marketing at least half of their crop.

For the past thirty days householders have been purchasing enough potatoes to carry them through the winter. The fact that this movement has begun about a month earlier than usual would seem to indicate that the storage demand may be met by the first of December and possibly by the middle of November.

The Food Supply Department of the Pennsylvania Committee of Public Safety advises that the time to sell potatoes is when the movement into storage is taking place. For instance, if the demand in a certain community is 100 bushels a day and that supply is not forthcoming and the people consume other foods the demand for that 100 bushels is lost forever. If this continues for any length of time there would be a glut in the spring. This would mean low prices and also a large number of potatoes wasted by spoiling.

This is the logical time therefore, regardless of price, for farmers to dispose of half or all of their crop. While an unusual food condition may result in a higher market in the spring yet the reverse may happen. The farmer who meets the demand when the householder is willing to stock up not only saves cost of storage and handling but escapes losses through sweating, shrinkage in weight and decay. He also gets his cash in hand early.

If at least fifty per cent of the potatoes raised this season in Pennsylvania were transferred from the farm to the cellars of consumers the producers would be very apt to benefit through increased consumption and there would remain fifty per cent to be disposed of later in the season. In other words, by selling just now when all conditions are favorable the big potato crop of Pennsylvania would be wisely distributed and there would be little or no waste due to poor storage, lack of storage or freezing.

Transportation facilities are not going to improve during the winter. Already there is a shortage of cars and with a growing demand for rolling stock for government uses there is a possibility that the farmer will find it difficult to move potatoes during the midwinter.

The thing that the food administrators of the various states want to avoid is food hoarding. If there is a long delay in getting the potato crop to the market the public will consume provisions that need to be conserved and next spring may find the farmers with a large supply of potatoes on hand to be disposed of at low prices.

Potato prices in various sections are the result of supply and demand. Market prices are made in the large cities. In nearby sections the cost of freight is added. In the producing centers the farmer is entitled to the price that he would receive from the commission man plus their commission and an extra charge for delivering five or ten bushel lots.

There should be good feeling between producers and consumers and in all cases it should be remembered that the price is fixed by the cities. Producers may keep in touch with the market and the prices that obtain by applying to the Bureau of Markets, Washington, D. C. for daily quotations.

The Fine Art of Smiling.

Why do we not always smile when we meet a fellow being? That is the true recognition which ought to pass from soul to soul. Little children do this involuntarily. The honest-hearted peasant does it. It is the magical sunlight all through that simple land, the perpetual greeting on the right hand or the left between strangers as they pass each other, never without a smile. This, then, is the "fine art of smiling"—like all fine art, true art, perfection of art, the simplest following of nature.

The Cleanly Eel.

Fresh water eels are very clean feeders; they are sometimes seen cropping the leaves of watercresses and other aquatic plants as they float about in the water; but they are immense devourers of spawn of all kinds of fish. There are certain well-known spawning grounds in the Norfolk Broads where the roach and bream collect in vast numbers to spawn in the spring. To those grounds the eels follow in

THEIR IS WORK OF LOVE

Red Cross Men in Charge of Supplies at Base Hospitals Serve Without Pay.

Chicago.—The American Red Cross is placing men with United States army commissions in charge of Red Cross supplies at every base hospital, and at every training camp, cantonment, mobilization camp and other place where soldiers or sailors are assembled.

These men are chosen from volunteers who are more than thirty-one years of age—the draft limit—and much more mature men are given the preference so that no one may be put at civilian work who might better serve with the army. They draw no pay, but are given quarters and subsistence in accord with their rank.

At each such station there will be at least two Red Cross representatives, one of whom will be commissioned captain, and the others lieutenants. They will have charge of all shipments of Red Cross supplies to such military station, and will be the connecting link between the people and their fighting men. Some, if not all these officers will be given the opportunity to follow the soldiers to Europe, though no one in the volunteer is required to pledge himself to go abroad.

In calling for volunteers to serve in this capacity without pay, Col. J. R. Kean, U. S. A. Medical corps, said:

"The Red Cross realizes that men of the desired caliber cannot be hired, but must be attracted to the service by entirely unselfish motives, and a desire to help their country in this time of national emergency."

SOUTH RALLIES AND RAISES BIG CROPS

Jackson, Miss.—The campaign conducted in the South last spring for food and feed crops has been successful. The corn yield of Mississippi will be the greatest ever known. In some sections, 100 bushels will be gathered to the acre. Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee will also produce big yields. More acres were planted to corn than ever in the history of the South, according to unofficial reports.

Speaking of Metallic Rings.

"I might have known that you would have refused me," said the poor but otherwise honest young man, who had failed to make an impression on the maiden's heart. "I noticed a metallic ring in your voice when I entered the parlor tonight, that bode me no good."

"And had you been a little more observant," she replied, "you would also have observed a metallic ring on my third finger, which Charlie Grotto placed there last night."

Thirty seconds later his feet were following each other along the homeward trail.

What Women Did in Civil War.

Women all over the United States formed societies and made bandages and comforts of various kinds for the soldiers, but their work, too, lacked the direction and uniformity which are necessary for prompt and effective assistance. In the Civil War, country women were especially generous in contributing time and labor to the cause of helping the sick and wounded. In many instances the men were not given enough green food, and farmers contributed potatoes and fresh vegetables in large quantities, which frequently saved a camp from scurvy and other diseases.—Farm and Fireside.

How They Do It.

You have doubtless been thrilled by a jungle scene in the movies where a lion closely pursues the fleeing heroine. It is a real lion, too, and anybody can see that they are really running. It is all done by means of a treadmill upon which the lion is safely chained, though his bonds are not conspicuous. He is induced to run, the heroine marks time with all her might and a painted background of tropical scenery is moved past them at high speed on rollers.

SURGEONS GIVEN MANY POINTERS

School for their Special Benefit is Opened and Many are Attending.

EXPERTS GIVE LECTURES

Wounded Soldiers will Have Men Thoroughly Trained to Care for them. Mayo Brothers to Speak.

(By United Press)

Chicago, Oct. 22.—American surgery went to school to-day to the most skillful men of its profession, so that wounded Sammies may benefit from three years of research and experimental work, developed through the casualties of the world war. The school is the eighth Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America. More than 2,500 medical men from all parts of the country are attending the Congress which will continue through Saturday. They will receive instructions from the most noted surgeons of Europe and the United States, including Colonel Goddwin, of the British Commission, Colonel Derde of the French Medical Service, surgeons of the Italian army and navy, and American military and civil medical men.

At the opening session of the congress to-day, discussions and demonstrations of successful methods of organic surgery were given by Surgeon-General Gorgas, U. S. A., Surgeon-General Braisted, U. S. N., and Surgeon-General Blue of the U. S. Public Health Service. The entire congress visited hospital this afternoon to witness actual operations.

William J. Mayo and Charles H. Mayo, Rochester, Minn., will be the principal speakers to-morrow when anesthetics will be demonstrated. "Nikalgin" said to be a miraculous local anesthetic, will not be taken up by the congress, it was declared to-day. Many of the surgeons attending discredit the claims of Gordon Edwards, the discoverer, and will not adopt it until its worth has been proven.

BIGLERVILLE

Biglerville.—Mrs. G. E. Deardorff spent Saturday in Gettysburg.

Miss Hazel Deatrick, of Irving College, is spending a few days at her home on East York street.

Mrs. George Merz was a Gettysburg visitor on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Fohl and son, Dale, visited Mrs. Fohl's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Spangler, at Centre Mills, on Sunday.

Miss Bertha Heiges, who is employed in Gettysburg, spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss Mellon spent Sunday at her home in Shippensburg.

"The Dependables" of the Reformed church will render a special program next Sunday evening.

Miss Margaret Spangler, of Centre Mills, visited friends here on Sunday.

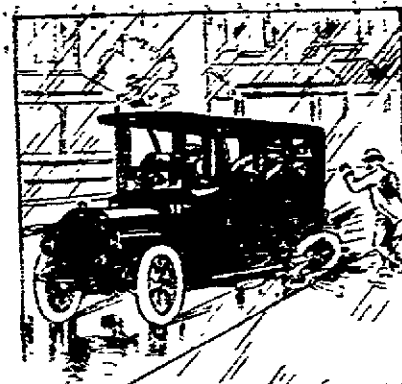
Calvin Linah and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Linah's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Zephaniah Tipton.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shank and two children moved to Harrisburg last week.

First Women Voters.

The first experiment in woman suffrage was in New Jersey, which organized as an independent state two days before the Declaration of Independence, with a constitution that allowed universal suffrage, male and female, without regard to color. This male, without regard to color, until 1844, when suffrage was restricted to males on the alleged ground that women, as a class, did not care for it or exercise it.

Reason for Self-Confidence. Self-confidence is really based primarily upon one's consciousness of his own powers or of his deficiencies. A clear understanding of this fact will help to simplify the problem. It is perfectly clear, for instance, that the man who is poorly educated, who has neglected his opportunities, who is uneducated, who lacks self-restraint, who is truly incompetent in practically all directions, and who is at the same time conscious of his deficiencies, cannot expect to enjoy any degree of self-confidence.—Physical Culture.



Don't risk your life and car—the lives of others in your care and of bystanders—by driving without SKID CHAINS—for your car WILL skid in wet weather without them.

We have a stock comprising almost all sizes in the best of makes—let us supply you.

A full line of other automobile supplies, accessories, etc., always on hand.

At

STONERS TIRE SHOP,

Opposite Post office

Nine Safe Rules.

Drink less, breathe more; eat less, chew more; ride less, walk more; clothe less, bathe more; worry less, sleep more; talk less, think more; waste less, give more; scold less, read more; preach less, practice more.

WANTED

1000 Cords of Pulp wood delivered along W. M. and P. & R. Railways. Gum, Poplar, Sycamore, and Linn.

CHAS. J. DEARDORFF

AUTUMN AUTO RIDING

Is one of the greatest pleasures of the motor car owner. Never before have the trees presented a sight of more dazzling beauty than this year when every limb and branch bears the brightly hued leaves of many shades. But the pleasure is not worth while unless you are well equipped with comfortable

Motor Car Robes

And we have an especially fine stock to show you. Beautiful plush robes, double faced, and with a lining calculated to keep you warm as toast. Robes of other materials, attractive, durable and warm. The moderate as well as the high-priced robes.

Other Blankets

The horse must be looked after these cool fall mornings and evenings. Nothing is more satisfactory to the man who drives than one of the 5A blankets, long recognized as a standard article in its line. And we have a good assortment from which to take your pick.

HUNTING TIME IS UPON US

And those who have not yet bought their equipment can do no better than to look over our stock of shot guns, rifles, ammunition of all sorts, and a specially nice line of outfittings for the sportsman who revels in the Autumn days in the woods.

Gettysburg Department Store,

Baltimore Street.

Gettysburg.

YOU CAN HAVE NO EXCUSE

All the carrier boys at the Stallsmith News-Stand have bought Liberty Bonds. If they can, why can't you? If these little fellows are willing to devote a large portion of their earnings to their country's cause, what possible excuse can you have for not doing your share also?

Every one must recognize the country's immediate need for money. The security is the best in the world. America's entire resources are behind these bonds—every forest, every mine, every crop, every herd of cattle, every industry, every store, every homestead, every bank.

If we lose this war, every penny you earn will be shared by the War Lord's tax collectors, and the enemy's bayonets will still your protests.

Would you rather LEND to the United States or GIVE to Germany? Subscribe through any bank or trust company in Adams County.

This space donated by the Stallsmith News-Stand Drug Store.

HOW TO ADDRESS BOYS IN KHAKI

Directions for Sending Mail to Men in Service of United States.

WHERE CAMPS ARE LOCATED

Distribution of Men in the National Guard and the National Army by States—Officers' Training Camp.

Washington—Mail for soldiers or prospective officers in training should be addressed as follows:

JOHN SMITH,
Company X, — Regiment,
American Expeditionary Forces.

JOHN SMITH,
Company X, R. O. T. C.,
(Camp in which training)
(Town and state; location camp)

JOHN SMITH,
Company X, — Regiment,
(Name N. G. Concentration Camp)
(Town and State).

Mail for the expeditionary forces will be forwarded by the government with the above address, which will be all that is required in view of the enforced policy of maintaining the secrecy of the camp location in France.

The parenthesis above denoted may be filled in by the following schedule:

NATIONAL ARMY CONCENTRATION CAMPS ADDRESS AND TROOPS AT STATION

Northeastern Department

Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

First Division—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut.

Eastern Department.

Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md.

Fourth Division—Southern Pennsylvania.

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.

Fifth Division—New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.

Third Division—New York State, Northern Pennsylvania.

Camp Upton, Yaphank (L. I.), N. Y.

Second Division—Metropolitan District of New York.

Southeastern Department

Camp Gordon, Chamblee, Ga. (near Atlanta).

Seventh Division—Georgia, Alabama, Florida.

Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

Sixth Division—Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina.

Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark.

Twelfth Division—Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi.

Central Department

Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.

Tenth Division—Michigan, Wisconsin.

Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio.

Eighth Division—Ohio, West Virginia.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa.

Thirteenth Division—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota.

Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Ninth Division—Indiana, Kentucky.

Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan.

Fourteenth Division—Kansas, Missouri, Colorado.

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.

Eleventh Division—Illinois.

Southern Department

Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Fifteenth Division—Texas, Arizona, New Mexico.

Western Department

Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash.

Sixteenth Division—Washington, Montana, Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, California, Nevada, Utah.

SOUTH DIVISION.
Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C.
Ninth Division—Tennessee, North Carolina.
Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.
Seventeenth Division—Indiana, Kentucky.
Camp Logan, Houston, Tex.
Twelfth Division—Illinois.
Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.
Tenth Division—Georgia, Alabama, Florida.
Camp Kearney, Linda Vista, Cal.
Nineteenth Division—California, Utah, Arizona, Nevada, Colorado, New Mexico.

Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.
Sixteenth Division—Ohio, West Virginia.

Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, Cal.
Twentieth Division—Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Part North Dakota.

Camp Doniphan, Fort Sill, Okla.
Fourteenth Division—Missouri, Kansas.

Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C.
Sixth Division—New York.

Camp McArthur, Waco, Tex.
Eleventh Division—Michigan, Wisconsin.

Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Tex.
Fifteenth Division—Texas, Oklahoma.

RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMPS (R. O. T. C.)

Belvoir, Va. (via Washington, D. C. and boat).

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind.

Deon Springs, Tex. (Exp., Boerne).

Fort Logan H. Roots, Little Rock, Ark. (P. O., Argenta, Ark.)

Madison Barracks, Sackett Harbor, N. Y.

Fort McPherson, Georgia. (Exp. and Tel., Atlanta, Ga.)

Fort Meyer, Virginia. (Exp., Washington, D. C.)

Fort Niagara, Youngstown, N. Y. (Exp., Lewiston, N. Y.)

Fort Oglethorpe, Dodge, Ga. (Exp., Rossville).

Plattsburg Barracks, Plattsburg, N. Y.

Fort Riley, Kansas.

San Francisco, Presidio of, San Francisco, Cal.

Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Fort Snelling, Minnesota (Exp., Mendota, Minn.).

For convenience of our readers in addressing members of the aviation training units we append the following.

The address in its entirety may be modeled on the form given in the first paragraph.

AERO TRAINING STATIONS.

Avia, Near Belleville, Ill.; Columbus, Ohio, Wilbur Wright Field; Dayton, Ohio; Essington, Pa.; Hampton, Va.

Langley's Field; Mineola, (L. I.), N. Y.; Mt. Clemens, Mich., Selfridge Field; Pensacola, Fla. (P. O., Warrington); Rantoul, Ill., Chanute Field; San Antonio, Texas; San Diego, Cal., North Island.

ARMY BALLOON SCHOOL.

Fort Omaha, Neb. (P. O., Tel. and Exp., Omaha, Neb.).

SQUIRRELS HAVE WAR CROP

When Green Peanuts Were Given Them in Madison They Planted Them.

Madison, Wis.—The squirrels in the capitol park evidently knew it was necessary to grow a war crop this year.

Last spring someone gave the squirrels green peanuts—not the fine, hot-roasted peanuts they like. Did they eat them? Not on your life.

They had been listening to all that flood of oratory that came from the open legislative windows about the necessity of a large war crop; how people might starve for lack of food, and the like. So they planted those green peanuts.

Now Superintendent of Public Property M. F. Blumenfeld is exhibiting the fine crop of peanuts grown in the capitol park from nuts planted by the squirrels.

IS YOUR BOY NOW SERVING UNCLE SAM?

If he is, you can send him a daily letter from home.

And you can do it for 25 CENTS A MONTH, if he is still in this country. The TIMES will make him happy six times a week, and we will change his address just as often as you wish, whenever he is sent from one camp to another, if you will notify us. His home paper will be a joy and comfort to him, and a gift he will appreciate above anything else you could give him. We are already sending many of them the paper. Let us add your boy to the list.

Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La.

Eighteenth Division—Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas.

Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.

Eighth Division—New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia.

Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga.

Seventh Division—Pennsylvania.

Camp Green, Charlotte, N. C.

Fifth Division—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island.

Camp Cody, Deming, N. M.

Thirteenth Division—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

When eggs grow cheap, we'll surely make a cake.
Some happy afternoon for early tea,
And what a joyful thrill 'twill give to know
That we may use two eggs, or even three!

—Harriet W. Symonds.

SOMETHING TO EAT.

We have been instructed in several languages this year to use cornmeal and save white flour, which we are all willing to do; here's hoping we do not run out of cornmeal.

Corncake.—Sift together one cupful of flour, three-fourths of a cupful of cornmeal, one third of a cupful of sugar, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a half-teaspoonful of salt.

Beat one egg and one egg yolk; add three-fourths of a cupful of milk and stir into the dry ingredients with three tablespoonfuls of melted butter.

Pumpkin Pie (New).—Beat two eggs, add two cupfuls of strained pumpkin, one-fourth of a cupful of orange marmalade, chopped fine, a little salt, a cupful of cream and a cupful of milk; mix and bake in a large pie plate lined with crust. Bake one hour.

Deviled Rabbit.—Melt half a table-spoonful of butter in a chafing dish or a double boiler; add half a pound of common cheese cut thin and stir constantly until it is melted; add one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of paprika, one table-spoonful of pickle or mixed mustard.

Worcestershire sauce and the yolks of two eggs beaten and mixed with half a cupful of cream; stir constantly and cook over boiling water until smooth and thick. Serve at once for luncheon or supper on hot crackers or bread toasted on one side.

Tango Salad.—Peel and halve and core ripe, juicy pears, and if desired, cut the halves in thin slices without cutting quite through. Rub them with the cut side of a lemon, set a ball of cream cheese or a few cubes of Roquefort in the cavity, set these on heart leaves of lettuce and pour over a dressing made as follows: Beat a fourth of a cupful of olive oil with a teaspoonful of vinegar, salt and mustard, half a teaspoonful of paprika, and one-fourth of a cupful of chili sauce, until well blended, then beat into a cupful of mayonnaise.

Nellie Maxwell

(Medical Advertising)

HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

Madison, Wis.—The squirrels in the capitol park evidently knew it was necessary to grow a war crop this year.

Last spring someone gave the squirrels green peanuts—not the fine, hot-roasted peanuts they like. Did they eat them? Not on your life.

They had been listening to all that flood of oratory that came from the open legislative windows about the necessity of a large war crop; how people might starve for lack of food, and the like. So they planted those green peanuts.

Now Superintendent of Public Property M. F. Blumenfeld is exhibiting the fine crop of peanuts grown in the capitol park from nuts planted by the squirrels.

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Call British Tanks "Willies."

During the summer of 1916 an enemy agent, trying to tap the wires in England might have been mystified to pick up such messages as: "Twelve Willies reach you today," or "Send tails for six females," writes Col. E. D. Swinton in the World's Work.

"Willie," a pet cognomen adopted as suitable for the telephone and obviating the use of a code for telegrams, was suggested by the fact that the first experimental "Landship" completed, though equally malevolent, was smaller and less powerful for evil than its immediate successor, eventually the type adopted. When the two creatures were together they gave the ludicrous impression of being child and parent of a monstrous and evil brood.

Hence, naturally, "Little Willie" and "Big Willie." The "Big Willies" were also somewhat unbiologically classified as males and females, according to their armament. Incidentally, to help to conceal the destination of the tanks at the stage when any illusion as to their purpose was precluded, they were painted with the inscription, "With Care. To Petrograd," in large Russian characters.

England's Need.

Howard E. Coffin, who is standardizing the American airplane, said to a correspondent:

"Standardization is the modern efficiency method. The Germans have standardized their submarine. England is a great country, a brave country, an unconquerable country, but England needs standardization.

"When an Englishman wants to say that a check is 'for deposit only' he doesn't write that on it. No, that isn't the English way. He writes 'K. Co.'"

"A Cambridge professor once explained to me some of the terms used at the great English university.

"He said 'full term' means three-quarters of a term. 'May week' is the first two weeks in June. 'General admission day' is the day everybody leaves. An 'ordinary degree' is one obtained by a special examination, and an 'arts inspector' is an arts student."

Lines to Be Remembered.

The great man is he who does not lose his child's heart.—Menicus.

Business Came First.

Some time ago two Chinese generals had planned a battle in the Chengtu plain, writes Owen Williams in the Christian Herald. It was within a few days of the rice harvest. The people petitioned the generals to call off their battle until the rice was harvested, and they did so. Then they went on with the fighting. But the days of such common sense are passing. Militarism is coming to demand more respect than that.

Courage.

Tenacity of will, or willfulness, lies at the root of all courage, but courage can rise into true manliness only when the will is surrendered, and the more absolute the surrender of the will the more perfect will be the temper of our courage and the strength of our manliness.—Exchange.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

Wheat \$2.00
Rye \$1.40
Oats 60

Wheat \$2.15
White Middlings \$3.15
Baled Straw 75
Timothy Hay \$1.10
Plaster \$9.00
Cement \$2.00
Home Flour \$10.60
Western Flour \$14.00
Coarse Spring Bran \$2.00
Hand Packed Bran \$2.00
Green cross Feed \$2.75
Holly Poultry Mash \$3.60
Schmacker \$2.75
Shell Corn \$2.00
Ear Corn \$2.00
Corn and Oats Chops \$2.85
Home Oats 75
Western Oats 90
New Oxford Dairy Feed \$2.65
Sucerene \$2.20
Cotton Seed Meal \$2.75

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Green cross Feed \$2.75
Holly Poultry Mash \$3.60
Schmacker \$2.75
Shell Corn \$2.00
Ear Corn \$2.00
Corn and Oats Chops \$2.85
Home Oats 75
Western Oats 90
New Oxford Dairy Feed \$2.65
Sucerene \$2.20
Cotton Seed Meal \$2.75

Wheat \$2.15
White Middlings \$3.15
Baled Straw 75
Timothy Hay \$1.10
Plaster \$9.00
Cement \$2.00
Home Flour \$10.60
Western Flour \$14.00
Coarse Spring Bran \$2.00
Hand Packed Bran \$2.00
Green cross Feed \$2.75
Holly Poultry Mash \$3.60
Schmacker \$2.75
Shell Corn \$2.00
Ear Corn \$2.00
Corn and Oats Chops \$2.85
Home Oats 75
Western Oats

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

Published Daily, Except Sunday
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,
President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor

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BELL PHONE 6-M UNITED PHONE 91-W
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties. Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials, one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate of the Late

MARK R. SNIDER

ON

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917

The undersigned will sell at public sale the following valuable real estate:

At twelve o'clock, farm No. 1—containing 103 acres of land, more or less, situated in Frederick county, along the public road from Emmitsburg to Harney, and about one and one half mile from the latter place, adjoining the land of William A. Snider, R. S. Hill, Walter Shoemaker and R. Grier Shoemaker. The improvements on this farm consist of a two story log weatherboarded house of eight rooms; summer house, bank barn 44x66 feet; large double wagon shed with corn crib; hog pen 42 feet long; smoke house; wood shed, and all other outbuildings found on a first class farm. About nine acres of good white oak timber on this farm. The land on this farm is in a high state of cultivation having all been limed twice within the past twelve years and is now producing fine crops.

At 2:30 p. m. on the same date—Farm and wood lot No. 2—containing 120 acres of land, more or less, situated in Adams County, Pa., and Carroll County, Md., lying between the Littlestown and Gettysburg roads, about one half mile from Harney, adjoining lands of William Fox, Earlinton Shriver, Jacob Stambaugh and others. The improvements on this farm consist of a two story eight room stone house; bank barn 42x66 feet; summer house; wagon shed; hog pen; 42 feet long, concrete floors throughout with corn crib attached; good well of water at the house and barn. The land has recently been limed and is in a high state of cultivation and produces fine crops.

Auctioneer William Smith.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1917

No. 3. Wood lot containing 6 acres of fine timber, of oak and pine, situated near Barlow. October 25th, 1917 at 1:00 o'clock, p. m. Farm No. 4—containing 165 acres, more or less, situated in Adams County, along the Mummaburg Pike, adjoining lands of C. E. Stable, Esq., Mr. Weaver and others, about four miles from Gettysburg. The improvements consist of a large bank barn 36x95, with slate roof; stone house with ten rooms; large shed; hog pen; hen house; corn crib; and other outbuildings. A never failing spring of water from which the water is pumped into an elevated reservoir eastern by wind pump. The land is in good state of cultivation of which there is an extra fine pasture meadow which is watered by a never failing stream of water. There is also about twelve acres of good white oak timber land.

Terms, a deposit of \$500.00 on day of sale. Further settlement arranged to suit purchaser.

MRS. MARGARET E. SNIDER
C. R. Thompson, Auctioneer.

Farm for sale or rent

Containing 80 Acres

situated in Adams County, Pa., about 10 miles from Gettysburg. The farm is well improved with a large stone house, barn, and other outbuildings. The land is in good state of cultivation and produces fine crops. For further particulars apply to Isaac Howe, Gettysburg, Pa.

ISAAC HOWE,
RES. GETTYSBURG, PA.

I will be in Gettysburg, Tuesday, October 23rd and 24th at Penrose Myers to examine eyes and fit glasses.

W. H. DINKLE,
Graduate of Optics.

RECORD OF LAFAYETTE ESCADRILLE ONE FOR AMERICANS TO REMEMBER

Famous Group of Airmen, Recently Transferred From Service Under the French Flag to the Stars and Stripes, Renders Invaluable Aid to the Allies on the Western Front—Deeds Will Live Long.

New York.—The transfer of the Lafayette Escadrille from service under the French flag to the Stars and Stripes recalls the record of the famous group of American airmen on the western front.

From an humble beginning the Escadrille has fought its way up to a point where it is recognized as rendering invaluable assistance to the efforts of the allies to defeat Germany. It started, to all purposes, shortly after the outbreak of war, when William Thaw II of Pittsburgh was in France for aviation purposes.

Thaw immediately volunteered his services to the French government and as a private in the infantry was allowed in the mud of the trenches for six months until the French authorities, realizing the importance of aviation as a war move, called for volunteers.

Thaw applied. He had already had considerable experience in aviation, having amazed society at Palm Beach and Newport with his mastery over airplanes, and his services were there accepted.

His lead was followed by others, until quite a number of American men of courage were enrolled in the French aviation section. The formation of the Lafayette Escadrille followed shortly after.

Young Thaw, for he had but reached his majority when the war broke out, was commissioned a lieutenant, and with his comrades quickly made the Escadrille a thing to be feared by the Hun airmen.

Gets Baptism of Fire.
On May 17, 1916, the American flotilla of the air took part in an expedition over the German lines for the first time as a unit. Bullets were spattered at them by the thousand from the German anti-aircraft guns, striking the tail piece and propeller of Lieutenant Thaw's machine. Corporal Victor Chapman's plane was also hit, but both managed to return behind the French lines in safety.

The second expedition took place two weeks later and while the American squadron was reconnoitering five of the American machines attacked 14 German aircraft, hoping to drive them behind the German lines. The Germans opened fire with machine guns and the Americans responded. The explosive bullets used by the Germans did great damage and soon two American machines were forced to the ground, one with a ripped gasoline tank and the other with a broken gun. Then two German machines were forced down by the fire of remaining American pilots. Corporal McConnell, who had two machine guns on his swift machine, did great execution with them, but finally after nine bullets had struck his machine he was forced to descend.

Such was the baptism of fire encountered by those Americans who risked expatriation because of their desire to fight. "Expatriation" is correct, inasmuch as when Thaw desired to visit his folks after a year at the front he traveled home on a French passport. The status of these men is as yet undecided, incidentally.

Exploits Attract Attention.
It was not long after the formation of the Escadrille that its members started to battle their way to a niche of recognition. One after another, they lived up to the ideals of America and "winged" Boche airmen and conducted successful expeditions back of the German trenches.

Nor was it long before the exploits of the American airmen attracted such attention that readers of American papers became accustomed to know what the name meant in the headlines and began to realize that, whatever the home authorities might be doing, some Americans were fighting alongside the French and British in a manner that brought naught but credit to the United States.

Thaw was the first to gain widespread attention. During the first of the raids of the Escadrille he was wounded in the arm, while attacking three German planes near Verdun. He had been out with the squadron for several hours and was waiting to learn by telephone that Germans had been signaled as coming toward France when the telephone operator got a report that three machines of the enemy were in sight.

Immediately four American airmen hurried to their machines with Thaw the first off. His plane quickly outdistanced the others and soon after he sighted a Fokker headed his way and not very far behind it two German machines. He was over German territory when he climbed up to attack, thinking it impossible for the enemy to aim at him without going into a steep dive. This advantage worked out to such purpose that he was able to get close to the German.

"I was so close," said Thaw at the time, "that I felt like calling to him to get out of the way before I pulled the trigger of the quick-firer. The fact that the gun jammed after a few shots did not prevent enough bullets from hitting him to send him below. I was so much interested in my combat that I forgot my comrades, but

when I was sure the Fokker was done for I looked around for them."

Thaw is Wounded.
Thaw's fellow-airmen weren't there, but two airplanes of the enemy were. "My quick-firer had stuck and as I had no other arms I got a little out of the enemy's way preparatory to arranging the gun. Unfortunately, I did not get far enough and when I was reaching for the quick-firer I got a bullet through my arm. I turned toward my lines and the bullets hit my little Niépport in several places. When one of the missiles struck my gasoline tank, tearing the bottom open, I shut off the motor and dived for the French trenches."

Thaw's first "big league" experience, so to speak, is cited simply as an indication of what the Americans forced themselves to do from the very first. They shirked no responsibility nor danger and battled their way to the thickest of the clashes between the German and French air forces, which became more and more frequent as the importance of aerial warfare increased.

Side by side with Thaw was Raoul Lufbery, who was the first American mentioned for bringing down five hostile planes. His case was rather unique, in that his parents died when very young and he was brought up by a family at Bourges. At thirteen he ran away from home, his tours finally bringing him in contact with the aviator, Maro Pourpe, who trained him to be his assistant.

Lufbery was of French nationality, but when he desired to enlist in the French army at the start of the war he was turned down because it was discovered he was an American. After many appeals he was allowed to go with Pourpe as his mechanic.

Lufbery Swears Vengeance.
Pourpe was killed soon afterward and Lufbery swore to avenge him. He implored his superiors to allow him to train as a pilot, and his request was finally granted and shortly after he received his pilot's certificate he was transferred to the American flying corps.

The fact that he was not talking idly when he swore to avenge his friend's death is shown by the fact that he is the premier "ace" of the Lafayette Escadrille. Now "winging" a machine behind the German lines means nothing, or rather not as much as bringing them down behind the French lines, because the latter is a much more difficult feat. To bring down five German planes in back of the French lines is the necessary requisite to be termed an "ace." Lufbery, who comes from New Haven, was the first American aviator to turn the trick.

So month by month as the Escadrille grew, with more and more Americans attracted to it by its exploits, the number of German planes destroyed by the American airmen grew in number. Very few weeks passed but what the Lafayette Escadrille was mentioned in the official French communiqués, and there are so many ordinary feats of bravery performed every day on the firing line that it requires something above the ordinary to break into official reports.

Thaw and then Lufbery were given medals of honor and several times cited for bravery. Others followed, the last being Sergeant Andrew Campbell, to whom official recognition came but last week, and who could safely be called a superman from his deeds of the past month or two.

Death Toll Heavy.
Naturally, the death toll was comparatively heavy. Among those who were rated as good fighters and who gave their life for France were Victor, Chapman, Norman Prince, James McConnell, Renold Hesker, Kenneth Rockwell and Edward Genet. Others, however, took their places. It being only a month or so ago that eight young Americans of prominent families left for the front for service. They were selected from one hundred applicants for the service.

Such is the brief record of the Lafayette Escadrille, an organization that has fought as Americans should. Its record will not be sunk in its transfer to General Pershing's forces, for sentiment on the part of both American and French army chiefs favor the retention of the distinctive name.

At present plans call for the commissioning of Lieutenant Thaw as a major, with present members of the squadron being named as captains and lieutenants, to take charge of American aviators who will shortly join Pershing's troops in France.

SPENDS ALL TO EASE SUFFERING

Red Cross Uses No Part of War Fund for Administration Expenses.

COST IS MET BY MEMBERS

Tenfold Increase in Staff Since Year Ago—Total War Fund Subscription Paid in Is More Than \$30,000,000.

Washington.—Although the American Red Cross has more than 700 salaried employees in its headquarters in Washington, and the cost of conducting its affairs reaches a very high figure each month, absolutely no money contributed to the war fund is used for administrative expenses, according to a statement issued by Henry P. Davidson, chairman of the war council.

Mr. Davidson announced that \$8,175,752 have been appropriated for actual war work by the war council up to July 31, 1917. The total war fund subscription paid in on August 1 amounted to \$30,087,116.13. Actual disbursements up to that date were \$2,872,598.64.

The cost of maintaining the office in Washington, it is explained, is met by members of the Red Cross. On July 27 there were 2,517,412 members, each of whom has contributed to the organization, thus making it possible for officials to carry on their work in an up-to-date business way. The statement issued says:

Marvelous Growth in Year.
"To handle the business of the Red Cross a year ago there were 75 employees at the Washington headquarters; today there are 700 paid employees and 61 full-time volunteers. Over 3,000 pieces of mail come into Red Cross headquarters every day, and each must receive attention.

"The full-time volunteer workers who are aiding in administering the affairs of the Red Cross during the war include the head of the largest copper company in the world, a bank president, a railroad vice president and numerous men of influence and prominence from all parts of the United States. The ability and enthusiasm which has been placed freely at the disposal of the Red Cross in this situation is one of the most remarkable features of this enterprise.

"Members of the war council and their staff assistants, together with many heads of departments created specially for war service, are serving without salary.

"In addition to the 61 volunteer officers or employees at headquarters giving their full time to the Red Cross without salary, the organization on July 15 had on its pay roll 43 officers or employees receiving salaries of \$2,000 or more a year. Of the 43, 14 have been added since the appointment of the war council on May 10, one with a salary of \$8,000, one at \$4,500, one at \$4,000, two at \$3,000, one at \$2,700, one at \$2,500, three between \$2,000 and \$2,400, and four at \$2,000.

Many Give Their Services.
"Aside from the officers and employees

receiving salaries of \$2,000 or above, all other paid employees at headquarters are clerks or messengers. Of the clerks 24 receive salaries in excess of \$100 a month, 88 are paid \$100 a month, and 607 are paid less than \$100 a month. Many employees receive only nominal salaries, whereas they are accustomed to earn much more. This service is their contribution to the Red Cross. All administrative and overhead expenses at headquarters are much more than met by dues from members of the Red Cross. Thus the war fund is and will continue to be available for actual relief work in Europe as well as in this country."

The statement says it is the earnest desire of the Red Cross that the American people, "to whom the Red Cross belongs, should know all about its acts and its affairs." Praise is given for the manner in which offerings have been made and it is noted that the task undertaken by the Red Cross to relieve suffering and distress is the most stupendous effort of the kind in the history of mankind.

"The accounts of the Red Cross," it is stated, "are regularly audited by the war department and an annual report is made to congress. But it is the purpose of the war council to take the people, day by day, as fully as possible into its confidence. Information as to Red Cross matters will accordingly be made public in great detail."

It is stated that the campaign for \$100,000,000 resulted in subscriptions of about that sum. Final returns are not yet available, it is said.

HAS BUNGALOW ON WHEELS

Wisconsin Couple Travel 4,750 Miles in House Mounted on Motor Car Chassis.

Marysville, Ore.—Traveling in a "home on wheels," Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Basel of Milton Junction, Wis., arrived here recently on their way home.

Mr. and Mrs. Basel are comfortably quartered in a neat little house built on a motor car chassis. The house is 6 by 6 by 13 feet, contains a cooking gallery, lavatory, table, chairs and bed. There are three windows on each side of the house and one in the rear. The house is built of basswood and covered with canvas. The floor is covered with rugs and the windows curtained. They have traveled 4,750 miles in their nomadic home.

BOY SURVIVES SNAKE BITE

California Lad Walks Fourteen Miles to His Home After Being Struck Him.

Oroville, Cal.—Willie Kirkpatrick, young son of Henry Kirkpatrick of Mountain House, was brought to the Oroville hospital the other day suffering from a rattlesnake bite. The boy was bitten on the index finger by a big rattler as he was scrambling over some rocks in the French creek canyon while on a fishing trip.

After being bitten by the rattler the boy had to walk 14 miles to his home, where a doctor was summoned, so that it was about fourteen hours after the accident before medical aid was given. Recently the lad was reported as doing well as could be expected, but that all danger from the poisoning was not past.

BUY A Liberty Bond—advertisement

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917
The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises the following real estate better known as the residence of the late Aaron Sheely, consisting of

A lot of ground situated on the south-eastern corner of West Middle and Washington Streets in the Borough of Gettysburg, having a frontage on West Middle Street, of sixty (60) feet, more or less, and a depth of ninety (90) feet, more or less, improved with a large two and one-half (2½) story brick dwelling house and barn.

At the same time, there will be sold, a large portion of the household goods of the late Aaron Sheely, including

1 Grandfather's clock; 1 small old fashioned clock; parlor and bed room furniture, several heaters; kitchen stove and utensils; dishes; carpets; bed-room furniture and other articles too numerous to mention.

The sale will be held at ten o'clock, sharp, when terms will be made known by

SARAH M. SHEELY, Executrix of the last will of Lucy A. Sheely, deceased.
James M. Caldwell, Auctioneer.

Public Sale OF REAL ESTATE

The undersigned will offer at public sale on
OCTOBER 26, 1917,
at 1:00

o'clock p. m. A double house numbers 302-304 West Middle street, with bath and conveniences. These houses have seven rooms each. This property location affords a pleasant view.

DR. E. P. WARREN.

Foulds' Funster—No. 16



What is the difference between the New York Subway and Foulds' Spaghetti? One is "some hole" and the other is wholesome.
\$100 in gold will be paid for the 20 best advertising copyments (35 each) received before December 15, 1917. Send to Foulds' Spaghetti Co., P. O. Box 100, Madison Square Station, New York City.
For variety of dishes use Foulds' Curry-Q (Elbow) Macaroni and Foulds' Egg Noodles. They are flavorful, firm, tender and appetizing. Clean just like Foulds' Spaghetti.
Free Cook Book on postcard request.

STILL MOUNTING

When The Times circulation passed the 3500 mark several weeks ago it felt that pretty nearly the outside limit of possibilities had been reached. But more than another hundred subscribers have been added since then, the 3600 mark has been passed, and daily the list is going upward toward another century figure.

Would you buy, would sell, would you employ help, would you find a lost article—would you wish to put any special matter before the people of this community. The Times will furnish you the medium with which to carry out your plans.

Try to find some one who doesn't read The Times every day and you will then see how completely Gettysburg and almost every section of Adams County is covered by this paper. Ask your friends if they read The Times and nineteen out of every twenty will promptly say "Yes, indeed".

You can tell all what you have to offer, or what you want, through its columns at a trifling cost—be it as a little local or a display advertisement. Our columns are at your service, and, if you want to use them, you can quickly do it knowing that

THE TIMES GETS RESULTS

73 DRAFTED OUT OF 120

Wisconsin Village Furnishes Largest Quota in Accordance With Its Population.

Cumberland, Wis.—In accordance with population this village probably will furnish the largest quota for the new national army of any single community in the state, if not the nation. Out of a total population of 2,000, 120 were registered, of which 73 were among the first to be drawn in the great human lottery.

Much Troubled.
Mrs. A.—"Are you troubled much in your neighborhood with borrowing?"
Mrs. B.—"Yes, a good deal. My neighbors never seem to have anything I want."

Wanted to Buy Sure.
Wiley—"Toll, don't, I wish you'd taste this milk and see if it's perfect or not. If it's the best I've seen I won't give a drop of it to poor little Ed."

G. W. WEAVER & SON G. W. WEAVER & SON

THE LEADERS

Wooltex Styles More Popular Than Ever

More people appreciate the **STYLE** and **QUALITY**—The **TAILORING**—The **LINING**—The **GUARANTEE** that goes with every **WOOLTEX SUIT** and **COAT** than ever before, which is shown by increased Sales and Satisfied Customers.

Many of the handsomest coats and suits you see on our streets, in your church, at your afternoon receptions—are Wooltex creations.

A **WOOLTEX SUIT OR COAT** "shows its raising" wherever you see it—over the back of a seat in church or theatre or any where—Tailoring irreproachable whether on the outside or inside or the in-between; well bred, alert style that satisfies and lasts—these are the qualities that **COUNT**.

While our stock is not all Wooltex—we gauge values and styles by the Wooltex lines.

Our present stock is of unusual Style and Price range.

Coats and Suits at almost any price you wish to pay.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

Wilson A. Beamer, Menallen township.
H. W. Liversberger, Sillick Farm, Butler township.
D. B. Wineman (Shank Farm) Seven Stars, Pa.
Curtis Herring, Highland township, R1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Edward Redding, (Formerly P. L. Houck Farm) Straban Twp. R9, Gbg.
C. F. Redding, (Formerly Springs Hotel Farm) R5, Gbg., Cumb'd Twp.
John E. Plank, (John W. Meals Farm) Straban Twp., R10, Gettysburg.
M. S. Kimmel, R7, Gettysburg, Pa., Straban Township.
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.
Chas. H. Essick and Sister, Butler Township, R5, Gettysburg.
S. F. Bushman, R1, McKnightstown, Franklin township.
W. M. Kint & Son, Franklin Township, R5, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. L. Bigham, R4, Gettysburg, Freedom township.
Mrs. John Hughes, Cumberland Township.
Mrs. Addie M. Sprengle, Hamiltonian Township, R1, Iron Springs.
James Boyd, Franklin Township (J. L. Butt Farm).
E. Shindeldecker, R4, Gettysburg, Cumberland Township.
Christian Guise, Butler Township, R6, Gettysburg, Pa.
Jacob F. Peters, Tyrone Township, Aspers, Pa.
Deardorff Brothers, Franklin Township, Cashtown.
Mark C. Pepple, Franklin Township, Orrtanna, Pa.
C. S. Rice, Arendtsville, Pa.
John D. Eckert, R8, Gettysburg, Pa.
C. J. Rauscher, Butler township, R1, Aspers.
Emanuel Plank, Highland Township, R4, Gettysburg, Pa.
O. B. Sharetis, Cumberland Twp. Gettysburg R2.
I. L. Deardorff, Franklin Twp., McKnightstown, Pa.
Mrs. C. E. Goldsboro, Straban Township, Hunterstown.
Simon F. Hunt, Menallen Township, Biglerville, Pa.
Mrs. Sallie R. Elersole, R6, Gettysburg, Pa., Butler Township.
Reuben Kepner, Copper Co's. Land, Hamiltonian Twp., R1 Iron Springs.
A. S. Whisler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R9, Gettysburg, Pa.
Mrs. Geo. Stock (Max Yingling tenant) R9, Gettysburg, Pa.
A. A. Beamer, Menallen Township.
Eicholtz Brothers, Menallen & Franklin Townships, Biglerville, Pa.
Dorsey W. Eckert, (Harry Trostle Farm) R8, Gettysburg.
G. M. W. Orchard Co. (Parker Koontz tenant) Menallen Township.
W. S. Flook, Table Rock, Pa.
William Coshun, Straban Township, R8, Gettysburg, Pa.
Luther Rice, Arendtsville.
Harley V. Wagner, Straban Township, R10, Gettysburg, Pa.
John H. Brown & Son, Cumberland Township.
E. C. Williams, Mt. Joy Township, R1 Gettysburg, Pa.
A. Walter Toot, R5, Gettysburg, Pa., Franklin Township.
Mervin Topper, (McIlhenry Farm), Straban Township, R7, Gettysburg.
J. J. Redding, R3 Gettysburg, Pa., Cumberland Township.
John Moose, Butler Township, Biglerville, Pa.
George W. Wirt, Butler Township, R7 Gettysburg.
William Beidler, Mount Joy Township.
Wm. J. Stover (Wisler & Johnson Farm), Franklin Township.
Albert Hollinger, Cumberland Township.
J. C. Derr, R4, Gettysburg, Cumberland Township, (McPherson Farm).
Mrs. Matilda Codori (Frank Redding Tenant) Cumberland Township.
Samuel Vaughn, Cumberland Township, R3, Gettysburg, Pa.
Ralph Beamer, (Noah Beamer Farm) Menallen township R1, Biglerville.
C. J. Toot, Cumberland Township, (Walter Moritz tenant).
Harry D. Doucherty, R2, Gettysburg, Cumberland Township.
H. A. Scott, R4, Gettysburg, Freedom Township.
J. Luther Scott farms, R. D. Gettysburg.
Geo. W. Wolf, Route 3, Gettysburg.
Additional names 50 cents for the entire season.

PUBLIC SALE

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1917

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence in Straban township, on the John W. Meals farm, three miles west of Gettysburg, and one mile from Good Intent School, midway between Hunters-town and the Carlisle Road, the following:

TWO HEAD OF HORSES

Bay mare, seven years old, a fine lead mare, and fearless of all road objects; sorrel mare, four years old, bred to March's jack, will work wherever hitched, fearless of all road objects, and a fine driver.

TWELVE HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of some fresh cows and close springers. Two stock bulls weighing between 300 and 600 pounds. One fat full weighing 1000 pounds. Nanny goat.

HOGS

Two brood sows, one has six pigs and the other seven. Some shoats.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Two or three horse wagon, with homemade bed, fourteen and one half feet long, capacity eighty bushels of corn; four horse wagon; set new hay ladders, eighteen feet long; good spring wagon; trotting buggy; two seated runabout; lever spring tooth harrow; wooden frame harrow; good land roller; two Oliver chilled plows, No. 40; new single row corn planter; No. 99 Syracuse plow; sulkey plows; chopping mill; two milk cans, the one a capacity of forty pounds and the other seventy five pounds, both good as new; good dinner bell.

HARNESS

Two sets of front gears; plow line; collars; bridles and halters; set of harness; single trees; breast chains; cow chains; log chains; good wagon jack; and many other articles not mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1:00 o'clock sharp. TERMS: A credit of six months will be given or two per cent off for cash. All sums under \$5.00 cash.

JOHN E. PLANK

James Caldwell, Auctioneer.
Bream, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Lucy A. Sheely, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Pennsylvania, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary under the last will and testament of the above named decedent have been granted by the Register of Wills of Adams County, unto the undersigned.

All persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same and all persons indebted to the said decedent are requested to make payment without delay to.

SARAH M. SHEELY, Executor.
Cor. Middle and Washington Sts., Gettysburg, Penna.
Or her attorney:
John D. Keith, Esq.,
First National Bank Building,
Gettysburg, Penna.

A Youthful Philosopher

By F. A. MITCHEL

"Will, I have decided to break our engagement."
"What have I done to?"
"You have done nothing. My decision arises simply from worldly wisdom. You have no income except what you earn in the way of salary. In case you lose that we will be beggars."

"How do you know that this is worldly wisdom? How do you know but that my marriage with the girl I love will prove a stimulus which will lead to fortune?"

"I don't, but I know that a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

"Who is the bird in the hand?"
"No one. I am simply breaking with you on account of lack of provision for marriage, not that I have a more advantageous offer."

"You will not lack for offers."

"Nevertheless my heart is yours."

"Well, Lucy, I commend this worldly wisdom of yours, though it comes from a girl barely eighteen years old. There seems nothing for me to do but to accede to it. To attempt to force myself upon you under the circumstances would be to drag you down to my level when by marrying a man of means you might rise to his level. This I am unwilling to do. Moreover, I suppose we must get romance out of our heads."

"Out of our hearts, you mean."

"Out of our hearts. You will become one with the man you marry; I will become one with the girl I marry, and—"

"Soon forget me in her."

The tone in which this was spoken was not philosophical; it was regretful.

"That's the natural outcome of such cases."

He put out his hand to say goodbye. She took it, with a sigh. He bent forward and kissed her; then, with simply a goodbye, to which there was no response, he took his departure.

A week later he received a note from her to say that there should be an exchange of letters between them. If he would call with hers she would have his ready for him. When he appeared he wore an officer's uniform.

"You are not going to sacrifice yourself in this horrible war?" she said.

"I'm going to fight on the side of the allies and the United States."

"They say that of three men who go to the war only one returns."

"That may be, but it is my duty to go."

"Why is it your duty to go to the war?"

"Because I am an able-bodied young man. It is the duty of all such to respond to their country's call."

There was a silence between them for some minutes, at the end of which she said:

"By this act you have widened the breach between us."

"I did not suppose there was a breach between us. I thought that you did not wish to incur the responsibilities of matrimony without a permanent income."

"Yes, and now you are going where there are two chances in three of your being killed."

"In the one case it is a matter of choice. In the other a case of duty."

"When do you go abroad?" she asked mournfully.

"Tomorrow afternoon about 4 o'clock. I suppose. But you must not say anything to any one about our sailing. Nobody in America is to know it. The departure of our troops is only known to the higher officers."

Seeing a package of letters on a table, he took it up and left another package in its place. Then he said goodbye and was leaving when she laid a hand on his arm. He turned. She was looking at him wistfully.

"I thought we had said goodbye," he said.

"She made no reply, but there was the same wistful look. He kissed her."

"Your eighteen-year-old philosophy is not working well. You need to brace up," he said. Then he departed.

The next morning she appeared at the barracks where his regiment was housed and asked for him. An orderly was sent to find him, and presently he came.

"Well, I can't stand this. Since you are going to France to be killed I want to be your wife."

He regarded her with a melancholy seriousness.

"You are taking upon yourself a great disadvantage. Better follow your philosophy. If you do, ten years from now you will be a happy wife and mother. If you tie yourself to me—"

"I'm going to tie myself to you."

"There is no obligation, there is no duty."

"I care nothing about my duty. You and I are one, and even the war fend cannot separate us."

He caught her in his arms and when he released her called in a stentorian voice:

"Orderly, go find the regimental chaplain and ask him to come here at once."

The chaplain came, and the two who had already been one in heart were made one in law. A few hours later when the regiment marched to the ship that was to bear it to France, attended by mothers, sisters, wives and sweethearts, these two, a bride and groom, walked hand in hand.

"What an inglorious ending of your eighteen-year-old philosophy!" remarked the groom. "Nevertheless it was true wisdom."

"It was true nonsense," replied the bride.

Deer's "Velvet" Horns.

A deer's new horns are called "velvet" because they grow inside of a tough skin which is coarse and brown, like plush. For a long time he will not thrash his horns in the brush.

PUBLIC SALE

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1917

The undersigned intending to quit the dairy business will offer at his residence in Fairfield the following personal property:

FIFTEEN HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of twelve milk cows, all close springers, five Holsteins, balance Guernseys and short horns. Two fine Holstein heifers, and one Holstein bull, that will be two years old in February, weighing about 1100 pounds. These Holsteins are practically all eligible to registry.

THIRTY HEAD OF SHOATS

Weighing from 35 to 40 pounds each. One fine brood sow, with nine pigs, will be four weeks old by day of sale.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

One V. Bar McCormick mower, good as new; No. 501 Syracuse plow; two corn drags; double shovel plow; sprayer on truck; buggy; milk wagon in good condition, can be used for mail wagon; new corn sheller; iron pig trough; cutting box; 25 feet of hose, practically new; milk trough; cellar pump; ash sifter; three wagon umbrellas; gasoline tank; five-sixteen quart wooden buckets.

Radiator; stove pipe; four large milk cans, with spickets; milk buckets; eight-four quart buckets; two cream cans; crocks; jars; No. 12 De Laval separator, in good order; two mattresses; pillows, cushions; curtains; piano scarf; curtain poles; window shades; window screens; hall rack; umbrella stand; ice box; two tabourettes; stove mats; two graphophone record cases; seventy five records, good as new; Regina music box, only used a short time, with twenty five records; awning canvas; high chair and rocker; hobby horse; towel racks; picture frames; stand; looking glass; ten foot extension table; three rocking chairs; two kitchen tables; wall brackets; organ stool; cupboard; trunk; flower stand, all wire; churn; lot of dishes and glass ware; lamps; large parlor lamp; lot of matting; twenty five yards ingrain carpet; jute carpet; five yards of velvet carpet; twenty four brass stair rods; pair No. 10 ice skates; roller skates; large palm, fourteen years old; ferns; potatoes by the bushel; other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1:00 o'clock sharp. Terms: a credit of five months will be given on sums of \$5.00, and over. Three per cent off for cash.

Further terms on day of sale by J. QUINCY JACOBS.

James Caldwell, Auctioneer.
A. J. Spangler, Clerk.

FALL CLOTHES For MEN and YOUNG MEN

Young Men will find in our New Fall Suits; Over-Coats and Mackinaws complete satisfaction of their Clothes requirements.

Full lines of Fall Shoes for Men; Women and Children.

Underwear for Men and Boys in two piece and Union suits for Fall and Winter.

Sweaters for Men; Boys and Children

O. H. LESTZ,

The Home of Good Clothes.

Corner Square and Carlisle Street.

(Medical Advertising)

PUBLIC SALE

REAL ESTATE IN BENDERSVILLE SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1917.

The undersigned will offer for sale on the premises, the following real estate, better known as the residence of the late S. H. Sweigart, consisting of a lot of ground on Main street, in the Borough of Bendersville, improved with a 2 story frame and stone dwelling, 8 rooms and bath room, double cellar, with cement floors, stable and garage, chicken house, shop, etc.

This property is in fine condition. A new slate roof just put on the house and all other buildings recently re-roofed, and everything repaired.

Sale will be held at 2 o'clock, when terms will be made known by ELIZABETH SWEIGART.

(Medical Advertising)

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR STOMACH

If you are not able to digest your food, if you lack an appetite, if your stomach is sour, gassy, upset, your tongue coated, your head aches and you are dizzy and have heartburn, use Mi-o-na at once, the first dose brings sure, safe and effective relief.

Buy now—today a box. For sale by People's Drug Store.

TIRED, NERVOUS HOUSEWIFE TOOK VINOL

Now She is Strong and Well

Berkeley, Cal.—"I was nervous, irritable, no appetite, could not sleep, and was always tired, so my housework was a great effort. After many other medicines had failed Vinol built me up and made me strong. I have a good appetite and sleep well. Every nervous, weak, ailing woman should try it."—Mrs. N. Edmunds, 2107 Dwight Way, Berkeley, Cal.

We ask every nervous, weak, run-down, ailing woman in this town to try this cod liver and iron tonic on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to help them.

"People's Drug Store, C. Wm. Beales, Propr., Gettysburg, and at the best drug store in every town and city in the country."

Women's Coats and Suits

Our already large stock has been further increased by another large shipment of the popular and accepted Printzess styles.

Gettysburg has seldom, if ever, had the opportunity of selection from as varied and fine an assortment of Coats, Suits, and Dresses as we have provided for this season. They are guaranteed to be the very last word in the Autumn and Winter styles, and the woman who wears these garments can rest assured that she is properly garbed.

LET US SUPPLY YOUR OUTFIT

The particular woman can get everything she needs for her winter wardrobe right in our store, not even excepting the jewelry that goes with it. Children's Coats, Suits, and Dresses too, and all in the very latest fashion.

FURS

Our assortment of neckpieces, sets, and scarfs has been a great delight to the many who have seen them. The line is a large one, with quality and prices to suit every taste and pocket book.

WAISTS

Of those dainty materials now so dear to every woman's heart. Crepe-de-chine, Georgette, Voile, and other accepted materials.

UNDERGARMENTS

Here too our stock will suit the most fastidious. Ask our clerks to show them to you.

FUNKHOUSER'S

"THE HOME OF FINE CLOTHES".

Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG.

"Strenua Inertia." Horace speaks of this state of mind which we call nervousness and which we consider peculiar to ourselves, and describes it by felicitous image as "strenua inertia"—strenuous inertia—agitation, vain and ineffective, always wanting something new, not really knowing what, desiring most ardently yet speedily tiring of a desire gratified.—Ferreiro.

Musical Note.

A London electrician has invented a safe that is unlocked by a tuning fork, the vibrations of which cause a wire within the safe to vibrate in harmony with them and operate the mechanism electrically.

Very important.

They say that everything one learns in youth helps one in maturity, and while you wouldn't think at first blush that it would do a college girl so very much good to learn to high-jump 5 feet 2 inches, on sober second thought we suppose it gives her a distinct advantage over her less highly trained sisters when the mice come around in after life.—Ohio State Journal.

She Paved the Way.

"How did you get when you asked him for my hand?" "Very gentle and courteous. It took me completely by surprise." "I told him you used to be a."

HOW TO ADDRESS BOYS IN KHAKI

Directions for Sending Mail to Men in Service of United States.

WHERE CAMPS ARE LOCATED

Distribution of Men in the National Guard and the National Army by States—Officers' Training Camp.

Washington—Mail for soldiers or prospective officers in training should be addressed as follows:

JOHN SMITH, Company X, — Regiment, American Expeditionary Forces.

JOHN SMITH, Company X, R. O. T. C. (Camp in which training) (Town and state; location camp)

JOHN SMITH, Company X, — Regiment, (Name N. G. Concentration Camp) (Town and State).

JOHN SMITH, Company X, — Regiment, (Name N. A. Concentration Camp) (Town and State).

Mail for the expeditionary forces will be forwarded by the government with the above address, which will be all that is required in view of the enforced policy of maintaining the secrecy of the camp location in France.

The parentheses above denoted may be filled in by the following schedule:

NATIONAL ARMY CONCENTRATION CAMPS. ADDRESS AND TROOPS AT STATION.

Northeastern Department.

Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

First Division—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Eastern Department.

Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md. Fourth Division—Southern Pennsylvania.

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va. Fifth Division—New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J. Third Division—New York State, Northern Pennsylvania.

Camp Upton, Yaphank (L. I.), N. Y. Second Division—Metropolitan District of New York.

Southeastern Department.

Camp Gordon, Chamblee, Ga. (near Atlanta).

Seventh Division—Georgia, Alabama, Florida.

Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C. Sixth Division—Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina.

Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark. Twelfth Division—Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi.

Central Department.

Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich. Tenth Division—Michigan, Wisconsin.

Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio. Eighth Division—Ohio, West Virginia.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa. Thirteenth Division—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota.

Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Ninth Division—Indiana, Kentucky.

Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan. Fourteenth Division—Kansas, Missouri, Colorado.

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill. Eleventh Division—Illinois.

Southern Department.

Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Fifteenth Division—Texas, Arizona, New Mexico.

Western Department.

Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash. Sixteenth Division—Washington, Montana, Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, California, Nevada, Utah.

NATIONAL GUARD CONCENTRATION CAMPS ADDRESS AND TROOPS AT STATION.

Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La. Eighteenth Division—Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas.

Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala. Eighth Division—New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia.

Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga. Seventh Division—Pennsylvania.

Camp Green, Charlotte, N. C. Fifth Division—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island.

Camp Cody, Deming, N. M. Thirteenth Division—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

When eggs grow cheap, we'll surely make a cake. Some happy afternoon for early tea. And what a joyful thrill 'twill give to know That we may use two eggs, or even three.

—Harriet W. Simmonds.

SOMETHING TO EAT.

We have been instructed in several languages this year to use cornmeal and save white flour, which we are all willing to do; here's hoping we do not run out of cornmeal.

Corncake.—Sift together one cupful of four, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a half-teaspoonful of salt. Beat one egg and one egg yolk; add three-fourths of a cupful of milk and stir into the dry ingredients with three tablespoonfuls of melted butter.

Pumpkin Pie (New).—Beat two eggs, add two cupfuls of strained pumpkin, one-fourth of a cupful of orange marmalade, chopped fine, a little salt, a cupful of cream and a cupful of milk; mix and bake in a large pie plate lined with crust. Bake one hour.

Deviled Rabbit.—Melt half a table-spoonful of butter in a chafin dish or a double boiler; add half a pound of common cheese cut thin and stir constantly until it is melted; add one-fourth of a table-spoonful of salt, half a table-spoonful of paprika, one table-spoonful of piccali or mixed mustard pickle finely chopped, one table-spoonful of Worcestershire sauce and the yolks of two eggs beaten and mixed with half a cupful of cream; stir constantly and cook over boiling water until smooth and thick. Serve at once for luncheon or supper on hot crackers or bread toasted on one side.

Tango Salad.—Peel and halve and core ripe, juicy pears, and if desired, cut the halves in thin slices without cutting quite through. Rub them with the cut side of a lemon, set a ball of cream cheese or a few cubes of Roquefort in the cavity, set these on heart leaves of lettuce and pour over a dressing made as follows: Beat a bunch of a cupful of olive oil with a teaspoonful of vinegar, salt and mustard, half a teaspoonful of paprika, and one-fourth of a cupful of chili sauce, until well blended; then beat into a cupful of mayonnaise.

ARMY BALLOON SCHOOL. Fort Omaha, Neb. (P. O., Tel. and Exp., Omaha, Neb.).

SQUIRRELS HAVE WAR CROP

When Green Peanuts Were Given Them in Madison They Planted Them.

Madison, Wis.—The squirrels in the capital park evidently knew it was necessary to grow a war crop this year. Last spring someone gave the squirrels green peanuts—not the fine, hot-roasted peanuts they like. Did they eat them? Not on your life.

They had been listening to all that flood of oratory that came from the open legislative windows about the necessity of a large war crop; how people might starve for lack of food, and the like. So they planted those green peanuts.

Now Superintendent of Public Property M. F. Blumenfeld is exhibiting the fine crop of peanuts grown in the Capitol park from nuts planted by the squirrels.

IS YOUR BOY NOW SERVING UNCLE SAM?

If he is, you can send him a daily letter from home. And you can do it for 25 CENTS A MONTH, if he is still in this country. The TIMES will make him happy six times a week, and we will change his address just as often as you wish, whenever he is sent from one camp to another, if you will notify us. His home paper will be a joy and comfort to him, and a gift he will appreciate above anything else you could give him. We are already sending many of them the paper. Let us add your boy to the list.

NEED MAXWELL

(Medical Advertising)

HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—no good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

Call British Tanks "Willies."

During the summer of 1916 an enemy agent, trying to tap the wires in England might have been mystified to pick up such messages as: "Twelve Willies reach you today," or "Send tails for six females," writes Col. E. D. Swinton in the World's Work.

"Willie," a pet cognomen adopted as suitable for the telephone and obviating the use of a code for telegrams, was suggested by the fact that the first experimental "Landship" completed, though equally malevolent, was smaller and less powerful for evil than its immediate successor, eventually the type adopted.

When the two creatures were together they gave the ludicrous impression of being child and parent of a mischievous and evil brood. Hence, naturally, "Little Willies" and "Big Willies." The "Big Willies" were also somewhat unbiologically classified as males and females, according to their armament. Incidentally, to help to conceal the destination of the tanks at the time when any illusion as to their purpose was precluded, they were painted with the inscription, "With Care, To Petrograd," in large Russian characters.

England's Need. Howard D. Carter, who is standardizing the American airplane, said to a correspondent: "Standardization is the modern efficiency method. The Germans have standardized their machine, England is a great country, but England needs standardization."

"When an Englishman wants to say that a check is 'for deposit only' he doesn't write that on it. No, that isn't the English way. He writes 'K. Co.'"

"A Cambridge professor once explained to me some of the terms used at the great English university. 'He said that term means three-quarters of a term. May week' is the first two weeks in June. 'General admission day' is the day everybody leaves. An 'ordinary degree' is one obtained by a special examination, and an 'arts inspector' is an arts student."

Lines to Be Remembered. The great man is he who does not lose his child's heart.—Menckens.

Business Came First.

Some time ago two Chinese generals had planned a battle in the Chengtu plain, writes Owen Williams in the Christian Herald. It was within a few days of the rice harvest. The people petitioned the generals to call off their battle until the rice was harvested, and they did so. Then they went on with the fighting. But the days of such common sense are passing. Militarism is coming to demand more respect than that.

Courage. Tenacity of will, or willfulness, lies at the root of all courage, for courage can rise into true manliness only when the will is surrendered, and the more absolute the surrender of the will the more perfect will be the temper of our courage and the strength of our manliness.—Exchange.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

Wheat \$2.00
Rye \$1.40
Oats \$1.60

Wheat \$2.15
White Middlings \$3.15
Baled Straw .75
Timothy Hay \$1.10
Plaster \$9.00
Cement \$2.00
Home Flour \$10.00
Western Flour \$14.00
Coarse Spring Bran \$2.00
Hand Packed Bran \$2.00
Green cross Feed \$2.75
Holly Poultry Mash \$3.00
Schmacker \$2.75
Shell Corn \$2.00
Ear Corn \$2.00
Corn and Oats Chops \$2.85
Home Oats .75
Western Oats .90
New Oxford Dairy Feed \$2.65
Succrease \$2.20
Cotton Seed Meal \$2.75

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Cotton Seed Meal \$2.75

Wheat \$2.15
White Middlings \$3.15
Baled Straw .75
Timothy Hay \$1.10
Plaster \$9.00
Cement \$2.00
Home Flour \$10.00
Western Flour \$14.00
Coarse Spring Bran \$2.00
Hand Packed Bran \$2.00
Green cross Feed \$2.75
Holly Poultry Mash \$3.00
Schmacker \$2.75
Shell Corn \$2.00
Ear Corn \$2.00
Corn and Oats Chops \$2.85
Home Oats .75
Western Oats .90
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Cotton Seed Meal \$2.75

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